# PONDICHERRY UNIVERSITY Puducherry



# Regulations and Syllabus Bachelor of Science (Dialysis Technology)

B.Sc. (DT)

2022-2023

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#### **Bachelor of Science in Dialysis Technology**

#### I. Aim:

The aim of the undergraduate Dialysis Technology Program is to generate competent Dialysis Technologist who are completely efficient in making a significant impact in the life of someone suffering from renal failure.

#### II. Objectives:

On completion of Bachelor of Science in Dialysis Technology Program the graduates will be able to:

- learn about the common diseases causing kidney failure and the clinical manifestations.
- learn about the commonly used investigations for patients with kidney diseases.
- acquire theoretical knowledge on various forms of dialysis.
- gain knowledge on equipment used for dialysis.
- identify the temporary and permanent Arterio-Venous access (AVF/AVG) and complications of cannulation techniques and management.
- gain knowledge on indications, contraindications and complications of the procedures.
- perform hemodialysis, peritoneal dialysis, continuous renal replacement therapies and plasmapheresis.
- manage the circuits alarms, RO water preparation and distribution, dialyzer membrane and tubing, dialysate preparations.
- communicate effectively with patients and their relatives.
- maintain good relationship with professional colleagues.

#### **III. Program Outcome:**

 At the end of the program the graduates are able to perform hemodialysis, continuous renal replacement therapies and plasmapheresis, handle equipment, machines used for dialysis and water treatment plant and function as a dialysis technician to provide comprehensive care to the patients undergoing dialysis at various health care settings.

#### IV. Regulations

#### 1. Eligibility for Admission

- The admission is based on the CENTAC process. The reservation and other process in as per the Govt norms from time to time. Candidates should have completed a minimum of 17 years of age as on 31<sup>st</sup> December of the year of admission. The upper age limit is 25 years. (Relaxation up to 5 years for SC/ST candidate and up to 3 years for MBC/OBC candidates.)
- Candidates should have a pass in the Higher Secondary Examination conducted by Board
  of Higher Secondary Examination of Tamil Nadu, or any other equivalent examination
  accepted by the University, there to with a minimum of 50% marks (40% for SC, ST, MBC,
  OBC the candidates) in aggregate of the Science subjects (Physics, Chemistry, Biology/
  Botany & Zoology) and should have English as one of the subjects.
- Candidate shall be medically fit to undergo the Dialysis Technology program.
- **For Lateral entry:** Diploma in Dialysis Technology courses approved by the Government after completing 12<sup>th</sup> Class / 10 +2 of CBSE or equivalent with minimum aggregate of 50% marks in Physics, Chemistry and Biology provided the candidate has passed in each subject separately. The age limit is 35 years. The Government service candidates will be exempted if approved by the committee or the Government.
- **Provision of lateral entry:** lateral entry to second year for B.Sc Dialysis Technology program for candidates who have passed diploma program in Dialysis Technology from the Government Boards and recognized by State / Central University, full filling the conditions specified and these students are eligible to take admission on lateral entry system only if the same subject have been studies at 10+2 scheme and diploma level. The admission process is as per the Government rule and regulations from time to time. Students to be admitted under lateral entry shall be 10% over and above the sanctioned intake.
- The lateral entry candidates have the direct entry into the second year (i.e from III semester) are exempted from the I year (Semester I and II) curriculum. For the grant of the university degree the lateral entry candidate have to complete the semester III to semester VI, and the internship compulsory and mandatory.

#### 2. Duration of the Program

• The duration of the program shall be *Three years / Lateral entry two years* of full-time study and *One year* of compulsory rotatory internship.

#### 3. Medium of Instruction

• English shall be the medium of instruction for all the subjects of study and for the examinations of the program.

#### 4. Program detail

- The program structure is shown in Table I.
- The detailed syllabus in respect of the program is appended to this regulation.

#### 5. Attendance required for appearing examination

- Examination will be conducted in both theory and practical, as prescribed.
- Candidate will be permitted to appear for the University Examination in the subject only if they secure not less than 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in each subject of that semester.
- Condonation of shortage of attendance in aggregate upto 10% in each semester may be granted by the College Academic Committee and as per regulations of University. For Students internship offered during VII and VIII semesters, 100% attendance is compulsory. However, the students may be condoned upto 15%, under extraordinary situation, by the Dean based on the genuineness of the case upon the recommendation of the concern program teaching and Head of the Department.
- The students failing to attend classes/examinations on non-official ground will be treated as absent. Student deputed for Sports, Cultural Meets, etc with prior permission of Principal / Dean of the College shall be given attendance for the period of absent.

#### 6. Internal Assessment

- Internal assessment will be done in each subject of study and the marks will be awarded to the candidates as detailed in the scheme of examinations.
- The marks awarded will be on the basis of candidate's performance in the assignments, class tests, laboratory work, preparation and presentation of seminars and clinical cases.
- The marks secured by the candidate during each semester in each subject shall be forwarded to the University at the end of the semester, i.e., before the commencement of the written examination.

#### 7. Examinations

- The University Examinations will be conducted in semester pattern for all the three years, each year consisting of two semesters.
- The particulars of subjects for various examinations and distribution of marks are shown separately in the Table II & III.
- The examination for the main subjects will be conducted by the University and for the non-examination subjects by the college.
- The maximum number of candidates for practical examination should not exceed 20 per day.
- One internal and one external examiner should jointly conduct practical examination for each student.
- An examiner should not be below the rank of an Assistant Professor or Tutor/Demonstrator.

#### 8. Passing minimum

• Candidate has to pass separately in theory + Viva voce and Practical by getting a minimum of 50% marks in combined internal assessment and University examination. A candidate should secure 50% of the marks in theory and 50% in practical (wherever prescribed)

- If a candidate fails in either theory or practical, he/she has to re-appear for both theory and practical.
- A candidate should secure 50% of total marks in the test conducted by the college for the non-examination subject.

#### 9. Procedure for passing the program

 The maximum period to complete the program successfully should not exceed a period of eight years.

#### 10. Internship

- There shall be a compulsory full-time rotatory internship after the candidate having passed all the subjects prescribed in the scheme of examination.
- The internship should be done for a period of one year, in an Institution/ Hospital approved.
- No candidate shall be eligible for the award of the degree without successfully completing one-year internship.

#### **Desirable:**

- A Research study to be done and submit the report before the one year of Internship.
- One or more value added courses (like Swayam) during final year or Internship.

#### 11. Eligibility for award of degree

The candidates shall be eligible for the *Degree of Bachelor of Dialysis Technology / lateral entry* when they have undergone the prescribed program of study for a *period of three years / two years* (for lateral entry) in an institution approved by the University and *have passed the prescribed examinations in all subjects* and *have completed a compulsory internship over a period of one year* in an approved institution.

#### 12. Declaration of class

- A successful candidate obtaining 75% and more marks in the grand total aggregate in the *First attempt* shall be declared to have passed these subjects with **Distinction**.
- A successful candidate obtaining 60% and more but less than 74.9% marks in the grand total aggregate in the *First attempt* shall be declared to have passed with *First Class*.
- A successful candidate obtaining 50% and more but less than 59.9% marks in the grand total aggregate in the *First attempt* and the candidate who passed with more than one attempt irrespective of the percentage of marks secured shall be declared to have passed these subjects with **Second Class**.
- Ranks shall be declared on the basis of the aggregate marks obtained by a candidate in the University examination subjects of the program.
- Only those candidates who *have passed all the subjects in all examinations in the First attempt* shall be eligible for the **Award of rank**.

# V. Program Structure – Dialysis Technology Table I

Theory Practice					Practical	Clinical	Total
Year Sem S.No		S.No	Subject	Hrs	Hrs	Hrs	Hrs
		1.	Anatomy	60	30		90
		2.	Physiology	60	30		90
		3.	Biochemistry	60	30		90
	I Sem	C 1	Communication and soft skills	60			60
			Library/Co-curricular	30			30
			Clinical Hours			140	140
			Total Hours	270	90	140	500
I Year		4.	Pathology	60	30		90
		5.	Microbiology	60	30		90
		C 2	Computer Application	30	30		60
	II Sem	C 3	First Aid	30	30		60
	II Sem		Library/Co-curricular	30			30
			Clinical Hours			270	270
			Total Hours	210	120	270	600
		_	I Year Overall Total	480	210	410	1100
		6.	Basic Concepts of Renal Diseases	60		300	360
		7.	Applied Pathology	60	30		90
	III	8	Applied Microbiology	60	30		90
	Sem	C 4	Sociology	30			30
			Library/Co-curricular	30	00	200	30
		9.	Total Hours Pharmacology	<b>240</b> 60	<b>90</b> 30	300	<b>600</b> 90
II Year			Basics of Renal Dialysis Technology			220	420
		10. C 5	, ,,	60 30	30	330	30
	IV		Biomedical Waste Management				
	Sem	C 6	Environmental Science	30			30
			Library/Co-curricular	30	60	220	30
			Total Hours II Year Overall Total	210	60 120	330	600
		1.1		450	120	630	1200
		11	Applied Dialysis Technology - I	60		240	300
	TI C	12	Advance Dialysis Technology - I	60		180	240
	V Sem	C 7	Medical Ethics	30			30
			Library/Co-curricular	30		46.5	30
		10	Total Hours	180		420	600
III year		13.	Applied Dialysis Technology - II	60		180	240
•		14.	Advance Dialysis Technology - II	60		240	300
	VI	C 8	Biostatistics and Research	30			30
	Sem		methodology				
			Library/Co-curricular	30			30
			Total Hours	180		420	600
			III Year Overall Total	360		840	1200
IV year			Internship				1 year

**Note:** C 1 to C 8 -Subsidiary Subjects

# **Internship Details (1 year)**

S.No	Clinical Area	In Months	
1.	Hemodialysis Unit	2 Months	
2.	Peritoneal Dialysis Unit	2 Months	
3.	Renal Transplantation Unit	2 Months	
4.	Operation Theatre	2 Months	
5.	Urology Ward	2 Months	
6.	Intensive Medical Care Unit	2 Months	
	Total	12 Months	

# VI. Scheme of Examination with mark details Table II

**Duration: 3 Hours** 

Sem	S.No	Subject		ersity rks		rnal rks	Vi	va	Tot	Total		otal eory + ctical	
		Theory	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Ma x	Min	
	1.1.1	Anatomy	80	32	25		20	10	125	63	200	100	
	1.1.2	Anatomy - Practical	50	25	25				75	37	200	100	
I Sem	1.1.3	Physiology	80	32	25		20	10	125	63	200	100	
1 Sem	1.1.4	Physiology - <b>Practical</b>	50	25	25				75	37	200	100	
	1.1.5	Biochemistry	75	30	25				100	50	100	50	
	1.1.6*	Communication and soft skills			50	25			50	25	50	25	
	1.2.1	Pathology	75	30	25				100	50	100	50	
II Sem	1.2.2	Microbiology	75	30	25				100	50	100	50	
	1.2.3*	Computer Application			50	25			50	25	50	25	
	1.2.4*	First Aid			50	25			50	25	50	25	
	2.3.1	Basic Concepts of Renal Diseases	75	30	25				100	50	100	50	
	2.3.2	Applied Pathology	80	32	25		20	10	125	5 63		00 100	
III sem	2.3.3	Applied Pathology - Practical	50	25	25				75	37	37 200 10		
III seili	2.3.4	Applied Microbiology	80	32	25		20	10	125	63			
	2.3.5	Applied Microbiology - <b>Practical</b>	50	25	25				75	37	200	100	
	2.3.6*	Sociology			50	25			50	25	50	25	
	2.4.1	Pharmacology	75	30	25				100	50	100	50	
	2.4.2	Basics of Renal Dialysis Technology	80	32	25		20	10	125	63 200		100	
IV sem	2.4.3	Basics of Renal Dialysis Technology - <b>Practical</b>	50	25	25				75	37	200	100	
	2.4.4*	Biomedical Waste Management			50	25			50	25	50	25	
	2.4.5*	Environmental Sciences			50	25			50	25	50	25	
	3.5.1	Applied Dialysis Technology - I	80	32	25		20	10	125	63			
V sem	3.5.2	Applied Dialysis Technology I- <b>Practical</b>	50	25	25				75	37	200	100	
	3.5.3	Advance Dialysis Technology - I	75	30	25				100	50	100	50	
	3.5.4*	Medical Ethics			50	25			50	25	50	25	
	3.6.1	Applied Dialysis Technology - II	75	30	25				100	50	100	50	
	3.6.2	Advance Dialysis Technology - II	80	32	25		20	10	125	63	200	100	
VI sem	3.6.3	Advance Dialysis Technology  – II <b>Practical</b>	50	25	25				75	37	200	100	
	3.6.4*	Biostatistics & Research Methodology			50	25			50	25	50	25	

<sup>\*</sup>Subsidiary Subjects only Internal Exam

# VII. Course Description 1. Anatomy

Placement: I Year (I Semester)

Time: Theory: 60 Hours
Practical: 30 Hours (Lab)

