



**PONDICHERRY UNIVERSITY**  
**UNESCO Madanjeet Singh Institute of South  
Asia Regional Cooperation (UMISARC)**

**CENTRE FOR SOUTH ASIAN STUDIES**



**Syllabus**  
**M.A. South Asian studies**

## Contents

1. Preface	Page No.02
2. Board of Studies	Page No.03
3. Course Structure	Page No.04-78
4. General Regulation for Admission	Page No.79
5. Break up of Internal / External Marks	Page No.80
6. Fees Structure	Page No.80-82
7. Academic Calendar	Page No.82-83

## *Preface*

Thanks to initiatives of the Vice-chancellor, Professor J.A.K. Tareen, Pondicherry University is the first and the only University in India to have a Post-graduate Programme in South Asian Studies. When I joined as the Director of Madanjeet Singh Institute of South Asia Regional Co-operation (MISARC), which is now running the programme, I strongly felt the need of revamping the syllabus to provide a cutting edge knowledge of South Asian history, society, culture, economy, governance, politics, foreign policy, regional co-operation and contemporary issues affecting the region.

Fortunately, the Vice-chancellor agreed with my view and the Board of Studies was reconstituted with eminent experts from different parts of the country. After two days' marathon discussion, the Board agreed on broad outline of a uniquely designed syllabus and authorized me to fill necessary details and prepare reading lists. I was able to do so with the help of my students, Mr. Parashmani Chandra and Project Fellow Dr. B.B. Biswas. I thank them and the Vice-chancellor for extending co-operation in this venture. If this will help students, my hard work will be rewarded.

Place: Puducherry

(Professor Nalini Kant Jha)

Date: May 4, 2010

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Gulf Studies Programme,  
Centre for West Asian & African Studies,  
School of International Studies,  
Jawaharlal Nehru University (JNU)  
New Delhi- 110067

# Course Structure

## Semester-I

### Compulsory Papers

- |   |            |
|---|------------|
| 1. SAST 401-Introduction to Political Ideas           | Page 06-08 |
| 2. SAST-402-Theories of International Relations       | Page 09-12 |
| 3. SAST-403-Colonialism and Nationalism in South Asia | Page 13-14 |

### Optional Papers

- |   |            |
|---|------------|
| 1. SAST-404-Understanding India                         | Page 15-19 |
| 2. SAST-405-Peace and Conflict Resolution in South Asia | Page 20-23 |
| 3. SAST-406-Developmental Challenges in South Asia      | Page 24-26 |

## Semester-II

### Compulsory Papers

- |  |            |
|--|------------|
| 1. SAST-411-Contemporary International Relations                       | Page 27-30 |
| 2. SAST-412-Introduction to Society, Culture and Economy of South Asia | Page 31-32 |
| 3. SAST-413-Research Methodology                                       | Page 33-35 |

### Optional Papers

- |  |            |
|--|------------|
| 1. SAST-414-Understanding Pakistan and Afghanistan | Page 36-38 |
| 2. SAST-415-Energy Security in South Asia          | Page 39-40 |
| 3. SAST-416-Environmental Issues in South Asia     | Page 41-42 |

## Semester-III

### Compulsory Papers

- |   |            |
|---|------------|
| 1. SAST-421-Government and Politics in South Asia | Page 43-45 |
| 2. SAST-422-Contemporary Issues in South Asia     | Page 46-48 |

3. SAST-423-South Asia in World Affairs Page 49-52

### **Optional Papers**

1. SAST-424-Understanding Nepal, Bhutan and Bangladesh Page 53-57

2. SAST-425-Maritime Security in South Asia Page 58-60

3. SAST-426-Civil Society and Human Rights in South Asia Page 61-63

### **Semester-IV**

#### **Compulsory Papers**

1. SAST-431-Regional Cooperation in South Asia Page 64-66

2. SAST-432-Foreign Policies of South Asian Countries Page 67-68

3. SAST-433-Dissertation Page 69

#### **Optional Papers**

1. SAST-434-Understanding Sri Lanka and Maldives Page 70-71

2. SAST-435-Major Domestic Challenges in South Asia Page 72-75

3. SAST-436-South Asia and International Institutions Page 76-78

INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL IDEAS  
Compulsory Paper-1  
Semester-I

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Credits Allotted	4
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper and book review
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	4 per week

**Course Rationale**

The purpose of this course is to generate a political awareness among the students about the distinctive features of Western, Oriental and South Asian political ideas. Through this course, students are expected to learn political theory and political reflections and argumentations by studying the Western and South Asian political ideas.

The first five sections of the course are intended to make students understand South Asian political and philosophical responses to Western modernity and imperialism. Further, focus will be on extent to which the modern South Asian political thought is a rejection, derivative, imitation or innovative transformation of modern, Western political thought.

Another half of the course is designed to make students aware of modern Western political theory including contemporary theoretical debates.

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**Course Contents**

1. Select Western Political Tradition I: Aristotle, Thomas Aquinas and Machiavelli.
2. Select Western Political Tradition II: Thomas Hobbes, Jeremy Bentham, George W.F. Hegel and Karl Marx.
3. Select Oriental Political Tradition: Edward Said and Confucius
4. Select South Asian Political Traditions I: Manu, Kautilya, Thiruvalluvar, Mahatma Gandhi, Maharshi Aurobindo.
5. Select South Asian Political Traditions II: Frontier Gandhi Khan Abdul Ghaffer Khan, Muhammad Ali Jinnah, Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, Kazi Nasrul Islam and Jawaharlal Nehru.
6. Development of Political Theory: Behavioural and Post-behavioural Approaches.
7. Scientific Theory: System Theory, Structural Functionalism
8. Political Modernisation, Political Development and Dependency Theories.

9. Contemporary Theoretical Debates I: Liberty, Justice and Equality.
10. Contemporary Theoretical Debates II: Multiculturalism and Decline of Political Theory.

### Readings:

- Aristotle, *Politics*, (New York: Cosimo, 2008) (books 1.1-1.7, 3.1-3.4, 7.1, 7.13-7).
- Amal Ray and Mohit Bhattacharya, *Political Theory* (Calcutta: World Press, 1994).
- Barker, E., *The Political Thought of Plato and Aristotle* (New York: Dover, 1906).
- Bolitho, Hector, *Jinnah: Creator of Pakistan* (New York: Macmillan, 1954).
- Brecher, Michael, *Nehru: A Political Biography* (London: Oxford University Press, 1959).
- B. Axford, G.K. Browning, R. Huggins, B Rosamond and J. Turner, *Politics: An Introduction* (London and New York, Routledge, 1997).
- Carlyle, R. W and Carlyle, A.J., *A History of Medieval Political Theory in the West* (Edinburgh: Blackwood, 1930).
- C. Charlesworth, ed., *Contemporary Political Analysis* (New York: Free Press, 1967).
- Dhavan, Gopinath, *The Political Philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi* (New Delhi: 1990).
- Dunn, J., *The Political Thought of John Locke* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1969).
- D. Easton, *The Future of the Post-behavioural Phase in Political Science, in Contemporary Empirical Political Theory*, K. R. Monroe, ed., Berkeley, University of California Press, 1997.
- D. Held, *Political Theory Today*, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1991.
- Foster, M.B., *The Political Philosophies of Plato and Hegel*, (chs. 1-2, 1935).
- Gray, J., *Mill on Liberty: A Defence* (London: Routledge, 1983), esp. chs. 1,3.
- Grotius, Hugo, *De jure belli ac pacis* (On the Law of War and Peace), *Prolegomena*, (book 1 chapter 1, 1625).
- Hobbes, Review and Conclusion, *Leviathan* (esp. chs. 11, 13-21, 29-30, 1651).
- Jean-Jacques Rousseau, *The Basic Political Writings* (P. Gay (ed.), tr. D.A., Cres, Hackett, 1987).
- Judd, Dennis, *Jawaharlal Nehru* (Cardiff, Wales: University of Wales Press, 1993) pp 97.
- Marx, K., and Engels, F., *Communist Manifesto* (London: Penguin, 1967).
- Miller, D., *The Blackwell Dictionary of Political Thought Republic of Plato* (esp. 357A-376E, 427C-445B, 1987).



- M. P. Jain, *Political Theory*, Delhi: Authors Guild, 1989.
- Nandz, B. R., *Three Statesmen: Gokhale, Gandhi, and Nehru* (New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2004).
- O. Bakshi, *Crisis in Political Theory*, New Delhi: Oxford, 1992.
- Plant, R., *Modern Political Thought: An Introduction* (UK: Blackwell, 1991).
- Rawls, J., *A Theory of Justice* (USA: Harvard University Press, 1999).
- Rosen, F., *Jeremy Bentham and Representative Democracy* (New York: Clarendon Press, 1983).
- Said, Edward, *Culture and Imperialism* (New York: Knopf, 1993).
- Saner, H., *Kant's Political Theory: Its Origins and Development* (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1973).
- Sinha, Rameshwar P. and Dandekar, Surya, eds., *South Asian Politics: Ideologies and Institutions* (New Delhi, Kanishka, 1998).
- W. Kymlicka, *Contemporary Political Philosophy: An Introduction*, Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1990.

## THEORIES OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

### Compulsory Paper-2 Semester-I

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Credits Allotted	4
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper and book review
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	4 per week

#### **Course Rationale**

This paper deals with different approaches and methods of studying international relations. It covers state centric, global centric as well as multi-centric world views. The intention of the course is to provide a solid background to students about theoretical aspects of international relations. The paper therefore covers traditional, modern and post-modern approaches of studying International Relations as well as its key concepts

#### **Course Contents**

1. Development of the Study of International Relations as a Discipline
2. Traditional vs. Behavioural Approaches; Scientific Theories: Systems and Decision Making Theories.
3. Realist and Neo-Realistic Approaches, Functional and Neo-Functional Approaches
4. Idealist, Liberal and New-Liberal Approaches and World State Theory.
5. Marxist and other Radical Approaches; Neo Radical Approaches.
6. Post-Structuralist and Post-Modernist Approaches; Feminist Approaches and Environmental Approaches.
7. The Key Concepts in International Relations: Power: Its Constituents and Limitations, Balance of Power, Changing Dimensions of National Security.
8. Foreign Policy: Meaning; Goals (National Interest, Regime Interest) and Determinants
9. Diplomacy: Meaning, Nature and Scope, Diplomacy and International Law, Secret and Open Diplomacy; Changing Nature of Diplomacy
10. The Concept of Non Alignment: Bases, Role and Relevance

## Readings

- Appadorai, A., *National Interest and Non-Alignment* (New Delhi, Kalinga Publications, 1999).
- Baldwin, D.A. ed., *Neo-realism and Neo-liberalism* (New York, Columbia University Press, 1993).
- Baldwin, D.A., ed., *Paradoxes of Power* (New York, Basil Blackwell, 1989).
- Burchill, S. et.al, *Theories of International Relations* (Hampshire, Macmillan, 2001).
- Chan, S. and Mandaville, P. G. (eds.), *The Zen of International Relations* (Hampshire, Macmillan, 2001).
- Claude, I., *Power and International Relations* (New York, Random house, 1962).
- Cohen, R. and Kennedy, P., *Global Sociology* (London, St. Martin Press, 1999).
- Coplin, W. D., *Introduction to International Politics* (Chicago, Markham, 1971).
- Couloumbis, A. A. and Wolf, J. H., *Introduction to International Relations: Power and Justice* (New York, Praeger, 1989).
- Dalton, R. and Kuechler, M., *Challenging the Political Order: New Social and Political Movements in Western Democracies* (Cambridge, Polity, 1990).
- De Bueno, M and Lalman, D., *War and Reason: Domestic and International imperatives*, (New Haven CT, Yale University Press, 1992).
- De Bueno, M., Lalman, D., *The Anarchical Society: A Study of Order in World Politics* (London, Macmillan, 1977).
- Deutsch, K. W., *The Analysis of International Relations* (New Delhi, Prentice hall, 1989).
- Doughrty, D. E. and Pfaltzfraff, Jr., R. L., *Contending Theories of International Relations* (Philadelphia, J.B.Lippincott Co., 1970).
- Elman, C. and Elman, M. F. (ed.), *Bridge and Boundaries: Historians, Political Scientists and the Study of International Relations* (Massachusetts, MIT Press, 2001).
- Frankel, J., *Contemporary International Theory and the Behaviour of States* (New York, Oxford University Press, 1973).
- Frankel, J., *The Making of Foreign Policy* (London, Oxford University Press, 1963).
- Galtung, J., *The True Worlds: A Transnational Perspective* (New York, The Free Press, 1980).
- Goldman, Allan and Goldman, K. (eds.), *The End of the Cold War* (Dordrecht, Martinus Nijhoff, 1992).

Greenstein, F. I and Polsby, N.W., *Theory of International Relations* (Reading Massachusetts, Addison-Wesley, 1979).

Groom, A.J.R. and Lights, M. (eds.), *Contemporary International Relations: A Guide to Theory* (London, Printer, 1993).

Halliday, F., *Rethinking International Relations* (Basingstoke, Macmillan, 1994).

Halliday, F., *Revolution and World Politics: The Rise and Fall of the Sixth Great Power* (Basingstoke, Macmillan, 1999).

Hoffman, H., *Essays in Theory and Politics of International Relations* (Boulder Colorado, Westview Press, 1989).

Holsti, K.J., *International Politics: A Framework of Analysis* (Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1967).

Holsti, K.J., *The Dividing Discipline* (Boston, Allen and Unwin, 1985).

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Domestic Imperatives in India's Foreign Policy* (New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 2002).

Jha, Nalini Kant ed., *South Asia in 21st Century: India, Her Neighbours and Great Powers* (New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 2003).

Kegley, C.W. and Wittkopt, E.R., *World Politics: Trends and Transformation* (New York, St. Martin's Press, 1995).

Keohane, R.O., *After Hegemony: Cooperation and Discord in the World Political Economy*, (Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1984).

Keohane, R.O., *International Institutions and State Power* (Boulder Colorado, Westview Press, 1989).

Keohane, R.O. ed., *Neo-realism and its Critics* (New York, Columbia University Press, 1986).

Keohane, R.O. and E. Ostrom (eds.), *Local Commons and Global Interdependence: Heterogeneity and Co-operation in Two Domains* (London, Sage, 1994).

Mansbach, R.W. and Vasquez, J.A., *In Search of Theory: A New Paradigm of Global Politics* (New York, Columbia University Press, 1981).

Mishra, K. P. and Beal, R. S., *International Relations Theory* (New Delhi, Vikas, 1980).

Morgenthau, H. J., *Politics Among Nations* (6th edition, revised by K.W. Thompson, New York, Alfred Knopf, 1985).

Northedge, F. S., *The International Political System* (London, Faber and Faber, 1976).

- Olson, W. C. and Groom, A. J. R., *International Relations: Then and Now* (London, HarperCollins Academic, 1991).
- Olson, W. C. and M. Onuf , The Growth of a Discipline Reviewed, *International Relations*, (edited by S. Smith, Oxford, Basil Blackwell, 1985).
- Rajan, M. S., *Non-Alignment and the Non-Aligned Movement in the Present World Order* (Delhi, Konark, 1994).
- Rosenau, J. N., *International Studies and the Social Sciences* (Beverly Hills, California and London, Sage, 1973).
- Rosenau, J. N., *The Scientific Study of Foreign Policy* (Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1980).
- Rosenau, J. N., *World Politics: An Introduction* (New York, The Free Press, 1976).
- Russett, B. M. and Starr, H., *Grasping the Democratic Peace: Principles for a Post-Cold War World* (Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1993).
- Sullivan, M. P., *Theories of International Politics: Enduring Paradigm in a Changing World Hampshire* (Macmillan, 2001).
- Thompson, W. R., ed., *Evolutionary Interpretations of World Politics* (New York, Routledge, 2001).
- Verma, S. P., *International System and the Third World* (New Delhi, Vikas, 1988).
- Waltz, K. N, The Emerging Structure of International Politics, *International Security* (vol.18, 1993).
- Waltz, K. N., *Theory of International Politics* (Reading Massachusetts, Addison-Wesley, 1979).

## COLONIALISM AND NATIONALISM IN SOUTH ASIA

### Compulsory Paper-3 Semester-I

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Credits Allotted	4
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper and book review
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	4 per week

#### **Course Rationale**

The course deals with the history, culture and political economy of South Asia from the seventeenth century to the mid twentieth century. It deals with how the Western countries: the Dutch, English, French and Portuguese expanded their presence in the region. It examines the expansion and consolidation of British power in South Asia, British colonial policy and the early resistance to British rule. It familiarizes students with the economic impact of colonialism and provides them knowledge about diverse aspects of nationalism in South Asia. The course also covers developments such as the alienation of the Muslims leading to the partition of the Sub continent, road to independence of South Asian states and the aftermath.