**Course Description**: The course is designed to assists students to acquire comprehensive knowledge of the normal structure of human body, to facilitate understanding of anatomical basic health, identify alteration in structure with emphasis on clinical application to practice.

	m.	Course Outline
Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content
I	15	<ul> <li>Introduction to anatomy terms and organizations of the human body</li> <li>Introduction to Anatomical terms relative to position - anterior, ventral, posterior dorsal, superior, inferior, median, lateral, proximal distal superficial, deep, prone, supine, palmar and planter</li> <li>Anatomical planes (axial/ transverse /horizontal, sagittal /vertical plane and coronal/ frontal/ oblique plain)</li> <li>Movement (flexion, extension, abduction, adduction, medial, rotation lateral rotation, inversion, eversion, supination, pronation, plantar flexion, dorsi flexion and circumduction)</li> <li>Cell structure, cell division</li> <li>Tissues – Definition, types, characteristic, classification, location</li> <li>Membranes and glands -classification and structures</li> <li>Identify major surface and body landmarks in each body region organization of human body</li> <li>Hyaline, fibro cartilages elastic cartilages</li> <li>Features of skeletal, smooth and Cardiac muscles</li> </ul>
II	4	The Respiratory system
III	4	<ul><li>The Digestive system</li><li>Structures of alimentary canal and organs of digestion</li></ul>
IV	5	<ul> <li>The Circulatory and Lymphatic system</li> <li>Structures of blood components, anterior and venous system</li> <li>Position of heart related to Associated structures</li> <li>Chambers of heart, layers of heart</li> <li>Nerve supply to and blood supply to heart</li> <li>Veins used for IV injections</li> <li>Lymphatic tissues</li> </ul>
V	3	<ul> <li>The Endocrine System</li> <li>Structures of hypothalamus, Pineal gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal gland.</li> </ul>

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content
		The Sensory organ
VI	3	• Structures of skin, eyes, ears, nose and tongue.
VII	5	The Muscular Systems      Types and structures of muscles     Muscle groups - Muscles of head, neck, thorax, abdominal, pelvis upper and lower Limb     Principles of Muscles - deltoid, biceps, triceps, respiratory, abdominal, pelvic floor muscles gluteal muscle and vastus laterals     Major muscles involved in procedure  Skeletal System     Anatomical position     Bones - type, structures, growth and ossification     Axial and appendicular skeleton     Joints - Classification, major joints and structures
VIII	4	<ul> <li>The Nervous Systems</li> <li>Review and structures of neurons</li> <li>Central Nervous system, Autonomic Nervous system, and Peripheral Nervous system</li> <li>Structures of brain, spinal cord, cranial nerve, spinal nerves, functional areas of cerebral cortex</li> <li>Ventricles of the brain- formation, circulation and drainage</li> </ul>
IX	8	<ul><li>The Renal System</li><li>Structures of Kidney, Ureters, bladder, urethra</li></ul>
X	7	The Reproductive System
		Basic principles of Karyotyping

#### Practical's:

- Histology of Types of Epithelium
- Histology of Serous, Mucous and Mixed Salivary gland
- Histology of the types of Cartilage
- Demo of all bones showing parts, radiographs of normal bones & Joints
- Histology of Skeletal (TS & LS), Smooth and Cardiac muscle
- Demonstration of Heart and Vessels of the body
- Histology of Large artery, Medium sized artery and vein, Large Vein
- Microscopic appearance of Large and Medium sized Artery and Vein, Large Vein
- Demonstration of all muscles of the body

- Pericardium
- Histology of Lymph node, Spleen, Tonsil and Thymus
- Demonstration of parts of Respiratory system
- Normal Chest radiograph showing Heart shadows
- Histology of Lung and Trachea
- Normal Angiograms
- Histology of Lymphatic tissues
- Radiographs of Abdomen IVP, Retrograde cystogram
- Demonstration of parts of the Urinary system and Histology of Kidney, Ureter and Urinary bladder
- Demonstration of Male and Female Pelvis with organs in situ.
- Histology of Male and Female Reproductive organs
- Histology of Pituitary, Thyroid, parathyriod and Suprarenal glands
- Histology of peripheral nerve and optic nerve.
- Demo of all parts of brain.

- 1. Inderbir Singh, Textbook of Anatomy, Jaypee, 7<sup>th</sup> Edi, Vol I to III, 2019
- 2. Chaurasia, Human Anatomy, CBS Publisher, 5<sup>th</sup> Edi, Vol 1 to 3, 2010.
- 3. Ross and Wilson Anatomy and Physiology in Health and illness, Elsever, 13<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2018.

<b>Examination Pattern (Subject with</b>	h Theory & Practical Exam)	Duration
Theory evem	80 marks	3 hours

Theory exam: 80 marks 3 hours Practical exam 50 marks 3 hours Oral exam 20 marks

Internal assessment (Theory) 25 marks Internal assessment (Practical) 25 marks

-----200 marks

The practical examination will have the following components

Identification of Gross Spotters (General) 20 marks Identification of Gross Spotters (urinary tract) 15 marks Identification of Histological slides (urinary tract) 15 marks

50 marks

**Guidelines for setting Question Paper for Theory Examination:** 

1. Prepare the question papers for 80 marks.

2. Set questions within the course syllabus covering entire syllabus with equal distribution from all topics in each section.

#### **Distribution of Course Content**

80 Marks

- 1. General Anatomy
- 2. Anatomy of Urogenital tract
- 3. Systemic Anatomy

#### **Pattern of Question Paper:**

Long answer question  $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}$  $8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks}$ Short answer question  $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks}$ Very Short answer

# 2. Physiology

Placement: I Year (I Semester)

Time: Theory: 60 Hours
Practical: 30 Hours (Lab)

**Course Description:** The course is designed to assist students to acquire comprehensive knowledge of the normal functions of the organ systems of the human body to facilitate understanding of physiological basis of health, identify alteration in functions and provide the student with necessary physiological knowledge to practice.

		Course Outline
Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content
I	4	<ul> <li>General Physiology – Basic concepts</li> <li>Cell physiology including transportation across cell membrane</li> <li>Body fluid compartments, Distribution of total body fluid, intracellular and extracellular compartments, major electrolytes and maintenance of homeostasis</li> <li>Cell cycle</li> <li>Tissue – formation, repair</li> <li>Membranes and glands – functions</li> </ul>
II	6	Respiratory system <ul> <li>Functions of respiratory organs</li> <li>Physiology of respiration</li> <li>Pulmonary circulation – functional features</li> <li>Pulmonary ventilation, exchange of gases</li> <li>Carriage of oxygen and carbon-dioxide,</li> <li>Exchange of gases in tissue</li> <li>Regulation of respiration</li> <li>Hypoxia, cyanosis, dyspnea, periodic breathing</li> <li>Respiratory changes during exercise</li> </ul>
III	8	<ul> <li>Digestive system</li> <li>Functions of the organs of digestive tract</li> <li>Saliva – composition, regulation of secretion and functions of saliva</li> <li>Composition and functions of gastric juice, mechanism and regulation of gastric secretion</li> <li>Composition of pancreatic juice, functions, regulation of pancreatic secretion</li> <li>Functions of liver, gall bladder and pancreas</li> <li>Composition of bile and functions</li> <li>Secretion and functions of small and large intestine</li> <li>Movements of alimentary tract</li> <li>Digestion in mouth, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, absorption of food</li> </ul>

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content
	(====)	Circulatory and Lymphatic system
IV	6	<ul> <li>Functions of heart, conduction system, cardiac cycle, Stroke volume and cardiac output</li> <li>Blood pressure and Pulse</li> <li>Circulation – principles, factors influencing blood pressure, pulse</li> <li>Coronary circulation, Pulmonary and systemic circulation</li> <li>Heart rate – regulation of heart rate</li> <li>Normal value and variations</li> <li>Cardiovascular homeostasis in exercise and posture</li> </ul>
		Blood
V	5	<ul> <li>Blood – Functions, Physical characteristics</li> <li>Formation of blood cells</li> <li>Erythropoiesis – Functions of RBC, RBC life cycle</li> <li>WBC – types, functions</li> <li>Platelets – Functions and production of platelets</li> <li>Clotting mechanism of blood, clotting time, bleeding time, PTT</li> <li>Homeostasis – role of vasoconstriction, platelet plug formation in hemostasis, coagulation factors, intrinsic and extrinsic pathways of coagulation</li> <li>Blood groups and types</li> <li>Functions of reticuloendothelial system, immunity</li> </ul>
		The Endocrine system
VI	5	<ul> <li>Functions and hormones of Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands.</li> <li>Other hormones</li> <li>Endocrine Alterations in diseases</li> </ul>
		The Sensory Organs
VII	4	<ul> <li>Functions of skin</li> <li>Vision, hearing, taste and smell</li> <li>Errors of refraction, aging changes</li> </ul>
		Musculoskeletal system
VIII	6	<ul> <li>Bones – Functions, movements of bones of axial and appendicular skeleton, Bone healing</li> <li>Joints and joint movements</li> <li>Joint diseases</li> <li>Properties and Functions of skeletal muscles – mechanism of muscle contraction</li> <li>Structure and properties of cardiac muscles and smooth muscles</li> </ul>
		Renal system
IX	4	<ul> <li>Functions of kidney in maintaining homeostasis</li> <li>GFR</li> <li>Functions of ureters, bladder and urethra</li> <li>Micturition</li> <li>Regulation of renal functions</li> </ul>

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content
X	4	<ul> <li>The Reproductive system</li> <li>Female reproductive system – Menstrual cycle, function and hormones of ovary, oogenesis, fertilization, implantation, Functions of breast</li> <li>Male reproductive system – Spermatogenesis, hormones and its functions, semen</li> </ul>
XI	8	<ul> <li>Nervous system</li> <li>Overview of nervous system</li> <li>Review of types, structure and functions of neurons</li> <li>Nerve impulse</li> <li>Review functions of Brain-Medulla, Pons, Cerebrum, Cerebellum</li> <li>Sensory and Motor Nervous system</li> <li>Peripheral Nervous system</li> <li>Autonomic Nervous system</li> <li>Limbic system and higher mental Functions - Hippocampus, Thalamus, Hypothalamus</li> <li>Vestibular apparatus</li> <li>Functions of cranial nerves</li> <li>Autonomic functions</li> <li>Physiology of Pain-somatic, visceral and referred</li> <li>Reflexes</li> <li>CSF formation, composition, circulation of CSF, blood brain barrier and blood CSF barrier</li> </ul>

#### Practical's:

- Hemoglobinometry
- White Blood Cell Count
- Red Blood Cell Count
- Determination of Blood Groups
- Leishman's Staining and Differential WBC Count
- Determination of Packed Cell Volume
- Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)
- Determination of Clotting Time, Bleeding Time
- Recording of Blood pleasure
- Auscultation for Heart sounds
- Artificial Respiration
- Determination of Vital capacity.

- 1. Sembulingam (K), Essentials of Medical Physiology, Jaypee, 8th Edi, 2019.
- 2. Guyton & Hall, Textbook of Medical Physiology, Elsevier, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edi, 2018.
- 3. Pal (GK), Comprehensive Textbook of Medical Physiology, Jaypee, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edi, Vol I & II, 2019.
- 4. Surinder Singh, Principles of Human Physiology for Course in Nursing & Allied Health Sciences, CBS, 2017.
- 5. Ross and Wilson Anatomy and Physiology in Health and illness, Elsevier, 13<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2018.

Examination Pattern (Subject with Theory & Practical Exam)  Duration							
Theory exam: (one paper)	80 marks	3 hours					
Practical exam	50 marks	3 hours					
Oral exam	20 marks						
Internal assessment (Theory)	25 marks						
Internal assessment (Practical)	25 marks						
	200 marks						
The practical examination will have the	following components						
Practical Major	20 marks						
Practical Minor	10 marks						
Spotters	20 marks						
	50 marks						

#### **Guidelines for setting Question Paper for Theory Examination:**

- 1. Prepare the question papers for 80 marks.
- 2. Set questions within the course syllabus covering entire syllabus with equal distribution from all topics in each section.