#### **Course Contents**

1. Introduction to Colonialism and Imperialism with a special reference to South Asia.
2. The Importance of South Asia for Europe – The Portuguese, Dutch, English and French – Commercial Competition among the European Powers; The English East India Company's Trade with India, Maldives and Sri Lanka
3. Instrument of Expansion: Conflicts and Settlements
4. British Paramount – Relationship with Native Powers and the Neighbouring Areas – Instruments of Expansion
5. Economical Impact of Colonialism: Agriculture, Industry, Education, Infrastructure and Development
6. Response and Resistance to Colonial World: Political, Social, Cultural, Administrative and Religious
7. The Genesis and Growth of Nationalism in South Asia
8. Nationalist Trends till 1919: Nationalist Movements during the Inter-war Periods.

9. Nations in the Makings: Genesis of Organized Nationalism in Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan and Sri Lanka.

10. The Road to Independence and the Aftermath: Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan and Sri Lanka.

## Readings

Aziz, K.K., *The Making of Pakistan* (London, Chatto and Windus, 1967).

Chatterjee, Partha, *The Nation and its Fragments: Colonial and Postcolonial Histories* (Princeton, Princeton University Press, 1993).

Chatterji, Joya, *Bengal Divided: Hindu communalism and partitions 1932-1947* (1994).

Gough, Kathleen and Shharma, Hari P., *Imperialism and Revolution in South Asia* (London, Monthly Review Press, 1973).

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Democracy, Nation Building and Peace in South Asia* (New Delhi: Har-Anand Publication, 2009)

Khan, Yasmin, *The Great Partition-The Making of India and Pakista* (2007).

Said, Edward, *Culture and Imperialism* (New York, Knopf, 1993).

Sengupta, Nitish, *Bengal Divided: The Unmaking of a Nation 1905-1971* (Viking Penguin India, 2007).

Zaman, Niaz, *A Divided Legacy: The Partition in Selected Novels of India, Pakistan, and Bangladesh* (Karachi: Oxford University Press, 2001).

## UNDERSTANDING INDIA

### Optional Paper-1 Semester-I

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Credits Allotted	3
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper and book review
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	3 per week

#### **Course Rationale**

The objective of this paper is to provide basic knowledge about India from a multi-disciplinary perspective. Hence, this paper will cover basic features of Indian geography, history, culture, society, economy and structural and operational dimensions of Indian politics. The paper will also discuss implications of these aspects of India for its foreign policy.

#### **Course Contents**

1. Main Features of Indian Geography and its Implications for Foreign Policy
2. Distinguishing Features of Indian Philosophy and Culture
3. Colonialism and Nationalism in India
4. Changing Dimensions of the Societal Structure
5. Constitutional Structure
6. Operational Dynamics of Politics
7. Challenges of Economic Development
8. Continuity and Changes in Foreign Policy

#### **Readings**

Arora, B. and Verney, D. V., eds., *Multiple Identities in a Single State: Indian Federalism in a Comparative Perspective* (Delhi: Konark, 1995).

A.Basu, *Two Faces of Protest: Contrasting Modes of Women's Activism*, Berkeley, University of California Press, 1992.



Bardhan, P., *The Political Economy of Development in India* (London: Oxford, Blackwell, 1984).

Basham, A.L., *The Wonder that was India* (New York: Grove Press, 1954).

Basu, D. D., *An Introduction to the Constitution of India* (New Delhi: Prentice Hall, 1994).

Baxi, U. and Parekh, B. ed., *Crisis and Change in Contemporary India* (New Delhi, Sage, 1994).

Bhambri, C. P., *The Indian State: Fifty Years* (New Delhi: Shipra, 1999).

Brass, P. R., *Politics of India since Independence* (2nd edn., Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1994).

Brown, J. M., *Modern India: The Origins of an Asian Democracy* (Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1985).

B. Prasad, *Ideas and Men behind India's Constitution: Selected Speeches from the Constituent Assembly Debates, 1946-49* (New Delhi: Konark, 2001).

B.Jalan, ed., *The Indian Economy: Problems and Prospects* (New Delhi: Viking, 1992).

B.Graham, *Hindu Nationalism and Indian Politics: The Origins and Development of the Bharatiya Jana Sangh* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1990).

Chadda, Maya, *Ethnicity, Security and Separatism in India* (Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997).

Chatterjee, Partha, eds., *States and Politics in India* (Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997).

Chaube, S. K. and Chakraborty, B., *Social Movements in Contemporary India* (Calcutta: K.P. Bagchi Company, 1999).

Dubey, M. ed., *Indian Society Today: Challenges of Equality, Integration and Empowerment* (New Delhi, Har-Anand Publications, 1995).

Frankel, F. R., *India's Political Economy-1977: the Gradual Revolution* (Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1978).

Frankel, F. R. and et, al. eds., *Transforming India: Social and Political Dynamics of Democracy* (New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2000).

Hardgrave, R. L., *India: Government and Politics in a Developing Nation* (New York Harcourt, Brace and World, 1992).

Jayal, N. G., ed., *Democracy in India* (Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2001).

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Domestic Imperatives in India's Foreign Policy* (New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, 2002)

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Internal Crisis and Indira Gandhi's Foreign Policy* (New Delhi/Patna, 1985).

Jha, Nalini Kant, ed., *South Asia in the 21st Century: India, Her Neighbours, and Great Powers* (New Delhi: South Asian Pub. 2003).

Jha, Nalini Kant, ed., *India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World* (New Delhi: South Asian Pub. 2000)

Jha, Nalini Kant, and Patil, VT, eds. *India in a Turbulent World: Perspectives on Foreign and Security Policies* (New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, 2003).

Jha, Nalini Kant, and Patil, VT, eds., *Peace and Cooperative Security in South Asia* (New Delhi: P R Pub, 1999)

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Cultural and Philosophical Roots of India's Foreign Policy," *International Studies* (New Delhi), vol. 26, no. 1, January-March 1989, pp. 45-67.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Domestic Foundations of Nehru's Foreign Policy," in Taufiq A. Nizami, ed., *Nehru's World View* (Aligarh, 2003).

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Nehru and Modern India: Impact of His Personality on Foreign Policy," in T A Nizami, ed., *Jawaharlal Nehru and Modern India* (Aligarh: Three Way Printers, 2003), pp.17-22.

T.R. Andhyarujina, *Judicial Activism and Constitutional Democracy In India*, Bombay, N.M. Tripathi, 1992.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Coalition Governments and India's Foreign Policy," in M. P. Singh and Anil Mishra, eds., *Coalition Politics in India: Problems and Prospects* (New Delhi: Manohar, 2004, pp.295-325.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Human Security: An Indian Perspective," in T Nirmala Devi, at al eds., *Envisioning New South Asia* (New Delhi: Shipra, 2009);

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Contending Ideas of Nationalism and the Nehruvian Perspective," in T. A. Nizami, ed., *Jawaharlal Nehru and Nationalism* (Aligarh: Three Way Printers & Publishers, 2004), pp.1-8

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Indian Democracy: Hope and Reality," *Indian Journal of Politics*, vol. 32, nos 3-4, July-December 1998, pp. 153-71

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Indian President: Head of the State or Figurehead?" *Mainstream* (New Delhi), vol. 25, no. 44, July 18, 1987, pp. 29-32.

- Jha, Nalini Kant, “Paradox of Indian Politics: Backward Elite, Forward Mass,” *Indian Journal of Political Science (Madras)*, vol. 62, no. 3, September-November 2001, pp.221-240.
- Jha, Nalini Kant, “State of Justice in India: Urgency of Internal Reforms,” *Indian Journal of Public Administration (New Delhi)*, vol.48, no. 4, October-December 2002, pp.573-81.
- Jha, Nalini Kant, “Realizing the Constitutional Vision: Road Blocks and Road Ahead,” *Indian Journal of Political Science (Meerut)*, vol. 66, no.1, January-March 2005, pp.9-28.
- Jha, Nalini Kant, “Balancing Individual Rights and Public Interest: Imperative of Judicial Response,” in M L Chippa, ed., *Perspectives on Indian Politics* (New Delhi: Abhijit Publishers, 2003), pp.203-212.
- Jha, Nalini Kant, “Parliament Democracy in India: Reflections and Challenges,” in G Gopa Kumar, ed. *Future of Parliamentary Democracy in India* (New Delhi: Icon Publication, 2007), pp.20-42.
- Khilnani, S., *The Idea of India* (London: Harmish Hamilton, 1997).
- Kohli, A., *Democracy and Discontent: India’s Growing Crisis of Governability* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1991).
- Kohli, A. ed., *The Success of India’s Democracy* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2001).
- Kothari, R., *Politics in India* (New Delhi: Orient Longman, 1970).
- Kothari, R. ed., *State and Nation Building* (Bombay: Allied Publishers, 1976).
- Kumar, A., ed., *Nation-Building in India: Culture, Power and Society* (New Delhi, Radiant Publishers, 1999).
- Nehru, Jawaharlal, *Glimpses of World History* (Delhi: Penguin Books, 2005).
- N.Chandhoke, *Beyond Secularism: The Rights of Religious Minorities* (Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1999).
- N.G. Jayal, ed., *Democracy in India, Delhi* (Oxford University Press, 2001).
- P.R. Brass, *Politics of India since Independence*, 2nd edn., Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1994.
- P.Chatterjee, *The Nation and its Fragments: Colonial and Postcolonial Histories* (Princeton NJ: Princeton University Press, 1993).
- Ray, J. K., *India in Search of Good Governance* (Calcutta, K.P. Bagchi, 2001).
- R. Inden, *Imaging India* (Oxford: Blackwell, 1990).

- Rudolph, S. H. and Rudolph, L. I., *In Pursuit for Lakshmi –The Political Economy of the Indian State* (Delhi, Orient Longman, 1987).
- R.D. King, *Nehru and the Language Politics of India* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1997).
- R.Thakur, *The Government & Politics of India* (London: Machmillan, 1995).
- Srinivas, M. N., *Social Change in Modern India* (Bombay: Allied Publishers, 1966).
- S.Cobridge and J.Harriss, *Reinventing India: Liberalization, Hindu Nationalism and Popular Democracy* (Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2001).
- S.Kaushik, ed., *Indian Government and Politics* (Delhi University: Directorate of Hindi Implementation, 1990).
- S. Kochanek, *Business and Politics in India* (Berkeley: University of California Press, 1974).
- Upreti, B.C. et al. eds., *India's Foreign Policy: Emerging Challenges and Paradigms* (Delhi: Kalinga, 2003).
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## PEACE AND CONFLICT RESOLUTION IN SOUTH ASIA

### Optional Paper-2 Semester-I

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Credits Allotted	3
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper and book review
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	3 per week

#### **Course Rationale**

The transformation of conflicts from colonial and imperial rivalries to the post-independence conflicts changed the dynamics of world politics. In this perspective, the study of conflicts at the inter-state and intra-state levels is essential for understanding the dynamics of international relations today. This course is designed to develop conceptual, theoretical and analytical skills in students to help them understand basic aspects of domestic, national, regional and conflicts and crises in South Asia. It introduces them to methodology for the prevention, management and resolution of conflicts in South Asia.

#### **Course Contents**

1. Conflict: Concepts, Causes and Types
2. Roots, Nature and Dimensions of Conflicts in South Asia
3. Inter-state Conflicts and its Implications
4. Approaches to Peace and Conflict Resolution
5. Techniques of Conflict Resolution
6. Politics of Negotiations and Verifications
7. Select case studies I: Internal and External Dimensions of Conflict in and Over Kashmir
8. Selected Case Studies II: Domestic Conflict in Sri Lanka and Bhutan

#### **Readings**

Chadha, Navnita and Raza, Maroof, *Confidence-Building Measures in South Asia* (New Delhi, Centre for Policy Research, January, 1995).

Ahmar, Moonish, *The Road to Peace in South Asia: Lessons for India and Pakistan from the Arab-Israeli Peace Process*, *ACDIS Occasional Paper* (Urbana-Champaign, University of Illinois, August, 1996).

Azam, Kousar J, *Ethnicity, Identity, and the State in South Asia* (New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 2001).

Bajpai, P. Chari, P.R., Cheema Iqbal Pervaiz, Cohen, Stephen P., Ganguly Sumit, *Brasstacks and Beyond: Perception and Management of Crisis in South Asia* (New Delhi, Manohar, 1995) .

Basrur, Rajesh M., *Security in the New Millennium : Views from South Asia* (New Delhi, India Research Press, 2001).

Bose, Anima, *Peace and Conflict Resolution in the World Community* (New Delhi: Vikas Pub. House, 1991).

Brown, E Michael et al, *Theories of War and Peace: An International Security Reader* (Cambridge, Mass, MIT Press, 1998).

Buzan, Barry and Wæver Ole, *Regions and Powers: the Structure of International Security* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2003).

Chari, P.R., *Newer Sources of Insecurity: The Crisis of Governance in India*, *RCSS Policy Studies 3* (Colombo: Regional Centre for Strategic Studies, 32143).

Cheema, Iqbal Pervaiz and Bokhari Imtiaz H., *Conflict Resolution and Regional Cooperation in South Asia* (Islamabad: Islamabad Policy Research Institute, 2004).

Dossani, Rafiq and Rowen, Henry S. eds., *Prospects for Peace in South Asia* (Stanford, Stanford University Press, 2005).

Galtung, Johan, *Peace by Peaceful Means: Peace and Conflict, Development and Civilization* (Oslo: PRIO, 1996).

Ganguly, Sumit and Greenwood, Ted ed, *Mending Fences: Confidence and Security Building Measures in South Asia* (Delhi: OUP, 1997).

Ghosh, S Partha, *Cooperation and Conflict in South Asia* (New Delhi, Manohar Publications, 1989).

Jain, B M, *Conflict and Peace in South Asia* (Bingley: Emerald, 2008).

Jessup, John E., *An Encyclopaedic Dictionary of Conflict and Conflict Resolution, 1945-1996* (Westport: Conn., Greenwood Press, 1998).

Jha, Nalini Kant, *South Asia in the 21st Century: India, Her Neighbours, and Great Powers* (New Delhi: South Asian Pub. 2003).

Jha, Nalini Kant, eds., *Peace and Cooperative Security in South Asia* (with Prof V T Patil) (New Delhi: P R Pub, 1999)

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Democracy, Nation building and Peace in South Asia: Challenges and Prospects* (New Delhi: Har Anand, 2009)

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Security Environment in South Asia in the 1990s," in Arun Kumar Banerji, ed., *Security Issues in South Asia: Domestic and External Sources of Threat to Security* (Calcutta: Minerva Associates, 1998), pp.182-201.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Comprehensive Security: A View from South India," in V. R. Raghavan, ed., *Comprehensive Security: Perspectives from India's Regions* (New Delhi: Delhi Policy Group, 2002), pp.96-113.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Countering Cross Border Terrorism and Seizing Opportunities in Kashmir," in G Gopa Kumar, ed., *International Terrorism and Global Order in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century* (New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers, 2003), pp.261-79.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "India and Pakistan: Prospects of War and Peace," *India Quarterly*, vol.58, no.2, April-June 2002, pp.49-68.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Domestic Turbulence in Nepal: Origin, Dimensions, and India's Policy Options," in Veena Kukreja and Mahendra Prasad Singh, ed., *Democracy, Development and Discontent in South Asia* (New Delhi: Sage, 2008), pp.264-281.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Internal Dynamics in South Asia: Challenges and Opportunities for India's Foreign Policy," in Shibasis Chatterjee, at al eds., *India's Foreign Policy in 21<sup>st</sup> Century* (New Delhi: Pearson Books, 2009), pp.246-65.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Human Security: An Indian Perspective," in T Nirmala Devi, at al eds., *Envisioning New South Asia* (New Delhi: Shipra, 2009).

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Resurgence of Taliban in Afghanistan: Implications for India and Pakistan," in Mandira Dutta, ed., *Emerging Afghanistan in the New Millennium* (New Delhi: Pentagon, 2009), pp.337-48.

Jorgen Hoist, Johan, "Confidence Building Measures: A Conceptual Framework", *Survival (London)*, Vol.25, No.1, January-February 1983.

Junnola, R. Jill and Krepon, Michael eds., *Regional Confidence Building in 1995: South Asia, the Middle East, and Latin America* (The Henry L. Stimson Centre, Report No.20, Dec 95).