#### **Distribution of Course Content**

Musculo Skeletal, Blood, Renal, GI tract, Endocrines and Reproductive system. Cardio vascular system, Respiratory System, Nervous System and Special Senses

#### **Pattern of Question Paper:**

Long answer question -  $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}$ Short answer question -  $8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks}$ Very Short answer -  $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks}$ 

# 3. Biochemistry

Placement: I Year (I Semester)

Time: Theory: 60 Hours
Practical: 30 Hours (Lab)

**Course Description**: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body, its alterations in disease conditions and to apply this knowledge in to practice.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content
I	3	Introduction to Biochemistry
II	3	Biophysical aspect of Biochemistry
III	7	<ul> <li>Carbohydrates</li> <li>Chemistry of carbohydrates, Classification and biological importance</li> <li>Digestion and absorption, Glycolysis, glycogen metabolism, glucono-genesis, TCA cycle</li> <li>Regulation of blood glucose, Diabetes mellitus</li> </ul>
IV	7	<ul> <li>Proteins</li> <li>Biological importance, Classification of amino acids &amp; proteins</li> <li>Digestion and absorption</li> <li>Urea synthesis, Transamination</li> </ul>
V	7	<ul> <li>Lipids</li> <li>Biological importance</li> <li>Classification of lipids, lipoproteins, Overview of lipid metabolism</li> </ul>
VI	6	<ul> <li>Enzymes</li> <li>Classification, Factors affecting enzyme action</li> <li>Enzyme inhibition &amp; Chemical enzymology</li> </ul>
VII	7	<ul> <li>Endocrinology</li> <li>Hormones, Role of biological important hormones</li> <li>Pituitary, thyroid, adrenal cortex and medulla</li> <li>Sex hormones</li> </ul>
VIII	7	<ul> <li>Mineral metabolism</li> <li>Regulation of blood level</li> <li>Consequences of excess and deficiency of calcium, Phosphate, iron, copper &amp; zinc</li> </ul>
IX	7	<ul> <li>Vitamin</li> <li>Fat soluble vitamins, Water soluble vitamins</li> <li>Biochemical function, Deficiency, Manifestation, Source &amp; RDA</li> </ul>
X	6	<ul><li>Clinical Biochemistry</li><li>LFT, RFT</li><li>Urine analysis</li></ul>

#### Practical's:

- Simple Color reactions of Carbohydrates and Proteins
- Qualitative estimations of Glucose, Urea, Creatinine, Total Protein and Cholesterol
- Normal constituents of Urine
- Abnormal (pathological) Urine
- Glucose Tolerance Test and its significance
- Demonstration of Electrophoresis and Interpretation of important clinical conditions based on Electrophoresis appearance
- Demonstration of Paper Chromatography and its utility in the diagnosis of inborn errors of metabolism.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Vasudevan (DM), Text Book of Biochemistry for Medical Students, Jaypee Pub,9<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2019.
- 2. Wilson & Walkers Principles & Techniques of Biochemistry & Molecular Biology, University Press, 8<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2018.
- 3. Harbans Lal and Rajesh Pandey Textbook of biochemistry, CBS, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edi, 2017
- 4. Harold Varley, Practical Clinical Biochemistry, CBS, 4th Edi, 2010.

Examination Pattern	Duration	
Theory exam:	75 marks	3 hours
Internal assessment (Theory)	25 marks	
	100 marks	

#### **Guidelines for setting Question Paper for Theory Examination:**

- 1. Prepare the question papers for 75 marks.
- 2. Set questions within the course syllabus covering entire syllabus with equal distribution from all topics in each section.

#### **Pattern of Question Paper:**

Long answer question -  $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}$ Short answer question -  $7 \times 5 = 35 \text{ marks}$ Very Short answer -  $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks}$ 

# C 1. Communication and Soft skills

Placement: I Year (I Semester) Time: Theory: 60 Hours

**Course Description:** The course is designed to enable students to enhance their ability to speak and write the language (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experience.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content		
I	10	Review of Grammar  Remedial study of Grammar  Building Vocabulary  Phonetics  Public Speaking		
II	3	Communication  What is communication?  What are communication roles of listeners, speakers, readers and writers as healthcare professionals?		
III	5	<ul> <li>Introduction to LSRGW</li> <li>L – Listening: Different types of listening</li> <li>S – Speaking: Understanding Consonants, Vowels, Word and Sentence Stress, Intonation</li> <li>R – Reading: Medical vocabulary</li> <li>Gr – Grammar: Understanding tenses, linkers</li> <li>W – Writing simple sentences and short paragraphs – emphasis on correct grammar</li> </ul>		
IV	7	<ul> <li>Attentive Listening</li> <li>Focusing on listening in different situations, announcements, descriptions, narratives, instructions, discussions, demonstrations</li> <li>Reproducing Verbatim</li> <li>Listening to academic talks/ lectures</li> <li>Listening to presentation</li> </ul>		
V	12	<ul> <li>Speaking – Effective Conversation</li> <li>Conversation situations – informal, formal and neutral</li> <li>Factors influencing way of speaking – setting, topic, social relationship, attitude and language</li> <li>Greetings, introductions, requesting, asking for and giving permission, speaking personally and casual conversations</li> <li>Asking for information, giving instructions and directions</li> <li>Agreeing and disagreeing, giving opinions</li> <li>Describing people, places, events and things, narrating, reporting &amp; reaching conclusions</li> <li>Evaluating and comparing</li> <li>Complaints and suggestions</li> <li>Telephone conversations</li> <li>Delivering presentations</li> </ul>		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content		
VI	8	<ul> <li>Reading</li> <li>Reading strategies, reading notes and messages</li> <li>Reading relevant articles and news items</li> <li>Vocabulary for everyday activities, abbreviations and medical vocabulary</li> <li>Understanding visuals, graphs, figures and notes on instructions</li> <li>Reading reports and interpreting them</li> <li>Using idioms and phrases, spotting errors, vocabulary for presentations</li> <li>Remedial Grammar</li> </ul>		
VII	7	Writing Skills  Writing patient history  Note taking  Summarizing  Anecdotal records  Letter writing  Diary/Journal writing  Report writing  Paper writing skills  Abstract writing		
VII	8	LSRW Skills  Critical thinking strategies for listening and reading Oral reports, presentations Writing instructions, letters and reports Error analysis regarding LSRW		

- Clement, I, Essentials of English for Paramedical Courses, EMMESS, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edi, 2018.
   Lakshminarayanan K.R., English for Technical Communication, Scitech publication, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edi 2015

# 4. Pathology

Placement: I Year (II Semester)

Time: Theory: 60 Hours
Practical: 30 Hours(Lab)

**Course Description:** The course is designed to understand pathology laboratory reports, the normal ranges of investigations, severity and specificity of disease conditions which will help to perform International Classification of diseases to clinical pertinence.

	Time	Course Outline		
Unit	(Hrs)	Content		
		Basic Concepts in Cellular Adaption's		
I		Cell injury and Cell death		
1	3	Cellular response to stress and other stimuli		
		Over view of Cell injury and Cell death		
		Basic Principles in Inflammatory Process		
		General features including inflammatory mediators and Basic Mechanisms of		
II	5	disorders of Immunity, General features of the immune system, Disorders of		
		the Immune System,		
		Acute and Chronic inflammation		
		Infectious Diseases		
III	5	Infectious diseases, Bacterial Infections (Typhoid, Tuberculosis and Leprosy)		
		Viral infections (HIV, HbSAg and Polio)		
		Specific Examples of Fungal, Parasitic and Syphilis infections		
		Neoplasia		
		Nomenclature, Rudimentary aspects on Tumor growth and Metastasis		
IV	3	Definition of Neoplasia, Differences between Benign and Malignant tumors		
		Staging and Grading of Tumors (Basic Aspects), Oncogenes and Tumor		
		Suppressor genes		
		Hematology		
		Structure and functions of Formed elements		
17	=	Objective use of anticoagulants, Mechanisms of Hemostasis		
V	5	Tests to monitor Coagulation, Blood Grouping and Blood Bank (Basic aspects		
		on Blood Components)  Fivetives and Resid details in Cutology, Aspiration Cutology of Rong marrow		
		Fixatives and Basic details in Cytology, Aspiration Cytology of Bone marrow		
		Basic concepts in Anemia, Cellular aspects of Leukemia (Basic Concepts)  Histopathology		
VI	3	Use of Microscopes, Grossing and Mounting Techniques		
VI.	3	Processing of Biopsy specimen, Paraffin sections		
		Biomedical Waste Management and Environmental Pathology		
		Biomedical waste management from perspectives of Pathology		
VII	3	Environment and Disease – Smoking hazards, Asbestosis and Silicosis &		
		Occupational Exposure		
		Clinical Pathology		
		Collection, transport, preservation and processing of Clinical Specimen		
VIII	3	Clinical Pathology of specialized Body Fluids (CSF), Synovial fluid, Pleural		
, 111	3	Fluid		
		Urine Examination (Urinalysis)		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content	
IX 20		Overview of Systemic Pathology Rheumatic Heart Disease Lungs: Pneumonia, COPD, Asthma, ARDS Liver: Hepatitis, Cirrhosis	
		Muscle: Myasthenia Gravis Brain: Meningitis, Aspergillosis, CNS Tumor – (Classification)	
X	10	Practical Demonstration  Demo of Coagulation Profile, Phlebotomy techniques  Blood Grouping and Rh typing, Urine Routine, Hemogram, Fecal Examination Safety Precautions in Clinical Pathology	

#### Practical's:

- Blood Grouping and Rh typing
- Urine Routine
- Hb, TLC, DLC
- Gross Specimens
- Slides

- 1. Mohan (H), Textbook of Pathology, Jaypee Pub, 5<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2019.
- 2. Kumar, Robbins & Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease, WB Saunders, 10<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2020.
- 3. Kawthalkar(S), Essentials of Clinical Pathology, Jaypee Brothers, 2<sup>nd</sup> edi, 2018.
- 4. Nayak (R), Essentials of Hematology & Clinical Pathology, Jaypee Brothers, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edi, 2017.
- 5. Sengupta, Synopsis of Clinical Pathology & Microbiology, CBS Pub, 8<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2017.

#### **Examination Pattern**

#### **Duration**

Theory exam: 75 marks 3 hours

Internal assessment (Theory) \_\_\_\_\_ 100 marks

\_\_\_\_\_

25 marks

#### **Guidelines for setting Question Paper for Theory Examination:**

Prepare the question papers for 75 marks.

Set questions within the course syllabus covering entire syllabus with equal distribution from all topics in each section.

#### **Pattern of Question Paper:**

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}$ Long answer question Short answer question  $7 \times 5 = 35 \text{ marks}$ Very Short answer  $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks}$ 

# 5. Microbiology

Placement: I Year (II Semester)

Time: Theory: 60 Hours
Practical:30 Hours(Lab)

**Course Description:** The course is designed to assist students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of microbiology and identification of microorganisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital setting.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content		
I	5	Introduction: History of microbiology- (contribution of Louis Pasteur, Robert Koch, Joseph Lister, Edward Jenner, Alexander Fleming) Importance of Microbiology in the practice of Radiology Microscope –Types & Uses		
II	5	General Microbiology:  Infection, parasite, host, vector, fomite, contagious disease, infectious disease, epidemic, endemic, pandemic, Zoonosis, Epizootic, Attack rate  Normal flora of the human body  Routes of infection and spread, endogenous and exogenous infections at reservoir of infections  Antimicrobials: mode of action, interpretation of susceptibility tests, resistance spectrum of activity  Staining techniques: Gram staining, Acid fast staining, Culture methods  Laboratory diagnosis of infection		
III	10	Sterilization & Disinfection: Definition of Asepsis, Sterilization and Disinfection Hospital Acquired infection, Universal safety precautions and Biomedical waste Disposal & Management		
IV	10	Immunology: Antigen- Antibody-reaction & application for Diagnosis, Immune response- Normal / Abnormal, Innate Immunity & acquired immunity (Vaccination) Hyper sensitivity & auto-immunity, Serological tests, Immunoprophylaxis		
V	10	Bacteriology: Morphology, Classification according to the Pathogenicity, Mode of Transmission, methods of prevention, Collection and transport of samples for laboratory diagnosis, Interpretation of laboratory reports Staphylococci, Streptococci, & Pneumococci Neisseria, Mycobacterium: Tuberculosis, M.Leprae, Enterobacteriaceae, Escherichia Coli, Salmonella, Corynebacterium, Vibrosis, V. Cholerae and other medically important Vibrio's, Campylobacters and Helicobacters Pseudomonas, Mycoplasma, Rickettsiae, Chlamydia, Bacillus anthracis, Sporing & nonsporing anaerobes, Clostridium		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content	
VI	10	Virology: General Properties, Basic structure and broad Classification of Viruses. Pathogenesis and Pathology of viral infection (HIV, Hepatitis, Polio, Measles, Congenital viral infections, Rubella, CMV, Herpes) Immunity and Prophylaxis of viral Diseases, Principles of viral diseases List of commonly used antiviral agents	
VII	5	Parasitology: Amoebiasis, Malaria, Filaria, Toxoplasma, cystisarcosis, Roundworm, Hookworm, & Echinococcus.	
VIII	5	Mycology: General Properties of Fungi, Classification based on fungal infection Candidiasis, Cryptococcosis, Dermatophytosis, Mycetoma, Aspergillosis.	

#### Practical's:

- Introduction & visit to microbiology lab + Morphology of bacteria + Identification of bacteria (Culture plates &Basic biochemical reactions)
- Gram stain, Acid fast Stain
- Spotters, Instruments, Culture media inoculated &uninoculated
- Applied Immunology (Bacterial) Serological tests CRP, ASO, RPR, Widal Applied Immunology (Virology) Serological tests:HIV, HBsAg(Rapid Tests)
- Stool Examination for eggs + Parasitology specimens

- 1. Ananthanarayanan (R), Textbook of Microbiology, Orient Longman Ltd., 10th Edi, 2017.
- 2. Mackie and McCartney Practical Medical Microbiology, Relx India Pvt ltd, 14th Edi, 2018.
- 3. Baveja CP, Textbook of Microbiology, APC, 6<sup>th</sup> edi, 2021.
- 4. Sriram Kumar (S), Textbook of Microbiology, All win Publication, 1st Edi, 2019

#### **Examination Pattern**

**Duration** 3 hours

Theory exam: 75 marks

Internal assessment (Theory) 25 marks

100 marks

#### **Guidelines for setting Question Paper for Theory Examination:**

1. Prepare the question papers for 75 marks.

2. Set questions within the course syllabus covering entire syllabus with equal distribution from all topics in each section.