Krepon, Michael and Sevak, Amit, *Crisis Prevention, Confidence Building and Reconciliation in South Asia* ((New Delhi: Manohar, 1996).

Miall, Hugh, Ramsbotham, Oliver and Woodhouse Tom, *Contemporary Conflict Resolution: The Prevention, Management and Transformation of Deadly Conflicts* (Cambridge, Polity Press, 1999).

Moffitt Michael L., Bordone and Robert C, *The Handbook of Dispute Resolution* (San Francisco: CA, Jossey-Bass, 2005).

Nischal N Panday and Dev Raj Dahal, *Comprehensive Security in South Asia* (New Delhi: Manohar, 2006)

Raju, A.Subramanyam, *Indian Third Generation Perceptions of the Kashmir Issue* (Colombo: Regional Centre for Strategic Studies, 2001).

Rizal, Dhurba P and Yokota, *Understanding Development, Conflict, and Violence: The Cases of Bhutan, Nepal, North-East India, and the Chittagong Hill Tracts of Bangladesh* (New Delhi: Adroit Publishers, 2006).

Sahadevan, P ed., *Conflict and Peacemaking in South Asia* (New Delhi: Lancer's Books, 2001).

Samaddar, Ranabir, *Peace Studies: An Introduction to the Concept, Scope, and Themes*, (New Delhi, Sage Publication, 2004).

Sandole, J.D. Dennis, et. al. eds. *Handbook of Conflict Analysis and Resolution* (London: Routledge, 2009).

Shah, S. Aqil, *Non-Official Dialogue between India and Pakistan: Prospects and Problems* (Urbana-Champaign: University of Illinois, Aug 97).

Wallenstein Peter, *Understanding Conflict Resolution: War, Peace, and the Global System* (London: Sage Publications, 2007).

Wizarat, Talat Ayesha, *Conflict Management in a New Era: Lessons for South Asia* (Karachi: University of Karachi, 1997).

Yasmeen, Samina and Dixit, Aabha, *Confidence Building Measures in South Asia* (Occasional Paper 24, Washington DC, The Henry L. Stimson Centre, Sept 95).



## DEVELOPMENTAL CHALLENGES IN SOUTH ASIA

### Optional Paper-3 Semester-I

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Credits Allotted	3
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper, seminars and book review
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	3 per week

#### **Course Rationale**

This course gives a historical and developmental perspective of processes of social change taking place in South Asia. It introduces the theoretical and conceptual models of social, economic and political development in South Asia. It also deals with globalization and its impact on the region.

#### **Course Contents**

1. Introduction: Concepts of Economic developments
2. Resource Base
3. Nature and Contents of Development Policies
4. Sectoral Developments: Agriculture, Industry and Human Resource
5. Foreign aid and Investments
6. Free Trade Areas: Bilateral and Regional
7. Emergence and Role of Service Sector
8. Globalization and its Implications

#### **Readings**

Ahmed, Sadiq, et al, *Promoting Economic Cooperation in South Asia-Beyond SAFTA* (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2010).

Desai, Meghnad, *Development and Nationhood: Essays in the Political Economy of South Asia* (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2005).

Deshpande, Ashwini, *Globalization and Development: A Handbook of New Perspectives* (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2007).

Jairath, Jasveen and Ballabh, Vishwa, *Droughts and Integrated Water Resource Management in South Asia* (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2008).

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Nation Building and Peace in South Asia* (New Delhi: Har-Anand Publications, 2009)

Jha, Raghendra, *Economic Growth, Economic Performance and Welfare in South Asia* (New Delhi: Palgrave, Macmillan Publications, 2005).

Kelegama, Saman, *South Asia in the WTO* (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2007).

Khan, Mohsin S., *Economic Development in South Asia* (New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Pub, 2005).

Ludden, David, *Agricultural Production and South Asian History* (Oxford University Press, 2005).

Ocampo, Jose Antonio, *Growth Divergences: Explaining Differences in Economic Performance* (Orient Black Swan Publications, 2007).

Parikh, Kirit S, *Explaining Growth In South Asia* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2006).

Paswan, Nawal K, *Agricultural Trade in South Asia: Potential and Policy Options* (New Delhi: APH Publications, 2003).

Rani, Saroj, *Regional Economic Integration: A Comparative Study of Central Asian and South Asian Regions* (New Delhi: Kalpaz Publications, 2009).

Reddy, K.C. and Devi, T. Nirmala, *WTO and Implications for South Asia* (New Delhi: Serials Publications, 2006).

Sareen, T.R. and Bakshi, S.R., *Socio-Economic and Political Development in South Asia* (Isha Books Publications, 2004).

Sharma S.I, *Nation and National Identity in South Asia* (New Delhi: Orient Longman, 2001).

Siddiqui, Anjum, *India and South Asia; Economic Developments in the Age of Globalization* (M.E. Sharpe, Inc, 2007).

Siddiqui, Kamal, *Land Management in South Asia: A Comparative Study* (New Delhi: Manohar Publications, 1994).

Singh, Mahavir, *Building a New Asia* (New Delhi: Shipra Publications, 2005).

Skidelsky, Robert and Christian Wigstrom, Westerlind, *The Economic Crisis and the State of Economics* (New Delhi: Palgrave Macmillan Publications, 2010).

Subrahmanyam, Sanjay, *Land, Politics and Trade in South Asia* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2004).

Sundaresan, C S, *South Asia and Multilateral Trade Regime: Disorders for Development* (Regal Publications, 2007).

Upadhyay, S S, *South Asia: Developments and Regional Cooperation* (New Delhi: ABC Publications, 2007).

Upreti, B C; Peacock, Olive and Gopal Krishan, *Globalisation and South Asia: Responses and Alternatives* (Sumit Enterprises, 2008).

Vanaik, Achin, *Globalization and South Asia Multidimensional Perspectives* (New Delhi: Manohar Publications, 2004).

Wignaraja, Ponna and Sirivardana, Susil, *Pro-Poor Growth and Governance in South Asia*, (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2004).

Yong, Tai Tan, *Socio-Political and Economic Challenges in South Asia* (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2009).

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CONTEMPORARY INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS  
Compulsory Paper-I  
Semester-II

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Credits Allotted	4
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper and book review
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	4 per week

### **Course Rationale**

The primary focus of this course is to enable the students to gain not only some insights into significant issues that are largely the legacies of the Cold War era, but also to identify some of other new problem areas that need critical consideration in the study of current international relations. Keeping these in view, the units of this course are structured in a manner that in the preliminary part attention will be drawn to those unresolved problems that the world had to grapple for long. In the remaining part, an attempt is made to identify and examine the new problem areas that are treated as part of the study of IR. The course will thus enable the students to gain useful insights in the discipline of International Relations rather than merely cursorily study current international events. The basic objective of the teaching will be to enable the students to graduate from the basics of the discipline to a higher level of critical analysis of the issues involved in the study and research of International Relations.

### **Course Contents**

- 1 Cold War: Origin, Evolution, Second Cold War; End of the Cold War and the Post-Cold War Issues
- 2 Globalization: Meaning and Core Features, Implications, International Relations Theory and Globalization
- 3 Non-State Actors in International Relations: Global Corporations and NGOs
- 4 Regional Groupings: OAU, OAS, EU, SAARC, ASEAN
- 5 Elements of International Economic Relations: Trade, Movement of Capital and Labour, FDI and Portfolio Investment, Monetary and Credit Factor, Role of International Financial Institutions.
- 6 International Inequalities: Widening Gap between Developing and Developed Countries, Process of Divergence leading to Conflict, Process of Convergence including demand for a NIEO, South-South Cooperation and the role of WTO
- 7 The UN: Multilateral Approach to International Peace and Order; Restructuring of the UN.

- 8 Concept of Justice in International Relations: Globalization, Human Security and Justice
- 9 Management of International Relations: Peace, Security, Arms Race and WMD, Proliferation of Small Arms and Drug-trafficking, Socio-Economic Development, Environmental and Ecological Problems, etc.
- 10 Emerging Issues: Humanitarian Intervention, Human Rights, Displacement of Population, Ethnic Resurgence or 'Identity Wars,' Terrorism and Democratic Expansion.