**Pattern of Question Paper:** 

Long answer question
 Short answer question
 Very Short answer
 2 X 10 = 20 marks
 7 X 5 = 35 marks
 10 X 2 = 20 marks

### C 2. Computer Application

Placement: I Year (II Semester)

Time: Theory: 30 Hours
Practical: 30 Hours (Lab)

**Course Description**: The course is designed for student to acquire the knowledge, develop basic understanding, use of computer and its applications in clinical field.

#### **Course Outline**

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content	
I	7	Introduction to Computer	
II	8	<ul> <li>Application of Computer</li> <li>Introduction to Disk Operating System</li> <li>DOS</li> <li>Windows (all version)</li> <li>MS Word</li> <li>MS Excel with Pictorial Presentation</li> <li>MS - Access</li> <li>MS-Power Point</li> </ul>	
III	7	Statistical packages  • Types and their features	
IV	8	<ul> <li>Hospital Management System</li> <li>Types and uses</li> <li>Electronic patient records</li> </ul>	

- 1. Bansal Surabhi, Computer Applications for Allied Health Sciences, AITBS, 1st Edi, 2022.
- 2. Priyanka Randhir, Computer for Paramedical, CBS, 1st Edi, 2020
- 3. Pooja Jain & Neelam Kumari, Introduction to Computer, S.Vikas & Co, 5<sup>th</sup> edi, 2019
- 4. Shah Y.I, Paradkar A.R et.al, Introduction to Biostatistics and Computer Science, Nirali Prakashan Pub, 16<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2019.

#### C 3. First-Aid

**Placement:** I Year (II Semester) **Time:** Theory – 30 Hrs
Practical - 30 Hrs(Lab)

#### **Course description:**

This course is designed to help students to understand the basics of first aid to render first aid services as and when need arises.

Course Outline

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content		
		Introduction		
I	3	Definition of first aid, importance of first aid,		
1	J	• Golden rules of the first aid		
		Scope and concept of emergency		
		First aid in Skeletal injuries		
II	7	• Definition, types of fractures of various parts of the body, causes, signs and		
		<ul> <li>symptoms, rules of treatment, transport of patients with fracture.</li> <li>First aid measures in dislocation of joints, treatment of muscle injuries</li> </ul>		
		Respiratory emergencies		
		Asphyxia – Etiology, signs and symptoms, rules of treatment		
III	3	<ul> <li>Asphysia – Etiology, sights and symptoms, rules of treatment</li> <li>Drowning – definition and management</li> </ul>		
		Artificial respiration – types and techniques		
		Shock and Unconsciousness		
		• Definition		
	4	Types of shock		
IV		• Common causes of shock		
		Signs and symptoms of shock (assessment of established shock)		
		General and special treatment of established shock		
		Transportation of the injured		
V	3	• Methods of transportation – single helper, hand seat, stretcher, wheeled		
V		transport (ambulance)		
		• Precautions taken – blanket lift, air and sea travel		
		Community emergencies		
		• Role of first aider (immediate and later) in		
	•	- Fires		
VI	2	- Explosions		
		- Floods		
		- Earthquakes - Famine		
		Bandages		
VII		Bandaging		
	8	Basic turns		
	Ĵ	Bandaging extremities		
		Triangular bandages and their application		

- 1. Sanju Sira, First Aid Manual for Nurses, CBS, 1st Edi, 2017.
- 2. Gupta L.C. Manual of First Aid, Jaypee, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edi, 2017. Indian Red Cross Society (RRC), Indian First Aid Manual, St. John Ambulance Association, 7<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2016.

# 6. Basic concepts of Renal Diseases

Placement: II Year (III Semester)

Time: Theory: 60 Hrs
Clinical: 330 Hrs

#### **Course Description:**

The course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the basic concepts of Renal diseases and its management with emphasis on clinical application to practice.

#### **Course Outline**

UNIT	Time (Hrs)	Content	
I	15	<ul> <li>Fluid and Electrolyte:</li> <li>Fluid and electrolyte disorders</li> <li>Hyponatremia, hypernatremia, hypokalemia&amp; hyperkalemia:     Etiology, clinical presentation and management</li> <li>Disorders of calcium, phosphorous &amp; magnesium ions.</li> <li>Acid- base disorders: Basics of ABG</li> <li>Metabolic acidosis &amp; metabolic alkalosis: pathophysiology, etiology, clinical features and management.</li> </ul>	
II	5	<ul><li>Urinary tract infections:</li><li>Definition, types of UTI, risk factors, diagnosis, treatment</li></ul>	
III	10	Renal Stone Diseases:      Renal stone diseases, inherited and cystic renal diseases     Composition of kidney stones, risk factors for recurrent stones, clinical presentation, prevention of recurrent stones & treatment	
IV	10	<ul> <li>Hypertension</li> <li>normal BP control, definition, evaluation, primary &amp; secondary HTN, complications, antihypertensive drugs</li> </ul>	
V	20	Nephrotic syndrome  • definition, clinical features, causes (MCNS, FSGS, MGN), Primary & secondary NS, complications, management  • Acute glomerulonephritis/RPGN- definition, causes (PSGN, vasculitis, anti GBM, SLE, HSP), clinical features, management.	

#### **Practicals:**

- Priming of dialysis apparatus
- Demonstration of dialyser reuse
- Charts /spotters: nephrotic syndrome, nephritic, AKI, CKD, BP apparatus, stethoscope, pulse oximeter, cardiac monitor, thermometer

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Kasi Viseswaran, Basics of Renal Diseases, Fluid, Electrolytes & Acid-Base Balance, CBS Pub, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edi, 2020.
- 2. Pradeepkumar, Text book of Renal System and its disorders, Taneesha publishers, 1st Edi, 2022.
- 3. Kasi Viseswaran, Essential Nephrology, CBS Publications& Distributors pvt.
- 4. Muhammad Rafiqual Alam, Manual of Clinical Nephrology, CBS Publications pvt.
- 5. John T Daugirdas, Hand book of Chronic Kidney Disese management, Wolters, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edi, 2014.
- 6. Irfan.K.moinuddin & David J Leehey, Handbook of Nephrology, Nephrology Publ, 5<sup>th</sup> edi, 2013
- 7. Schrier R.W, Diseases of the Kidney and The Urinary Tract (Vol I, II, & III), 8th Edi, Lippincott, 2006.

I	Examination Pattern		Duration
Т	Theory exam:	75 marks	3 hours
I	nternal assessment (Theory)	25 marks	
		100 marks	

#### **Guidelines for setting Question Paper for Theory Examination:**

- 1. Prepare the question papers for 75 marks.
- 2. Set questions within the course syllabus covering entire syllabus with equal distribution from all topics in each section.

#### **Pattern of Question Paper:**

Long answer question	-	$2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}$
Short answer question	-	7  X  5 = 35  marks
Very Short answer	-	10  X  2 = 20  marks

#### 7. Applied Pathology and Practical's

Placement: II Year (III Semester)

Time: Theory Hours: 60 Hrs
Practical Hours: 30 Hrs (Lab)

#### **Course Description:**

The course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the Pathogenesis of various congenital malformations and kidney diseases, clinical examinations, histopathology with emphasis on clinical application to practice.

#### **Course Outline**

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content
I	10 Hrs	<ul> <li>Congenital and cystic diseases of kidney</li> <li>Introduction and clinical manifestations of glomerular diseases</li> <li>Pathogenesis of glomerular diseases -brief</li> </ul>
II	15 Hrs	<ul> <li>Nephritic syndrome - Acute post infectious glomerulonephritis, Rapidly progressive glomerulonephritis</li> <li>Nephrotic syndrome - Membranous Nephrotic syndrome, Minimal change disease, Focal segmental glomerulosclerosis,</li> </ul>
III	15 Hrs	<ul> <li>IgA nephropathy and chronic glomerulonephritis</li> <li>Glomerular lesions in systemic diseases - diabetes, amyloidosis, systemic lupus erythematosus</li> <li>Vascular diseases - benign hypertension, malignant hypertension, renal artery stenosis, thrombotic microangiopathy</li> </ul>
IV	10 Hrs	<ul> <li>Tubulo-interstitial diseases:</li> <li>a. Acute tubular injury</li> <li>b. Pyelonephritis - acute and chronic</li> <li>c. Tubulointerstitial nephritis due to drugs and toxins, others mention briefly</li> <li>Obstructive uropathy</li> </ul>
V	10 Hrs	<ul> <li>Urolithiasis and lower urinary tract infections</li> <li>Pathology of peritoneum, peritonitis, bacterial, tubular &amp;sclerosing peritonitis, dialysis induced changes</li> </ul>

- 1. Mohan (H), Textbook of Pathology, Jaypee Pub, 5th Edi, 2019.
- 2. Kumar, Robbins & Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease, WB Saunders, 10th Edi, 2020.
- 3. Kawthalkar(S), Essentials of Clinical Pathology, Jaypee Brothers, 2<sup>nd</sup> edi, 2018.
- 4. Nayak (R), Essentials of Hematology & Clinical Pathology, Jaypee Brothers, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edi, 2017.
- 5. Sengupta, Synopsis of Clinical Pathology & Microbiology, CBS Pub, 8th Edi, 2017.

<b>Examination Pattern (Subjection)</b>	ct with Theory & Practical Exam)	Duration
Theory	00 m o ml v o	2 hours

Theory exam: 80 marks 3 hours
Practical exam 50 marks 3 hours
Oral exam 20 marks

Internal assessment (Theory) 25 marks
Internal assessment (Practical) 25 marks

200 marks

The practical examination will have the following components

Hb estimation5 marksUrine examination20 marksBlood grouping5 marksSpotter / chart20 marks

50 marks

#### **Guidelines for setting Question Paper for Theory Examination:**

- 1. Prepare the question papers for 80 marks in such a way that the question paper shall contain
- 2. Set questions within the course syllabus covering entire syllabus with equal distribution from all topics in each section.

#### **Pattern of Question Paper:**

Long answer question -  $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}$ Short answer question -  $8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks}$ Very Short answer -  $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks}$ 

### 8. Applied Microbiology and Practical's

Placement: II Year (III Semester)

Time: Theory Hours: 60 Hrs
Practical Hours: 30 Hrs (Lab)

#### **Course Description:**

The course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the Sterilization and disinfection. It also provides opportunity for infection control measures for various urinary and blood born infections with emphasis on clinical application to practice.

#### **Course Outline**

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content	
I	10 Hrs	<ul> <li>Sterilization and disinfection</li> <li>Sterilization and disinfection - classification, principles, methods</li> <li>Central sterile supply department</li> </ul>	
II	10 Hrs	Importance of sterilization and disinfection      Disinfection of instruments used in patient care     Disinfection of patient care unit     Infection control measures for ICUs	
III	15 Hrs	<ul> <li>Health care associated infections</li> <li>Surgical site infections</li> <li>Ventilator associated pneumonia</li> <li>Catheter associated blood stream infections</li> <li>Antibiotic associated diarrhea</li> </ul>	
IV	10 Hrs	<ul> <li>Urinary tract infections</li> <li>Anatomy</li> <li>Types of infections</li> <li>Etiology</li> <li>Pathogenesis</li> <li>Laboratory diagnosis - Specimen collection, processing, interpretation</li> </ul>	
V	15 Hrs	<ul> <li>Blood borne viral infections</li> <li>Morphology, pathogenesis, clinical features, laboratory diagnosis and prophylaxis of following viral infections Hepatitis B, D and C virus</li> <li>Human immunodeficiency virus</li> </ul>	

- 1. Ananthanarayanan (R), Textbook of Microbiology, Orient Longman, 10th Edi, 2017.
- 2. Mackie and McCartney Practical Medical Microbiology, Relx India Pvt, 14<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2018.
- 3. Baveja CP, Textbook of Microbiology, APC, 6<sup>th</sup> edi, 2021.
- 4. Sriram Kumar (S), Textbook of Microbiology, All win Publication, 1st Edi, 2019

<b>Examination Pattern (Subject with Theory &amp; Practical Exam) Duration</b>		
Theory exam:	80 marks	3 hours
Practical exam	50 marks	3 hours
Oral exam	20 marks	
Internal assessment (Theory)	25 marks	
Internal assessment (Practical)	25 marks	
	200 marks	
	0.11	

#### The practical examination will have the following components

Gram stain	10 marks
Serology	10 marks
Disinfection / Hospital Infection control measure	10 marks
Spotter / chart	20 marks

50 marks

#### **Guidelines for setting Question Paper for Theory Examination:**

- 1. Prepare the question papers for 80 marks.
- 2. Set questions within the course syllabus covering entire syllabus with equal distribution from all topics in each section.