### **Readings**

- Adams, N. B., *Worlds Apart: The North-South Divide and International System* (London: Zed, 1993).
- Appadorai, A., *National Interest and Non-Alignment* (New Delhi: Kalinga Publications, 1999).
- Axford, *The Global System: Economics, Politics and Culture* (Cambridge: Polity Press, 1995).
- Ayood, Mohammad, ed., *Conflict and Intervention in the Third World* (New Delhi: Vikas, 1990).
- Bajpai, Kanti P., *Roots of Terrorism* (New Delhi: Penguin Books, 2000).
- Barth, F., *Ethnic Groups and Boundaries* (London: George Allen & Unwin, 1969).
- Brown, C., *International Relations in a Changing Global System* (Colorado: University Press, 1992).
- Brownlie, I. ed., *Basic Documents on Human Rights* (Oxford: The Clarendon Press, 1981), 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- Chan, S. and Mandaville, P. G. eds., *The Zen of International Relations* (Hampshire, Macmillan, 2001).
- Chomsky, N., *World Order: Old and New* (London: Pluto Press, 1994).
- Clard, I., *Globalization and Fragmentation: International Relations in the Twentieth Century* (Oxford University Press, 1997).
- Clutterbuck, R., *Terrorism and Guerrilla Warfare* (London: Routledge, 1990).
- Cohen, R. and Kennedy, P., *Global Sociology* (London: St. Martin Press, 1999).
- Coplin, W. D., *Introduction to International Politics* (Chicago: Markham, 1971).
- Coulombis and Wolf, *Introduction to International Relations* (New Delhi: Prentice Hall, 2000).
- Dalton, R., *Legal Order in a Violent World* (Princeton NJ: Princeton University Press, 1968).

Dalton, R. and Kuechler, M., *Challenging the Political Order: New Social and Political Movements in Western Democracies* (Cambridge: Polity, 1990).

Dalton, R. and M. Wattenberg, *Politics without Partisans: Political Change in Advanced Industrial Democracies* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2000).

Bueno, M. and Lalman, D., *The Anarchical Society: A Study of Order in World Politics* (London: Macmillan, 1977).

de Bueno, M. and Lalman, D., *War and Reason: Domestic and International Imperatives* (New Haven CT: Yale University Press, 1992).

Forsythe, David P., *Human Rights in International Relations* (Cambridge University Press, 2000).

Frankel, J., *The Making of Foreign Policy* (London: Oxford University Press, 1963).

Gilbert, P., *Terrorism, Security and Nationality* (London, and New York: Routledge, 1995).

Goldman, Allan and Goldman, K., eds., *The End of the Cold War* (Dordrecht: Martinus Nijhoff, 1992).

Goldstein, Joshua S., *International Relations* (New York: Longman, 1999).

Halliday, F., *Peace and War: Armed Conflicts and International Order 1648-1989* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1991).

Halliday, F., *Revolution and World Politics: The Rise and Fall of the Sixth Great Power*, (Basingstoke: Macmillan, 1999).

Harshe, R. G., *Twentieth Century Imperialism: Shifting Contours and Changing Conceptions* (New Delhi: Sage, 1997).

Hobson, J. M., *The State and International Relations* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2000).

Jackson, Robert and Sorensen, George, *Introduction to International Relations* (New York, Oxford University Press, 1999).

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Domestic Imperatives in India's Foreign Policy* (New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, 2002).

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Democracy, Nation Building and Peace in South Asia* (New Delhi: Har-Anand Publications, 2009)

Jha, Nalini Kant, *South Asia in 21st Century: India, Her Neighbours and Great Powers* (New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, 2003).

Jha, Nalini Kant (ed.), *India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World* (New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, 2000).

Kegley, C. W. and Wittkopf, E. R., *World Politics: Trends and Transformation* (New York: St. Martin's Press, 1995).

Keohane, R. O., *After Hegemony: Cooperation and Discord in the World Political Economy* (Princeton NJ: Princeton University Press, 1984).

Keohane, R. O., and Ostrom, E. eds., *Local Commons and Global Interdependence: Heterogeneity and Co-operation in Two Domains* (London: Sage, 1994).

Nayar, Deepak, *Governing Globalization* (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2002).

Olson, W. C. and Groom, A.J.R., *International Relations: Then and Now* (London, Harper Collins Academic, 1991).

P, Taylor, *International Organization in Modern World* (London: Printers, 1995).

Rajan, M. S., *Non-Alignment and the Non-Aligned Movement in the Present World Order* (Delhi: Konark, 1994).

Rajan, M. S., *The United Nations at 50 and Beyond* (New Delhi: Lancers Books, 1996).

Raju, Adluri Subramanyam, ed., *Terrorism in South Asia: Views from India* (New Delhi: India Research Press, 2004).

Rosenau, J. N., *The Scientific Study of Foreign Policy* (Princeton NJ: Princeton University Press, 1980).

Rosenau, J. N., *Turbulence in World Politics* (Princeton, Princeton University Press, 1990).

Rosenau, J. N., *World Politics: An Introduction* (New York: The Free Press, 1976).

Rosenau, J. N. and E. O. Czempicl, *Governance without Governance: Order and Change in World Politics* (Cambridge: University Press, 1992).

Russett, B. M. and Starr, H., *Grasping the Democratic Peace: Principles for a Post-Cold War World* (Princeton NJ: Princeton University Press, 1993).

Wilkinson, P., *Terrorism and the Liberal State* (Basingstoke: Macmillan, 1994), 3rd edn.

Williams, M., *Third World Co-operation: The Group of 77 in UNCTAD* (London, Frances Printer, 1991).

INTRODUCTION TO SOCIETY, CULTURE AND ECONOMY OF SOUTH ASIA  
Compulsory Paper-2  
Semester-II

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Credits Allotted	4
Instruction Method	Lectures and Seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper and book review
Course Duration	One Semester
Contact Hours	4 per week

### **Course Rationale**

The study of society and culture of South Asia is of vital significance to broadly understand and conceptualise the social problems. The cultural realms together with language diversity are a prominent hurdle to integrate the South Asian countries. A study of society and culture would spark in the students' mind the need to accommodate differences. This paper attempts to broaden the understandings of students to enable them to come with solutions for problems.

The economic reform process in the age of globalization has imparted a sense of competition and collaborative attempts to survive as relevant economic entities. With China and India poised for an unprecedented growth in future, other countries of South Asia have to catch up by restructuring their economic development. This course underlines some of the areas where they have to contemplate and act upon. The course highlights the nuances of the immense economic potentials present in South Asia.

### **Course Contents**

1. History and Geography
2. Society: Ethnic Diversities, Religions and Languages
3. Social Structure and the Process of Modernization
4. Gender Issues and Empowerment
5. Culture: South Asian Cultural Influences and its Impacts
6. Traditional Art Forms
7. Major Trends in Religious Traditions
8. Economic Resources
9. Developmental Process
10. Impact of Globalization and IT Revolution

### **Readings**

Baviskar, Amita, *In the Belly of the River* (Oxford University Press, 2005).

Bose, Sugata and Ayesha Jallal, *Modern South Asia: History, Culture, Political economy* (London: Taylor and Francis, 2004) 2nd edition.



Bose, Sugata and Jalal, Ayesha, *Modern South Asia* (London: Routledge, 2003).

Chapman, Graham P, *The Geopolitics of South Asia: From Early Empires to the Nuclear Age* (Aghgate Publishers, 2009).

Dirks, Nicholas B., *Castes of Mind* (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 2001).

Hay, Stephen, ed., *Sources of Indian Tradition*, (Columbia: Columbia University Press, 1988)

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Domestic Imperatives in India's Foreign Policy* (New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, 2002).

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Democracy, Nation Building and Peace in South Asia* (New Delhi: Har-Anand Publications, 2009)

Jha, Nalini Kant, ed, *South Asia in 21st Century* (New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, 2003).

Jha, Nalini Kant, ed., *Peace and Comparative Security in South Asia* (with Prof V T Patil) (New Delhi: P R Pub, 1999).

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Cultural and Philosophical Roots of India's Foreign Policy", *International Studies* (New Delhi), vol. 26, no 1, January-March 1989, pp. 26-45.

Metcalf, Barbara & Thomas, *A Concise History of India* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2002)

Prajapativishnu, *Politics and Power in South Asia* (New Delhi: Common Wealth Publishers, 2002).

Rahman, Atiur, *Political Economy of SAARC* (Dhaka, University of Press, 1985).

Rajagopalan, Swarna, *State and Nation in South Asia* (USA: Lynne Reinner Publishers, 2006).