#### **Pattern of Question Paper:**

Long answer question	-	$2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}$
Short answer question	-	8 X 5 = 40  marks
Very Short answer	-	$10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks}$

# C 4. Sociology

Placement: II Year (III Semester) Time: Theory: 30 Hours

#### **Course Description:**

This course will introduce student to the basic sociology concepts, principles and social process, social institutions in relation to the individual, family and community and the various social factors affecting the family in rural and urban communities in India.

Unit	Time	Content	
	(Hrs)		
I	10	<ul> <li>Introduction:         <ul> <li>Meaning - Definition and scope of sociology. Its relation to Anthropology, Psychology, Social Psychology</li> <li>Methods of Sociological investigations - Case study, social survey, questionnaire, interview and opinion poll methods.</li> <li>Importance of its study with special reference to health care professionals</li> </ul> </li> <li>Social Factors in Health and Disease:         <ul> <li>Meaning of social factors</li> <li>Role of social factors in health and disease</li> </ul> </li> <li>Socialization:         <ul> <li>Meaning and nature of socialization</li> <li>Primary, Secondary and Anticipatory socialization, Agencies of socialization</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
II	5	<ul> <li>Social Groups:         <ul> <li>Concepts of social groups, influence of formal and informal groups on health and sickness. The role of primary groups and secondary groups in the hospital and rehabilitation setup.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Family:         <ul> <li>The family, meaning and definitions Functions and types of family</li> <li>Changing family patterns</li> <li>Influence of family on individual's health, family and nutrition, the effects of sickness in the family and psychosomatic disease and their importance to physiotherapy</li> </ul> </li> <li>Community:         <ul> <li>Rural community: Meaning and features - Health hazards to rural communities, health hazards to tribal community.</li> <li>Urban community - Meaning and features - Health hazards of urbanities</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content
III	5	<ul> <li>Culture and Health:</li> <li>Concept of Health</li> <li>Concept of culture</li> <li>Culture and Health</li> <li>Culture and Health Disorders</li> <li>Social Change:</li> <li>Meaning of social changes</li> <li>Factors of social changes</li> <li>Human adaptation and social change, Social change and stress</li> <li>Social change and deviance</li> <li>Social change and health program</li> <li>The role of social planning in the improvement of health and rehabilitation</li> </ul>
IV	10	<ul> <li>Social Problems of disabled:         <ul> <li>Consequences of the following social problems in relation to sickness and disability, remedies to prevent these problems Population explosion</li> <li>Poverty and unemployment</li> <li>Beggary</li> <li>Juvenile delinquency</li> <li>Prostitution, Alcoholism</li> <li>Problems of women in employment</li> </ul> </li> <li>Social Security:         <ul> <li>Social Security and social legislation in relation to the disabled</li> </ul> </li> <li>Social Work:         <ul> <li>Meaning of Social Work</li> <li>The role of a Medical Social Worker</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

- Anthony Giddens: Sociology, Atlantic Publications & Distributors Pvt Ltd, 8<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2022.
   Vidya Bhushan & Sachdeva, An Introduction to Sociology, Kitab Mahal, 1<sup>st</sup> Edi, 2017.
- 3. Ralhan.S, introduction to Sociology, Common Wealth publications, 1st Edition, 2018.

# 9. Applied Pharmacology

Placement: II Year (IV Semester)

Time: Theory: 60 Hours
Practical: 30 Hours(Lab)

# **Course Description:**

This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmaco-dynamics, Pharmaco-kinetics, principles of therapeutics & possible implications.

_	Course Outline		
Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content	
I	5	<ul> <li>Introduction to pharmacology</li> <li>Definitions &amp; Branches</li> <li>Nature &amp; Sources of drugs</li> <li>Dosage Forms and Routes of drug administration</li> <li>Terminology used</li> <li>Classification, Abbreviations, Prescription,</li> <li>Drug Calculation, Weights and Measures</li> <li>Pharmacodynamics: Actions, Drug Antagonism, Synergism, Tolerance, Receptors, Therapeutic, adverse, toxic effects, pharmaco vigilance</li> <li>Pharmacokinetics: Absorption, Bioavailability, Distribution, Metabolism, Interaction, Excretion</li> <li>Review-Principles of drug administration and treatment individualization, Factors affecting dose, route etc</li> <li>Indian Pharmacopoeia: Legal Issues, Drug Laws, Schedule Drugs</li> <li>Rational Use of Drugs</li> <li>Principles of Therapeutics</li> </ul>	
II	3	<ul> <li>Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants</li> <li>Antiseptics and Disinfectants</li> <li>Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity</li> </ul>	
III	4	<ul> <li>Drugs acting on G.I system</li> <li>Pharmacology of commonly used drugs         <ul> <li>Emetics and Antiemetics</li> <li>Laxatives and Purgatives</li> <li>Antacids and anti-peptic ulcer drugs</li> <li>Anti diarrhoea – Fluid and electrolyte therapy, Furazolidone, dicyclomine</li> </ul> </li> <li>Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity</li> </ul>	

Unit	Time	Content
	(Hrs)	Drugs acting on respiratory system
		Pharmacology of commonly used
		- Anti-asthmatics
		- Bronchodilators (Salbutamol inhalers)
		- Decongestants
IV	4	- Expectorants, Antitussives and Mucolytics
		- Broncho-constrictors and Antihistamines
		Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications,
		drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity
		Drugs used in treatment of Cardiovascular system and blood disorders
		Hematinic in treatment of anemia
		Cholinergic and anti-cholinergic
		Adrenergic Drugs for CHF, anti-adrenergic & vasodilators
		Anti-anginal
V	5	Antiarrhythmic
•	3	Antihypertensive
		Coagulants & Anticoagulants
		Antiplatelet & thrombolytic
		Hypolipidemics
		Plasma expanders & treatment of shock
		Drugs used to treat blood disorders
		• Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications,
		drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity
		<ul> <li>Drugs used in treatment of endocrine system disorders</li> <li>Insulin &amp; oral hypoglycemic agents</li> </ul>
VI	4	Thyroid and anti-thyroid drugs
		Steroids, Corticosteroids, Anabolic steroids
		Calcitonin, parathormone, vit D3, calcium metabolism, Calcium salts
		Drugs used in treatment of integumentary system
		Antihistaminic and antipruritic
		Topical applications for skin Benzyl benzoate, Gamma BHC,
VII	4	Clotrimazole, Miconazole, Silver Sulphadiazine (burns)
		Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications,
		drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity
		Drugs used in treatment of communicable diseases (common infections,
		infestations)
		General Principles for use of Antimicrobials
		Pharmacology of commonly used drugs:      The state of the state
		- Penicillin, Cephalosporin's, Aminoglycosides, Macrolide
		& broad-spectrum antibiotics, Sulfonamides, quinolones, Misc. antimicrobials
VIII	5	Anaerobic infections
,		Anaerooic infections     Anti- tubercular drugs
		Anti-tubercular drugs     Anti-leprosy drugs
		Anti-leprosy drugs     Antimalarial
		Antiretroviral drugs

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content
		<ul> <li>Antiviral agents</li> <li>Anthelminthic, Anti scabies agents</li> <li>Antifungal agents</li> <li>Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity.</li> </ul>
IX	3	<ul> <li>Drugs used in disorders of ear, nose, throat &amp; Eye</li> <li>Antihistaminic</li> <li>Topical applications for eye (Chloramphenicol, Gentamycin eye drops), ear (Soda glycerin ear drops, boric acid ear drops, spirit boric ear drops), nose and buccal cavity-chlorhexidine mouthwash</li> <li>Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity.</li> </ul>
X	3	<ul> <li>Drugs used on urinary system</li> <li>Pharmacology of commonly used drugs         Renin angiotensin system         Diuretics and antidiuretics         Drugs toxic to kidney         Urinary antiseptics         Treatment of UTI – acidifiers and alkalinizers</li> <li>Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse</li> </ul>
XI	5	<ul> <li>Drugs acting on nervous system</li> <li>Basis &amp; applied pharmacology of commonly used drugs</li> <li>Analgesics and anaesthetics         <ul> <li>Analgesics - Non steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) drugs</li> <li>Antipyretics</li> <li>Opioids &amp; other l analgesics, General (techniques of GA, preanesthetic medication) &amp; local anesthetics</li> <li>Gases: oxygen, nitrous oxide, carbon-dioxide &amp; others</li> <li>Hypnotics and sedatives</li> <li>Skeletal muscle relaxants</li> <li>Anti-psychotics</li> <li>Mood stabilizers</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Antidepressants</li> <li>Anti-Anxiety Drugs</li> <li>Anticonvulsants</li> <li>Drugs for neurodegenerative disorders &amp; miscellaneous drugs</li> <li>Stimulants, ethyl alcohol and treatment of methyl alcohol poisoning</li> <li>Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug Interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity.</li> </ul>

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content
		Drugs used for hormonal, disorders and supplementation, contraception
		and medical termination of pregnancy
		Estrogens and progesterone's
VII	2	Oral contraceptives and hormone replacement therapy
XII	3	Vaginal contraceptives
		Drugs for infertility and medical termination of pregnancy, Uterine
		stimulants and relaxants
		• Composition, actions, dosage, route, indications, contraindications,
		drugs interactions, side effects, adverse, effects, adverse effects,
		toxicity.
		Drugs used for pregnant women during antenatal, labor and postnatal period
		Tetanus prophylaxis
		<ul> <li>Iron and Vit K1 supplementation</li> </ul>
XIII	3	Oxytocin, Misoprostol
11111		Ergometrine
		Methyl prostaglandin F2-alpha
		Magnesium sulphate
		Calcium gluconate
		Miscellaneous
		Drugs used for de-addiction
		<ul> <li>Drugs used in CPR and emergency-adrenaline, Chlorpheniramine,</li> </ul>
		hydrocortisone, Dexamethasone
		IV fluids & electrolytes replacement
		Common poisons, drugs used for treatment of poisoning
XIV	5	Activated charcoal
		Ipecac
		Antidotes
		Anti-snake venom (ASV)
		Vitamins and minerals supplementation
		Vaccines & sera (Universal immunization program schedules)
		Anticancer drugs, Chemotherapeutic drugs commonly used
		Immuno-suppressants and Immunostimulants
		Introduction to drugs used in alternative systems of medicine:
XV	4	<ul> <li>Ayurveda, homeopathy, unani and siddha etc.</li> </ul>
		Drugs used

- 1. Padmaja Udaykumar, Text book of Medical Pharmacology, CBS, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2022.
- 2. Sharma.H.L & Sharma.K.K, Principles of Pharmacology, Paras Medical, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edi, 2017.
- 3. Tripathi.KD, Essentials of Medical Pharmacology, Jaypee Brothers, 8th Edition, 2018.

## **Examination Pattern**

**Duration** 

Theory exam: 75 marks 3 hours
Internal assessment (Theory) 25 marks

100 marks

**Guidelines for setting Question Paper for Theory Examination:** 

1. Prepare the question papers for 75 marks.

2. Set questions within the course syllabus covering entire syllabus with equal distribution from all topics in each section.