Robb.Peter, *The Concept of Race in South Asia* (New Delhi: Atlantic, 1992).

Sharma, Renuka, *Representation of Gender, Democracy and Identity Politics in Relations to South Asia* (New Delhi: South Asia Book, 1996).

Sharma, S.R, *Roots of Confrontation in South Asia* (New Delhi, Comsons Publications, 2002).

Siddiqui, Anjum, *India and South Asia: Economic Developments in the Age of Globalisation* (New Delhi: Pentagon, 2008).

Vohra,V.N. ed, *Culture, Democracy and Development in South Asia* (New Delhi: Shipra Publications, 2001).

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY  
Compulsory Paper-3  
Semester-II

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Credits Allotted	4
Instruction Method	Lectures and Seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term papers and book review.
Course Duration	One Semester
Contact Hours	4 per week

### **Course Rationale**

This paper is a basic introduction to the process and methods of empirical research for achieving scientific knowledge in Political Science. An attempt is made to relate Social Science research methods to other courses in syllabus of Political Science. The criticisms of different methods and schools are included. The two seminal works of method for Political Scientists those of Karl Popper and Thomas Kuhn are also included along with other important aspects of research methods. The courses also focus on method of data collection, sample survey, preparation of bibliography and questionnaire, writing of a report, dissertation and thesis.

### **Course Contents**

1. Scientific Study of Political Science
2. Behavioural Revolution in Political Science and its Critics
3. The Problem: The Essence of a Research Project
4. Developing and Reporting Explanations: Theory, Past Research, and the Literature Review
5. Hypotheses, Concepts and Variables
6. Units of Analysis: Selecting the Sample
7. Definition and Measurement
8. Tools and Techniques of Data Collection: Observation, Questionnaire and Interview Methods
9. Data Processing and Analysis: Statistical Techniques of Data Analysis, Use of Computers
10. Report Writing and Thesis Writing

### **Readings**

Bernstein, Robert A. and Dyer, James A, *An Introduction to Political Science Methods* (New Jersey: Prentice Hall, 1992).

Blalock, H. N., *An Introduction to Social Research* (Englewood Cliffs NJ: Prentice Hall, 1970).

Brenner, M. J.; Brown, J. and Canter, D. eds., *The Research Interview: Uses and Approaches* (London: Academic Press, 1985).

Bryman, A., *Quantity and Quality in Social Research* (London: Unwin Hyman, 1988).

Bulmer, M. ed., *Sociological Research Methods: An Introduction* (London: Macmillan, 1984).

Burgess, R., *In the Field: An Introduction to Field Research* (London: Allen and Unwin, 1984).

Burton, T. L. and Cherry, G. L., *Social Research Techniques* (London: Unwin Hyman, 1989).

Eulau, H., *The Behavioural Persuasion in Politics* (New York: Random House, 1964).

Evera, S.V., *Guide to Methods for Students of Political Science* (Ithaca BNY: Cornell University Press, 1997).

Galtung, J., *Theory and Methods of Social Research* (New York: Columbia University Press, 1987).

Gilbert, N. (ed.), *Researching Social Life* (London: Sage, 1993).

Goode, W.J. and Hatt, P.K., *Methods of Social Research* (New York: McGraw Hill, 1952).

Hoover, K.R., *The Elements of Social Scientific Thinking* (New York: St. Martin's Press, 1980).

Isaak, A.C., *Scope and Methods of Political Science* (Homewood Illinois: Dorsey Press, 1985).

Johnson, J.B. and Joslynn, R. A., *Political Science Research Methods* (Washington DC: CQ. Press, 1986).

Jones, Lawrence R. and Edward C Olson, *Political Science Research: A Hand Book of Scope and Method* (New York: HarperCollins, 1996).

Marsh, D. and Stoker, G. (ed.), *Theory and Methods in Political Science* (Basingstoke, Macmillan, 1995).

Palit, J., ed., *Theories of Explanation* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1973).

Rubin, H. J., *Applied Social Research* (Columbus: North Illinois University Press, 1983).

Shively, W. P., *The Craft of Political Research* (Englewood Cliffs NJ: Prentice Hall, 1980).

Smith, B., *Political Research Methods* (Boston: Houghton Milton, 1976).

Tuffy, E. R., *Data Analysis for Political and Polity* (Englewood Cliffs NJ: Prentice Hall, 1974).

Vaus, De D.A., *Surveys in Social Research* (London: Unwin Hyman, 1991). 2nd, edn.

Warwick, D. P. and Bulmer, M. eds., *Social Research in Developing Countries: Surveys and Consciousness in the Third World* (Delhi: Research Press, 1993).

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## UNDERSTANDING PAKISTAN AND AFGHANISTAN

### Optional Paper-1 Semester-II

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Credits Allotted	3
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper and book review.
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	3 per week

#### **Course Rationale**

The primary focus of this course is to highlight factors and forces that are influencing state and nation building processes in Pakistan and Afghanistan. As regards Pakistan, the course discusses with origins of Pakistan and political developments since 1947 to date. The role of religion, military and internal powers in shaping Pakistan's public policy is also discussed. As regards Afghanistan, the course briefly deals with history, society and politics of the country including the rise of Taliban and its implications for the South Asian region.

#### **Course Contents**

1. Emergence of Pakistan & Political Developments in the Post-Colonial Era
2. Ethnicity and Nation Building in Pakistan
3. Role of Religion and Military in Pakistan
4. Pakistan in World Affairs
5. A Brief History of Afghanistan
6. Society and Culture of Afghanistan
7. Political Developments since 1979 and its Regional Implications
8. The Rise of Taliban

#### **Readings**

Ali, Tariq, *Pakistan: Military Rule or People's Power?* (London, 1970).

Aziz, K.K., *A History of the Idea of the Pakistan* (Vol. 1 to 4, Lahore, Vanguard Press, 1987).

Baynard, Sally Ann, et al, *Afghanistan, A Country Study* (Washington, US Government).

Bhagat, S. N., *Pakistan: Withering State* (New Delhi, Vikas Publishers, 1999).

Bhutto, Zulfikar Ali, *If I Am Assassinated* (New Delhi, 1979).

Burke, S.M., *Pakistan's Foreign Policy* (London, 1973).

Burke, S.M., *Mainsprings of Indian and Pakistani Foreign Policies* (Minneapolis, 1974).

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Kukreja, Veena, *Contemporary Pakistan, Political Processes, Conflicts and Crises* (Delhi, Sage Publications, 2003).

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Rashid, Ahmed, Taliban, *Islam, Oil and the New Great Game in Central Asia* (Yale, Yale University press).

Rizvi, Hassan Askari, *Military, State and Society in Pakistan* (London, St. Martin Press, 2000).

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Roy, Olivier, *Afghanistan: From Holy War to Civil War* (Darwin Press).

Sayed, S., *Civil-Military Relations in Pakistan* (Boulder, West View Press, 1997).

Singh, Sudhir Kumar, Democracy and Nation Building in Pakistan, Democracy, *Nation Building and Peace in South Asia* (Nalini Kant Jha, ed.,New Delhi, Har-Anand Publications, 2009).

Singh, Sudhir Kumar, Ethnicity and Regional Aspirations in Pakistan, *Journal of Peace Studies* (May-June 2000) p. 44.

Tarzi, Amin, et al, *The Taliban and the Crisis of Afghanistan* (Harvard, Harvard University Press).

Zaidi, Akbar S., *Issues in Pakistan's Economy* (Karachi, Oxford University Press, 1999).

Ziring, Lawrence, *The Subcontinent in World Politics: India, Its Neighbours, and the Great Powers* (New York, 1975).

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## ENERGY SECURITY IN SOUTH ASIA

### Optional Paper-2 Semester-II

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Credits Allotted	3
Instruction Method	Lectures and Seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper and book review
Course Duration	One Semester
Contact Hours	3 per week

#### **Course Rationale**

The paper analyzes the existing energy situation in South Asian countries. Further it explores the problems and prospects of regional cooperation in the energy sector and mutual benefits accruing from such an effort. The paper also deals with the various countries' proposals and initiatives of cooperative efforts to realize in the energy sector.