**Pattern of Question Paper:** 

Long answer question -  $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}$ Short answer question -  $7 \times 5 = 35 \text{ marks}$ Very Short answer -  $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks}$ 

# 10. Basics of Renal Dialysis Technology

Placement: II Year (III Semester)
Time: Theory Hours: 60 Hrs
Practical Hours: 30 Hrs (Lab)

Clinical Hours: 330 Hrs

# **Course Description:**

The course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the basic concepts, Principles, equipment, composition and membrane of dialysis, Water treatment and reuses, anticoagulation therapy in dialysis with emphasis on clinical application to practice.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content	
I	5 Hrs	<ul> <li>Dialysis</li> <li>The concept (Brief history, definition, mechanism) Components of Dialysis Access, blood flow, anticoagulant, dialysate, initiation of dialysis, Indications of dialysis)</li> <li>Hemodialysis: Basics (Blood circuit: tubing, pump, dialyzer, flow rate, dialysate circuit, concentrates, delivery systems, flow rate)</li> <li>Peritoneal Dialysis: Basic concepts</li> </ul>	
II	3 Hrs	<ul> <li>Principle of dialysis</li> <li>Types of Hemodialysis, Principles of Hemodialysis</li> <li>Principles of peritoneal dialysis</li> <li>Solute transport mechanism in both types of dialysis</li> </ul>	
III	2 Hrs	<ul> <li>Dialysis teams</li> <li>Dialysis Team (Doctors, Technologist, Nurses, Technician, Renal Dietician) rights, responsibilities and relationship with patients</li> </ul>	
IV	10 Hrs	<ul> <li>Water Treatment and Reuse</li> <li>Purpose</li> <li>Preventing harm to patients</li> <li>Preventing harm to equipment.</li> <li>How water becomes impure?</li> <li>Types of contaminants and effects on Patients <ul> <li>Microbiological pollutions</li> <li>Solid impurities</li> <li>Chemical impurities</li> </ul> </li> <li>Components of water treatment plant &amp; theirarrangement (Feed water components, R.O process)</li> <li>Monitoring water treatment plant continuous</li> <li>Periodic monitoring Microbiological testing <ul> <li>Chemical monitoring (Chloramines, Na+, K+)</li> <li>Routine blood chemistries, Monitoring Pt.Symptoms</li> </ul> </li> <li>Disinfection.</li> <li>Water quality</li> <li>AAMI Standard Ultra-pure water</li> <li>Dialyzer reprocessing and reuse of dialyzers</li> </ul>	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content		
V	5 Hrs	<ul> <li>Equipment</li> <li>Machine front panel</li> <li>Blood Circuit</li> <li>Dialysate Circuit.</li> <li>Proportioning system</li> <li>Various Alarms and safety profile</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>UF Controller</li> <li>Disinfection</li> </ul>		
VI	5 Hrs	<ul> <li>Composition of Dialysate</li> <li>The concept (Brief history, definition, mechanism) Components of Dialysis Access, blood flow, anticoagulant, dialysate, initiation of dialysis, Indications of dialysis)</li> <li>Types of dialysate solution</li> <li>Composition of acid, bicarbonate</li> <li>Electrolytes managed through dialysate solution</li> <li>RO water for composition, mixing proportional</li> </ul>		
VII	3 Hrs	<ul> <li>Dialysis Membrane</li> <li>Characteristics (Molecular weight cut off; Ultrafiltration coefficient (Kuf);         Mass transfer coefficient (KoA) and efficiency; Low and high flux;         Clearance(K) Biocompatibility, Newer membranes/ High performance         membranes</li> </ul>		
VIII	10 Hrs	Vascular access for Haemodialysis  Arteriovenous fistula  -Types of vascular access -Vessel preservation -Preoperative evaluation -Physical examination -Imaging studies -Allen Test -Venography  • Possible locations for upper extremity AV fistulas • Perioperative care and fistula maturation -Rules of six -Details of fistula maturation  • Initial trial cannulation of a new AV fistula  • Initial cannulation procedure  Arteriovenous grafts  • Potential AV graft locations -Common locations -Uncommon locations  • Postoperative care • Maturation • Physical examination of AV fistulas and grafts		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content		
		-Inspection		
		-Palpation and auscultation		
		-Pulse		
		-Thrill		
		-Auscultation		
		-Pulse augmentation and arm elevation tests		
		Anticoagulation		
		Heparin including Low Molecular Weight     Heparin		
IX	3Hrs	<ul><li>Heparin</li><li>Warfarin</li></ul>		
1A	SHIS			
		Regional citrate anticoagulation     Antiplatelet Drugg		
		<ul><li>Antiplatelet Drugs</li><li>Thrombolytic agents</li></ul>		
		Complications during haemodialysis		
		Biochemical investigations for dialysis patients and its significance		
		77 77' - 1 11'		
	5 Hrs	Mechanisms of solute transport     Solute removal from the perspective of the dialyser.		
		<ul><li>Solute removal from the perspective of the dialyser</li><li>Concept of clearance</li></ul>		
X		±		
		<ul> <li>URR, spKt/V, eKt/V</li> <li>Solute removal from the patient perspective</li> </ul>		
		Access re-circulation		
		Cardiopulmonary re-circulation		
		<ul> <li>Urea nitrogen generation rate (g) and the Npna</li> </ul>		
		Residual renal function		
		Adequacy of Dialysis		
	4 Hrs	HD Prescription		
		Hemodialysis adequacy		
XI		Anticoagulation		
		Infection control and universal precautions		
		Drugs and dialysis		
		Investigations in nephrology:		
		History taking		
	5Hrs	Urine examination		
****		Hemogram		
XII		Serology biomedical tests		
		Radio imaging in nephrology		
		Renal biopsy		
		<ul> <li>Investigations required before starting of dialysis</li> </ul>		

# Practical's:

- Case discussion Nephrotic syndrome, nephritis, Acute renal failure, chronic renal failure.
- Screening and investigation of kidney diseases
- Hemodialysis unit
- Demineralization plant
- Machine use

- Initiation of Dialysis
- Conduction of Dialysis
- Dialysis closure
- Washing, cleaning, reuse
- Anticoagulation

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1 Kasi Visweswaran, Handbook of dialysis, Bhalani Publication 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2022.
- 2 Anjani Sharma, Handbook of Dialysis Technician, Mount book Pub, 2<sup>nd</sup> edi, 2022.
- 3 Allen R Nisenson, Handbook of Dialysis Technology, Elsevier, 1st Edi, 2017.
- 4 Judith.Z.Kallenbach, Review of Hemodialysis, Elsevier, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.
- 5 John T Daugirdas & Peter G Blake, Hand Book of Dialysis, Wolters Kluwer Pvt, 5<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2014.

Examination Pattern		Duration
Theory exam: (one paper)	80 marks	3 hours
Practical exam	50 marks	3 hours
Oral exam	20 marks	
Internal assessment (Theory)	25 marks	
Internal assessment (Practical)	25 marks	
	200 marks	
The practical examination will have the	following component	S
Identification of Spotters	20 m	arks
Identification of machine parts	20 m	arks
Water treatment and re use	10 m	arks
	50 m	narks

## **Guidelines for setting Question Paper for Theory Examination:**

- 1. Prepare the question papers for 80 marks.
- 2. Set questions within the course syllabus covering entire syllabus with equal distribution from all topics in each section.

#### **Distribution of Course Content**

- 1. Dialysis, Principles, water treatment and re use, equipment and composition of dialysis.
- 2. Dialysis Membrane, Composition of Dialysate, Vascular access for hemo dialysis, anticoagulation, Complication, Adequacy of dialysis and investigation.

## **Pattern of Question Paper:**

Long answer question -  $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}$ Short answer question -  $8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks}$ Very Short answer -  $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks}$ 

# C 5. Biomedical waste management

Placement: II Year (IV Semester)

Time: Theory: 30hrs

# **Course Description:**

The course is designed to assists student to acquire the knowledge to provide the fundamentals of biomedical wastesand various aspects of their management right from generation through collection and disposal with emphasis on clinical application to practice.

Unit	Time(Hrs)	Content
I	5	<ul> <li>Introduction to Hospital Waste</li> <li>Definition, Classification of hospital wastes</li> <li>Types and composition: Types of solids, liquids, sharps, blood and bloodtissue, radioactive material, biological and chemical material</li> <li>Hospital effluents: Nature and composition, Levels of Generation in a small clinic, nursing home, small and large hospitals, Storage of hospital waste; Types of bags and containers used for storage</li> </ul>
II	5	<ul> <li>Biomedical Waste Management Guideline</li> <li>Requirement</li> <li>Documentation of Biomedical waste types and guidelines</li> <li>Bio-medical wastes (Management &amp; Handling) Rules, 1998; and amendments</li> </ul>
III	5	Principles of Biomedical Waste Management
IV	5	<ul> <li>Waste prevention</li> <li>Waste reduction activities</li> <li>Waste recycling</li> </ul>
V	5	Biomedical Waste Treatment Facility  Introduction, location, land requirements  Coverage area, types of equipment  Infrastructure requirements  Record keeping  Waste collection, transport and storage facilities  Precautions required

- 1. P.N.Harikumal & Ann Naisy Jacob, Medical Waste Management, Abhijieet, 1<sup>st</sup> Edi, 2021.
- 2. Shishir Basarkar, Hospital Waste Management, Jaypee, 1st Edition, 2019.
- 3. Anantpreet Singh & Sukhgit Kaur, Biomedical Waste Disposal, Jaypee, 1st Edi 2012.

# C 6. Environmental Science

Placement: II Year (IV Semester) Time: Theory: 30 Hours

# **Course Description:**

The students should gain knowledge to understand the multidisciplinary nature of the environment and the awareness of the eco system, which maintains the natural environment.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content
		Multi-disciplinary nature of environmental studies
т .	2	Definition
I	2	Scope and importance
		Need for public awareness.
		Natural Resources
		Renewable and non-renewable resources
		Natural resources and associated problems.
		- Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies.
		Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forest and tribal
		people.
		- Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water,
		floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems.
		- Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of
II	7	extracting and using mineral resources
		- Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture
		and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide
		problems, water logging, salinity.
		- Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable
		energy sources, use of alternate energy sources.
		- Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification.
		Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources
		<ul> <li>Equitable use of resources for sustainable life styles</li> <li>Ecosystems</li> </ul>
		Concept of an ecosystem.
		Structure and function of an ecosystem.
		Producers, consumers and decomposers.
		Energy flow in the ecosystem.
		Ecological succession.
III	4	Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids.
		Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the
		following ecosystems:-
		- Forest ecosystem
		- Grassland ecosystem
		- Desert ecosystem
		- Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content
IV	5	<ul> <li>Biodiversity and its conservation</li> <li>Introduction – Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity.</li> <li>Bio geographical classification of India.</li> <li>Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values.</li> <li>Biodiversity at global, National and local levels.</li> <li>India as a mega-diversity nation.</li> <li>Hot-sports of biodiversity.</li> <li>Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts.</li> <li>Endangered and endemic species of India</li> <li>Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.</li> </ul>
V	3	<ul> <li>Environmental Pollution</li> <li>Definition Cause, effects and control measures of: <ul> <li>Air pollution</li> <li>Water pollution</li> <li>Soil pollution</li> <li>Marine pollution</li> <li>Noise pollution</li> <li>Thermal pollution</li> <li>Nuclear hazards</li> </ul> </li> <li>Solid waste Management: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes.</li> <li>Role of an individual in prevention of pollution.</li> <li>Pollution case studies.</li> <li>Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.</li> </ul>
VI	6	Social Issues and the Environment  From Unsustainable to Sustainable development  Urban problems related to energy  Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management  Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns.  Case Studies  Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions.  Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies.  Wasteland reclamation.  Consumerism and waste products.  Environment Protection Act.  Air (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act.  Wildlife Protection Act  Forest Conservation Act  Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content
		Human Population and the Environment
		<ul> <li>Population growth, variation among nations.</li> </ul>
VII	3	<ul> <li>Population explosion – Family Welfare Programme.</li> </ul>
		Environment and human health.
		Human Rights.
		Value Education.
		• HIV/AIDS
		Women and Child Welfare.
		<ul> <li>Role of Information Technology in Environment and human health.</li> </ul>
		Case studies

- 1. Agarwal, R.K, Environmental Science, Krishna Prakashan, 1st Edition.2020.
- 2. Bharucha Erach, The Biodiversity of India, Mapin Publication, 1<sup>st</sup> edition, 2002.

# 11. Applied Dialysis Technology - I

Placement: III Year (V Semester)

Time: Theory: 60hrs
Clinical: 240 Hrs

## **Course Description:**

The course is designed to enable the students to acquire knowledge on history of dialysis and nephrology, anatomy and physiology of dialysis, principles of dialysis, vascular access – temporary & permanent, procedure of venipuncture, maintenance of records and reports and demonstrate the procedure with emphasis on clinical application to practice.

Unit	Time	Content				
	(Hrs)					
I	15 Hrs	<ul> <li>History of Dialysis –Indian History of dialysis</li> <li>History of Nephrology: Acute Kidney Injury, Renal angiogram, Biopsy and Transplant</li> <li>Anatomy &amp; Physiology of dialysis:         <ul> <li>Peritoneal Anatomy (Basic), The peritoneal membrane as a "dialyzer.", The three-pore model.</li> <li>Peritoneal Physiology, Diffusion Ultra diffusion, Absorption, Clinical Assessment.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Principles of Dialysis, quantification of adequacy:         <ul> <li>Principles of diffusion, filtration, ultrafiltration, convection, and osmosis.</li> <li>Solute transport and fluid movement during dialysis.</li> <li>Principles of fluid dynamics. Hemodialysis &amp; Peritoneal Dialysis.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Measuring dialysis adequately:         <ul> <li>Urea reduction ratio - Urea Kinetic Modeling. Pre –dialysis and post dialysis - BUN Measurement. Measurement of KT/V</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				
II	15 Hrs	<ul> <li>Vascular Access – Temporary &amp; Permanent:</li> <li>Types of vascular access – Fistulae, Grafts, Catheters.</li> <li>Pre- dialysis assessments for all types of vascular access.</li> <li>Methods of needle insertion for AVFs and grafts.</li> <li>Pre - dialysis assessment, accessing procedure, exit site of and monitoring of catheters.</li> </ul> Types of Dialysis:				

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content		
III	15 Hrs	<ul> <li>Equipment, Accessories&amp; Function (hemodialysis machine, peritoneal dialysis machine):</li> <li>Types of equipment used in the dialysis process.</li> <li>Parts of a dialysis machine, tubing's and the water supply for dialysis.</li> <li>Overview of the various equipment, accessories and working of a dialysis machine-The technology, functioning, calibration, and sterilization of dialysis machine according to their: Type/ brand, Frequency and duration of use, Importance of Calibration and Sterilization, Recording (Calibration, Sterilization and set up details), Planning and Organizing Scheduled Maintenance, Various indicators, alarms and sensors of the dialysis machine.</li> <li>Corrective steps to be taken when a particular alarm goes off</li> </ul>		
IV	15 Hrs	<ul> <li>Infection control and sterilization:         <ul> <li>Morphology of microorganisms, Sterilization and Disinfection, Microbiology of vascular access infection (femoral, jugular, subclavian catheters), Sampling methodologies for culture &amp; sensitivity, Principles and Practice of Biomedical waste management</li> </ul> </li> <li>Renal data maintenance:         <ul> <li>Records and reports maintained in the dialysis unit. Need for maintenance of records and report.</li> <li>The technologist's responsibility in maintenance of records and report. Medico legal aspects of maintenance of records</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

#### Practical's:

- A.V. Cannulation
- A.V. Fistula
- Initiation of dialysis through central venous catheters Internal
- Jugular Femoral Subclavian vein, Packing and sterilization of dialysis trays
- Termination of Dialysis

- 1. Bhagavan & Clement, Textbook on Renal Dialysis, EMMESS, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2017.
- 2. Kasi Visweswaran, Handbook of Dialysis, Bhalani Publication 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2022.
- 3. Anjani Sharma & Faswal Pichan, Handbook of Dialysis Technician, Mount book, 2<sup>nd</sup> edi 2022.
- 4. Allen R Nissenson & Richard.N.Fine, Handbook of Dialysis Technology, Elsevier, 1<sup>st</sup> Edi, 2017.
- 5. Judith.Z.Kallenbach, Review of Hemodialysis, Elsevier Publication, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.
- 6. John T Daugirdas & Peter G Blake, Hand book of Dialysis, Wolters Kluwer, 5<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2014.
- 7. Steven Guest Handbook of Peritoneal Dialysis, Sabu press Publication, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition,
- 8. Davison A.M., Oxford Textbook of Clinical Nephrology, Oxford University (Vol 3), 2016

#### **Examination Pattern**

80 marks Theory exam: (one paper) Practical exam 50 marks Oral exam 20 marks Internal assessment (Theory) 25 marks Internal assessment (Practical) 25 marks -----

200 marks

\_\_\_\_\_

#### The practical examination will have the following components

**Identification of Spotters** 20 marks Demonstration of initiation of dialysis 20 marks Calibration and Sterilization of dialysis machine 10 marks

50 marks

**Duration** 

3 hours

3 hours

**Guidelines for setting Question Paper for Theory Examination:** 

#### **Distribution of Course Content**

- Prepare the question papers for 80 marks.
- 2. Set questions within the course syllabus covering entire syllabus with equal distribution from all topics in each section.

## **Instruction to Question Paper Setter**

- 1. Introduction, Anatomy and Physiology of Dialysis, Principles of Dialysis, Measures of Dialysis adequacy.
- 2. Equipment, Accessories, Infection control, sterilization and Renal data maintenance.

#### **Pattern of Question Paper:**

Long answer question  $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}$ Short answer question  $8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks}$ Very Short answer 10 X 2 = 20 marks

# 12. Advance Dialysis Technology - I

Placement: III Year (V Semester)

Time: Theory: 60hrs
Clinical: 180 Hrs

# **Course Description:**

The course is designed to enable the students to understand the types of dialysis and its implications, the various modalities of renal replacement therapy and differentiate between peritoneal dialysis, SLED, CRRT, High efficiency dialysis with emphasis on clinical application to practice.

	ı			
Unit	Time	Content		
	(Hrs)			
I	15 Hrs	<ul> <li>Hemodialysis:         <ul> <li>The process of Haemodialysis, vascular access, Starting Haemodialysis, priming of the dialyser, alarms and the settings of a dialyser, completion of Haemodialysis, closing the Haemodialysis. Cleaning of the tubing and dialyser and the dialysis machine.</li> <li>Complications of Haemodialysis Acute &amp; chronic Complications of Haemodialysis: acute complications – monitoring, prevention for acute complications. Chronic complications – list, prevention strategies, monitoring for chronic complications.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
II	15 Hrs	Preparation and positioning of patient for dialysis, Patient Assessment – Pre, intra & post dialysis & Machine and patient monitoring during Hemodialysis:  • Introduction to patient assessment, Understanding a treatment plan, Equipment preparation  • Dialysate - Dialyser and Blood lines, Decisions regarding the appropriate size and type of catheter/ IV tubing to be used Connecting patients to the machine- Initiation of dialysis  • Removing fluid • Replacing fluid - • Drawing blood samples • Testing blood samples  • Testing blood samples.  Measuring dialysis adequacy: • Urea reduction ratio - Urea Kinetic Modelling. • Pre —dialysis and post dialysis - BUN Measurement. Factors affecting dialysis treatment, communicating and documenting the findings prior to the dialysis process.  Starting the dialysis treatment: • Monitoring during dialysis - Patient Monitoring (blood pressure, temperature, rate of blood flow, proper mixture of dialysate, presence of air bubbles)-Technical Monitoring		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content			
III	15 Hrs	Importance of reporting, HD Complications during dialysis:  Clinical complications Technical Complications Procedure to disconnect the patient procedure for removing the IVcannula Post dialysis procedures, Post dialysis patient evaluation, Recording of the Treatment, recording changes in Patient's condition, Preparation of status and progress reports, Equipment clean up and Maintenance, Recording the dialysis procedure on the medical report/chart of the patient.  Dialysate delivery system: Definition of a delivery system, types of delivery systems.  Composition of dialysate: Various dialysate compositions, its uses and indications. Method for obtaining various compositions of dialysate  Anticoagulation Use of anticoagulation in the dialysis setting, various anticoagulants used, Monitoring during use of anticoagulants. Method of administration, Calculation of anticoagulants, use & complications. Heparin free dialysis - need and indication. Regional citrate anticoagulation.  High flux / high efficiency dialysis: Definition of high flux / high efficiency dialysis, differences between high flux dialysis and Haemodialysis, use and indications for high flux dialysis, complications of high flux dialysis, precautions and contraindications. Care during a high flux dialysis.			
IV	15 Hrs	<ul> <li>Peritoneal Dialysis:</li> <li>Acute and Chronic Peritoneal Dialysis. PD.</li> <li>Transport kinetics, ultra-filtration, Intermittent PD, Continuous Ambulatory Peritoneal Dialysis, Automated Peritoneal Dialysis, Dialysis Solutions, Novel uses of PD. Adequacy of peritoneal dialysis, chronic peritoneal Dialysis</li> <li>KT/V Creatinine clearance.</li> <li>PET - Peritoneal Equilibrium test and interpretation.</li> <li>Infectious and non-infectious complications of PD Introduction to complications in peritoneal dialysis.</li> <li>List of complication: Catheter Infections, Peritonitis Inadequate flow or drainage of the dialysis fluid, Lesions, Ultrafiltration failure.</li> <li>Management of exit site infection, Early Exit Site Care.</li> <li>Chronic Care of the Healed Exit Site, Diagnosing Exit Site Infections, Treatment of exit-site infections.</li> <li>Technique to culture exit site infection, Medical management of CAPD, peritonitis, Initiation of therapy based on gram stain results, Antibiotic selection.</li> </ul>			

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content	
	(IIIs)	<ul> <li>Medications in dialysis, Nutrition management in dialysis patients.</li> <li>Common drugs used for a patient on dialysis.</li> <li>Use of antibiotics during and post dialysis, considerations to be taken.</li> <li>Erythropoietin use in patients on dialysis - dosage and administration.</li> <li>Antihypertensive use - considerations during dialysis.</li> <li>Vaccines for patients on haemodialysis - need and the schedule.</li> <li>Introduction to nutrition and RDA's. Renal diet, teaching for</li> </ul>	
		a patient on renal diet, Diet & method of cooking to be employed, Planning a renal diet for a patient with CRF.	

#### Practical's:

- Setting up a dialysis machine for dialysis
- Preparation of concentrates depending on the situation
- Reuse of dialysis apparatus
- Isolated ultra-filtration.
- Performance of peritoneal dialysis exchange manually
- Setting up of automated peritoneal dialysis equipment

- 1. Bhagavan & Clement, Textbook on Renal Dialysis, EMMESS, 8th Edition, 2017.
- 2. Kasi Visweswaran, Handbook of Dialysis, Bhalani Publication 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2022.
- 3. Anjani Sharma & Faswal Pichan, Handbook of Dialysis Technician, Mount book, 2<sup>nd</sup> edi 2022.
- 4. Allen R Nissenson & Richard.N.Fine, Handbook of Dialysis Technology, Elsevier, 1<sup>st</sup> Edi, 2017.
- 5. Judith.Z.Kallenbach, Review of Hemodialysis, Elsevier Publication, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.
- 6. John T Daugirdas & Peter G Blake, Hand book of Dialysis, Wolters Kluwer, 5<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2014.
- 7. Steven Guest Handbook of Peritoneal Dialysis, Sabu press Publication, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition,
- 8. Davison A.M., Oxford Textbook of Clinical Nephrology, Oxford University (Vol 3), 2016.

## **Examination Pattern**

Internal assessment (Theory)

**Duration** 

Theory exam: 75 marks 3 hours

100 marks

25 marks

**Guidelines for setting Question Paper for Theory Examination:** 

1. Prepare the question papers for 75 marks.

2. Set questions within the course syllabus covering entire syllabus with equal distribution from all topics in each section.

**Pattern of Question Paper:** 

Long answer question -  $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}$ Short answer question -  $7 \times 5 = 35 \text{ marks}$ Very Short answer -  $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks}$ 

# C 7. Medical Ethics

Placement: III Year (V Semester) Time: Theory: 30 Hours

## **Course Description:**

The Course is designed to understand the basics of Medical Law and Ethics in relation to clinical science.

#### **Course Outline**

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content
I	5 Hrs	<ul> <li>Introduction to Ethics-</li> <li>what is ethics</li> <li>what are values and norms</li> <li>Hippocratic oath</li> </ul>
II	15 Hrs	Ethics of individual  Doctor patient relationship.  right to be respected.  Truth and confidentiality  Autonomy of decision  The patient as a person
III	10 Hrs	Professional Ethics     Code of conduct     malpractice and negligence.     contract and confidentiality.

- 1. Erich H Loewy, Text book of Medical Ethics, Springer publications, 1<sup>st</sup> edition, 2014.
- 2. Shaun.D.Pattinson, Medical Laws and Ethics, Sweet and Maxwell, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2015.
- 3. Princy Louis Palatty et.al A Textbook of Bioethics for Healthcare Professionals, 1<sup>st</sup> Edi, 2018

# 13. Applied Dialysis Technology - II

Placement: III Year (VI Semester)

Time: Theory: 60 hrs
Clinical: 180 Hrs

## **Course Description:**

The course is designed to help the students to develop and understand the various complications of hemodialysis in terms of the technologist's responsibility in prevention and worsening of the complications, dialysis in special cases, various conditions and their association in dialysis and skills in follow up care and quality maintenance in terms of renal dialysis treatment modalities and procedures.

Unit	Time	Content		
	(Hrs)			
		Acute and chronic dialysis prescription/ consideration:		
		Common drugs for patients with ARF & CRF, Actions, side		
		effects		
I	10	• Special considerations: Patients with Renal anemia,		
		Congestive cardiac failure (CCF), advanced liver disease,		
		Positive with HIV, HBsAG & HCV.		
		<ul> <li>Failed Transplant, Poisoning cases &amp; pregnancy.</li> </ul>		
		Dialysis in Neonates, infants, children & adolescents:		
		<ul> <li>Dialysis for infants and neonates, vascular access in this</li> </ul>		
		special group, dialysis settings, Monitoring for		
		complications and management of complications.		
	15	• Role of technician in nosocomial infection & infection		
II		control.		
		Special Problems in dialysis patients:		
		<ul> <li>Cardiovascular diseases, Diabetes, Hypertension, Infections</li> </ul>		
		(HBV, HCV, HIV), Bone diseases, Aluminum toxicity.		
		• Role of technician in nosocomial infection & infection		
		control.		
		Psychosocial aspects & patient education, psychological impact		
		of a chronic disease:		
		<ul> <li>Psychology of patient with disease prognosis, the financial</li> </ul>		
111	1.5	implications of the disease, the family and its role in the care		
III	15	of the patient with CRF.		
		<ul> <li>Patient education on diet, prevention of complications, drug compliance.</li> </ul>		
		Rehabilitation for acute and chronic CKD or dialysis patient.		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content		
IV	20 Hrs	<ul> <li>Instruct patients about in-house treatment and precaution:         <ul> <li>Identification of the type of patient for whom in house treatment is possible and in line with doctor's advice, procedure of inhouse treatment options, pros and cons of inhouse treatment options, the relevant protocol and procedures to be followed to carry out the process.</li> </ul> </li> <li>General principles of hospital:         <ul> <li>Hospital structure and organization, Care of Patient, Basic Assessment Skills, First aid &amp; Basic Life Support, Maintenance of Hygiene &amp; Infection Control Practices, Principles of asepsis, Maintenance of Medications in the department, Specialized Investigations - Care of Patients, Medico - Legal Issues.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Quality assurance in dialysis:         <ul> <li>Standards of practice, Various risks to quality and safety, JCI recommendations, NABH recommendations. Infection control policies and procedures in the dialysis unit.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

#### Practical's:

- Train in performing peritoneal dialysis, and personal care.
- Practice personal safety & standard precautions.
- Handling complications during dialysis procedures.
- Maintain quality and safety
- Unit priming (Setting)
- A.V. Cannulation & Termination
- A.V. Fistula / A.V. Grafting
- Dialysis catheterization (Internal Jugular Femoral Subclavian vein
- Packing including sterilization

- 1. Bhagavan & Clement, Textbook on Renal Dialysis, EMMESS, 8th Edition, 2017.
- 2. Kasi Visweswaran, Handbook of Dialysis, Bhalani Publication 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2022.
- 3. Anjani Sharma & Faswal Pichan, Handbook of Dialysis Technician, Mount book, 2<sup>nd</sup> edi 2022.
- 4. Allen R Nissenson & Richard.N.Fine, Handbook of Dialysis Technology, Elsevier, 1<sup>st</sup> Edi, 2017.
- 5. Judith.Z.Kallenbach, Review of Hemodialysis, Elsevier Publication, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.
- 6. John T Daugirdas & Peter G Blake, Hand book of Dialysis, Wolters Kluwer, 5<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2014.
- 7. Steven Guest Handbook of Peritoneal Dialysis, Sabu press Publication, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition,
- 8. Davison A.M., Oxford Textbook of Clinical Nephrology, Oxford University (Vol 3), 2016.

#### **Examination Pattern**

#### **Duration**

Theory exam: 75 marks 3 hours

Internal assessment (Theory) 25 marks
-----100 marks

**Guidelines for setting Question Paper for Theory Examination:** 

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1. Prepare the question papers for 75 marks.

2. Set questions within the course syllabus covering entire syllabus with equal distribution from all topics in each section.

**Pattern of Question Paper:** 

Long answer question -  $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}$ Short answer question -  $7 \times 5 = 35 \text{ marks}$ Very Short answer -  $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks}$ 

# 14. Advance Dialysis Technology - II

Placement: III Year (VI Semester)

Time: Theory: 60 hrs
Clinical: 240 Hrs

# **Course Description:**

The course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding regarding advancement in dialysis, Practice independently SLED, CRRT, high efficiency dialysis and different Advanced Renal therapies.

Course Outline Time				
Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content		
I	15	<ul> <li>New generation dialysis:         <ul> <li>Recent advances in hemodialysis, Nocturnal dialysis, online dialysis, Daily dialysis, Telemedicine in dialysis practices.</li> <li>Water treatment-pretreatment, deionizer, Reverse Osmosis:</li> <li>Purpose of water treatment for dialysis. Components of a dialysis center water treatment system. Advantages and disadvantages of water softeners, carbon tanks, reverse osmosis, de ionization, and ultraviolet irradiation in the treatment of water for dialysis.</li> <li>Monitoring of water treatment systems - disinfection, microbiological testing, water sampling and chemical monitoring.</li> <li>Method for microbiological testing of the water treatment system</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
II	15	Typical water treatment monitoring schedule, reverse osmosis process and system:  • Definition of RO, cartridge pre-filter, reverse osmosis pump and monitor assembly, RO membranes, Quality assessment mechanisms, JCI requirements, ISO requirements, checklists and tools used for optimal compliance.		
III	10	<ul> <li>Dialysis reuse:</li> <li>History of dialyzer reprocessing. Reason for dialysis reprocessing. Steps involved in dialyzer reprocessing. Hazards of dialyzer reprocessing.</li> <li>Documentation for dialyzer reprocessing.</li> </ul>		
IV	15	<ul> <li>Dialyzer Membranes:         <ul> <li>Introduction to dialyzer membranes. Composition of the dialyzer membranes, types its use and sizes of the various membranes. Principles on which the dialyzer membranes work.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Renal Therapies (continuous):         <ul> <li>Definition, indications, uses, method of initiation of dialysis, contraindications of therapy.</li> <li>Complications of therapy and ways to prevent complications.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content		
		<ul> <li>Monitoring during MARS dialysis, SLED and CRRT.</li> <li>Nocturnal hemodialysis/ short daily dialysis -advantages</li> <li>Online Hemodiafiltration (HDF)</li> <li>Home Hemodialysis</li> <li>Technologist's roles and responsibilities during MARS dialysis CRRT &amp; SLED. Continuous therapies in hemodialysis, Hemo perfusion, Plasmapheresis. Basic and advanced cardiac Life Support</li> </ul>		
IV	5	Dialysis In Pediatric Populations  Indications Circuit setup Vascular Access Apparatus & Procedure Complications		

#### Practical's:

- Demonstrate Knowledge about Advancements in Renal Dialysis and in renal therapies.
- Demonstrate peritoneal dialysis, and its self-care.
- Involves family centered approach while providing patient care.
- Handling complications during dialysis procedure
- First assistant in minor procedures
- Dialysis Reuse
- CPR Demonstrations
- Prepare Presentations based on various kinds of data collection

- 1. Bhagavan & Clement, Textbook on Renal Dialysis, EMMESS, 8th Edition, 2017.
- 2. Kasi Visweswaran, Handbook of Dialysis, Bhalani Publication 1st Edition, 2022.
- 3. Anjani Sharma & Faswal Pichan, Handbook of Dialysis Technician, Mount book, 2<sup>nd</sup> edi 2022.
- 4. Allen R Nissenson & Richard.N.Fine, Handbook of Dialysis Technology, Elsevier, 1<sup>st</sup> Edi, 2017.
- 5. Judith.Z.Kallenbach, Review of Hemodialysis, Elsevier Publication, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.
- 6. John T Daugirdas & Peter G Blake, Hand book of Dialysis, Wolters Kluwer, 5<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2014.
- 7. Steven Guest Handbook of Peritoneal Dialysis, Sabu press Publication, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition,
- 8. Davison A.M., Oxford Textbook of Clinical Nephrology, Oxford University (Vol 3), 2016.

<b>Examination Pattern</b>		Duration
Theory exam: (one paper)	80 marks	3 hours
Practical exam	50 marks	3 hours
Oral exam	20 marks	
Internal assessment (Theory)	25 marks	
Internal assessment (Practical)	25 marks	
	200 marks	

## The practical examination will have the following components

Case presentation	20 marks
Identification of Spotters	15 marks
Identification of advance renal dialysis therapies	15 marks

50 marks

**Guidelines for setting Question Paper for Theory Examination:** 

1. Prepare the question papers for 75 marks.

2. Set questions within the course syllabus covering entire syllabus with equal distribution from all topics in each section.

## **Instruction to Question Paper Setter**

- 1. New Generation dialysis, Typical water treatment monitoring schedule, reverse osmosis, dialysis re use and dialysis membrane.
- 2. Advanced renal therapies and Dialysis in Paediatrics

## **Pattern of Question Paper:**

Long answer question	-	$2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}$
Short answer question	-	7  X  5 = 35  marks
Very Short answer	-	10  X  2 = 20  marks

# C 8. Bio-Statistics & Research Methodology

Placement: III Year (VI Semester) Time: Theory: 30 Hours

# **Course Description:**

At the end of the course, the students will be able to develop an understanding of the statistical methods and apply them in conducting research studies.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content
		Introduction:
I	3	<ul> <li>Concepts, types, significance and scope of statistics, Meaning of data, Sample, parameter</li> <li>Type and levels of data and their measurement</li> <li>Organization and presentation of data – Tabulation of data; Frequency distribution – Graphical and tabular presentations</li> </ul>
		Measures of central tendency:
II	2	<ul> <li>Mean, Median, Mode</li> <li>Measures of variability:</li> <li>Range, Percentiles, average deviation, quartile deviation, standard deviation</li> </ul>
		Normal Distribution:
III	2	<ul> <li>Probability,</li> <li>Characteristics and application of normal probability curve;</li> <li>Sampling</li> </ul>
		Measures of relationship:
IV	4	<ul> <li>Correlation – need and meaning</li> <li>Rank order correlation</li> <li>Scatter diagram method</li> <li>Product moment correlation</li> <li>Simple linear regression analysis and prediction.</li> </ul>
		Significance of Statistic and Significance of difference between two statistics
V	4	<ul> <li>(Testing hypothesis)</li> <li>Non parametric test – Chi-square test, Sign, median test, Mann Whitney test.</li> <li>Parametric test – 't' test, ANOVA, MANOVA, ANCOVA</li> </ul>
		Research Methods:
VI	7	<ul> <li>Research Meaning-</li> <li>Scope and Objectives</li> <li>.Research methods vs. Methodology.</li> <li>Types of research</li> <li>Descriptive vs. Analytical,</li> <li>Applied vs. Fundamental,</li> <li>Quantitative vs. Qualitative,</li> <li>Conceptual vs. Empirical,</li> </ul>

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content		
	, , ,	Concept of applied and basic research process,		
		Defining and formulating the research problem		
		Selecting the problem, necessity of defining the problem,		
		• Importance of literature review in defining a problem,		
		• criteria of good research.		
		Literature review		
		Primary and secondary sources,		
		• reviews, monograph, patents,		
		<ul> <li>research databases, web as a source, searching the web,</li> </ul>		
		critical literature review,		
		• identifying gap areas from literature and research database, development of working hypothesis		
		Data Collection And Sampling:		
		Data collection		
		Classification of data		
		Class intervals		
	8	Continuous and discrete measurements		
		Drawing frequency polygon		
		types of frequency polygon		
		Histogram		
		Accepts of method validation, observation and collection of data, methods of data collection		
		Sampling methods,		
		Data processing and analysis strategies and tools, data analysis with		
VII		statistical package		
VII		Sigma STAT, SPSS forstudent t-test, ANOVA, etc.		
		hypothesis testing.		
		Correlation		
		historical contribution		
		meaning of correlation		
		• types: Product, moment, content correlation, variation of product,		
		movement correlation, rank correlation,		
		Regression analysis.		
		Tests of significance- need for		
		sampling error		
		• significance of the mean		
		• significance of differences between means		
		• interpretation of probability levels – small samples – large samples.		

#### **Research Project Description:**

This project study shall be done by individuals or by group of individual students of the same class during internship. The student should identify a problem area of relevance to the theory and / or practice of Dialysis Technology to carry out an investigation of one aspect of that problem area, and to present a clear report on the process and result of the project work done.

The students are encouraged to identify problems of special interest to them that fall within the interest areas of Dialysis Technology services, and to aim towards knowledge on the topic in the specified problem area.

#### Desirable:

- A Research study to be done and submit the report before the one year of Internship.
- One or more value added courses (like Swayam) during final year or Internship.

- 1. Mahajan B.K., Methods in Biostatistics for Medical Students and Research Workers, Jaypee, 9<sup>th</sup> Edi, 2018.
- 2. Sundar Rao & Richard, Introduction to Biostatistics & Research Methods, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, 2012.
- 3. Negi K.S., Biostatistics, A.I.I.B.S,1<sup>st</sup> Edi, 2013.
- 4. Rao & Murthy, Applied Statistics in Health Sciences, J.B. Brothers, New Delhi 2010.
- 5. Visweswara Rao, Biostatistics & Manual of Statistical Methods for use in Health, Nutrition and Anthropology, J.B. Brothers Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 2009.

# VIII. Question Paper Pattern (Subject with Theory and Practical Exam)

# **Guidelines for setting a Question Paper for Theory Examination:**

- 1. Prepare the question papers for 80 marks.
- 2. Set questions within the course syllabus covering entire syllabus with equal distribution from all topics in each section.

# **Pattern of Question Paper**

Time: 3 hours	Max Marks: 80
	2x 10 =20 marks
I. Write essay on any TWO	
1.	
2.	
3.	
II. Write short notes on any EIGHT	$8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks}$
4. 5.	
5. 6.	
7.	
8.	
9.	
10.	
11.	
12.	
13.	
	10 0 0
III. Very Short Answer – <b>Answer all questions</b> :	$10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks}$
14.	
15. 16.	
10. 17.	
18.	
19.	
20.	
21.	
22.	
23.	

# **VIII. Question Paper Pattern**

# (Subject with Theory Exam and no Practical) Guidelines for setting a Question Paper for Theory Examination:

- 1. Prepare the question papers for 75 marks.
- 2. Set questions within the course syllabus covering entire syllabus with equal distribution from all topics in each section.

# **Pattern of Question Paper**

Time – 3 Hours	Maximum Marks – 75 Marks
Time – 3 Hours	
	2x 10 =20 marks
I. Write essay on any TWO	
1.	
2.	
3.	
II. Write short notes on any SEVEN	$7 \times 5 = 35 \text{ marks}$
4	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	
8.	
9.	
10.	
11.	
12.	
III. Very Short Answer – <b>Answer all questions</b> :	$10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks}$
13.	
14.	
15.	
16.	
17.	
18.	
19.	
20.	
21.	
22.	