#### **Course Contents**

1. Concept and Types of Energy
2. Energy Resources and Endowments
3. Forms and Patterns of Utilization
4. Global Energy development and its implications for South Asia.
5. Approaches to Energy Security
6. Energy and Environment
7. Energy: Conflict and Cooperation
8. External factors in South Asian quest for Energy Security

#### **Readings:**

Andreas, K., Regional Disparities in Electrification of India: Do Geographical Factors Matter, *CEPE Working Paper* (No.51, Zurich, Centre for Energy Policy and Economics, 2006).

Barnes, D. And Floor, W., Rural Energy in Developing Countries: A Challenge for Economic Development, *Annual Review of Energy and the Environment* (No.21, 1996) pp.497-530.

Chari, P.R., Gupta Sonika, *Human Security in South Asia: Energy, Gender, Migration and Globalization* (New Delhi, Social Science Press, 2003).



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Kraenner, Sascha-Muller, *Energy Security: Remaking the World* (UK, Earthscan, 2008).

Lall, Marie, *The Geopolitics of Energy in South Asia* (Singapore, ISEAS, 2009).

Lama, P. Mahendra, Economic Reforms and the Energy Sector in South Asia: Scope for Cross-Border Power Trade, *South Asian Survey* (vol.7, no.1, January-June 2000).

McMillan, Joseph, *Energy Security in South Asia: Can Interdependence Breed Stability?* (National Defence University, 2008).

Moran, Daniel and Russel A. James, ed., *Energy Security and Global Politics: The Militarization of Resource Management* (New York, Routledge, 2009).

Naik, V. Anant, Ghosh Sajal and Raghuraman V., *Energy Security Issues and India* (see [www.acus.org/energy](http://www.acus.org/energy), Jul 2003).

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Parthasarathy, G., *The Quest for Energy Security* (see <http://www.rediff.com/news/2001/jul/106gp.htm>).

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Raju, A.Subramanyam, Energy Cooperation in South Asia, *Energy Security and the Indian Ocean* (Dennis Rumely and Sanjay Chaturvedi, eds., New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 2005) pp. 190-203.

Ramani, K.V. and Heijndermans, E., *Energy, Poverty and Gender: A Synthesis* (Washington DC, The World Bank, 2003).

Wesley, Michael, *Energy Security in Asia* (London, Routledge, 2007).

ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES IN SOUTH ASIA  
Optional Paper-3  
Semester-II

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Credit Allotted	3
Instruction Method	Lectures and Seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper and book review
Course Duration	One Semester
Contact Hours	3 per week

### **Course Rationale**

This course deals with the basic understanding of environmental issues in South Asia which have become a cause for global concern. This is because of increasing implications of human-induced environmental degradation. The geographic location of South Asia, its climatic conditions and imperatives of rapid development have made this region highly vulnerable to environmental threats and global warming. The recent meeting of the Maldivian cabinet under sea water and the Nepalese cabinet at the Himalayan heights have showcased the gravity of environmental problems that haunt South Asia.

This course is intended to make students aware of these threats and the associated challenges and imperatives of balancing demands of economic development with environmental security.

### **Course Contents**

1. Re-conceptualizing national security: environment as a major factor
2. Environmental pollution: nature, types and control measures
3. Environmental disasters: definitions, types, control measures
4. Sharing and managing of water resources; virtual water
5. Social issues and the environment in South Asia: sustainable development, development induced displacements, climate change and environmental ethics
6. Indian environmental movements and their influence in South Asia; the pivotal role of Gandhian philosophy
7. Population as a driver of resource depletion and pollution; limits to growth and its implications for South Asia in particular and the world in general.

### **Readings**

Babar, Md, *Environmental Changes and Natural Disasters* (New India Publications, 2007).  
Cederlof, Gunnel, *Landscapes and the Law: Environmental Politics Regional Histories and Contests Over Nature* (Permanent Black Publications, 2008).  
Chambers, W. Bradnee and Green, Jessica F, *Reforming International Environmental Governance: From Institutional Limits to Innovative Reforms* (Bookwell Publications, 2006).

Cincotta, Richard, Engelman; Robert, and Anastasion, Daniele, *The Security Demographic: Population and Civil Conflict after the Cold War* (Population Action International, 2003).

Conkin, Paul K, *The State of the Earth: Environmental Challenges on the Road to 2100* (Universities Press, 2007).

Goldstone, Jack A., *Demography, Environment and Security, Environmental Conflict* (Westview Press, 2001).

Homer-Dixon, Thomas, *Environment, Scarcity, and Violence* (Princeton University Press, 1999).

Kumar, Ratnesh, *Environmental Economics: Theory and Practices* (Deep and Deep Publications, 2006).

Lonergan, Steve, *Water and Conflict: Rhetoric and Reality, Environmental Conflict* (P. Diehl and Nils Ptter Gleditsch (eds.), Westview Pres, 2001).

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Mathews, Jessica Tuchman, *Redefining Security, Foreign Affairs*, (vol. 68, no. 2, Spring 1989).

Myers, Norman, *Environmental Security: How it Works, Ultimate Security* (Norton & Company Press, 1993).

Patro, L R and Tripathy S N, *Environmental Hazards* (Sonali Publications, 2007).

Porter, Gareth and Brown, Janet Welsh, *The Emergence of Global Environmental Politics, Global Environmental Politics* (Boulder, Westview Press, 1996).

Qazi, S A and Qazi, Navaid Shabir, *Natural Resource Conservation and Environment Management* (APH Publications, 2008).

Rasure, K A, *Environment and Sustainable Development* (Serials Publications, 2007).

Singh, Arvind Kumar, *Population Growth, Modernization and Environmental Degradation* (Radha Publications, 2007).

Suchinmayee, Rachna, *Gender, Human Rights and Environment* (Atlantic Publications, 2008).

Viswanadh, G K and Giridhar, M V S S, *Watershed Management and Impact of Environment Changes on Water Resources* (BS Publications, 2007).

Yadav, M S, *Nuclear Weapons and Explosions: Environmental Impacts and Other Effects* (SBS Publications, 2007).

## GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN SOUTH ASIA

### Compulsory Paper-1 Semester-III

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Credits Allotted	4
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper and book review.
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	4 per week

#### **Course Rationale**

This course outlines the structures and processes of both governments and other political instrumentalities in South Asia.

#### **Course Contents**

##### **1: Introduction**

Constitutionalism in South Asia  
Obstacles to Constitutionalism in South Asia  
Evolution of South Asian Constitutions  
Constitutions and Political developments in South Asia  
Consociationalism.

##### **2: Comparative Politics I**

Important features of Indian Political System  
Important features of Sri Lankan Political System  
Important features of Nepal Political System  
Important features of Afghanistan Political System  
Important features of Bangladesh System

##### **3: Comparative Politics II**

Important features of Bhutan Political System  
Important features of Maldives Political System  
Important features of Pakistan Political System  
Important features of Sri Lanka Political System

##### **4: Topics of current interest in South Asia**

Political Parties of South Asia  
Pressure Groups in South Asia  
Public opinion in South Asia  
Mass Media and Political Communication in South Asia  
Non-Western Political Process and Political Modernization in South Asia

##### **5: Comparative Elections**

Rights and Duties of South Asian Peoples  
Suffrage and Representation in South Asia  
Constituencies and Electoral Processes  
Representation of Minorities  
Election Commission and Electoral Processes

Electoral freedom and fairness

**6: Legislative processes in South Asia**

Legislatures and Legislative Processes

Legislatures and Social Change

**7: Bureaucratic processes in South Asia**

Executives of South Asia

Bureaucracies of South Asia

Bureaucracy and Development

**8: Comparative Judiciary**

Rule of Law and Administrative Law in South Asia

Independence of Judiciary in South Asia

Judiciary and Constitutional Development in South Asia

Judiciary and Citizen's Rights in South Asia

Judicial behaviour in South Asia

**9: Role of NGO's and People's Participation**

Role of NGO's in promoting people to people contact

NGO's and Human Rights

NGO's and Political Awareness

People's Group and Movements

**10: Mass Media**

Role of Mass Media in promoting democratic values

Role of Public Opinion

**Readings**

Ahmed, Imtiaz; Dasgupta, Abhijit; Kerkhoff, Kathinka; Sinha, *State, Society and Displaced People in South Asia* (Bangladesh, The University Press Ltd., 2004).

Allen, Douglas, ed., *Religion and Political Conflict in South Asia: India, Pakistan, and Sri Lanka* (Praeger/Greenwood, 1992).

Baral, Lok Raj, *Nepal Problems of Governance* (New Delhi, Konark publishers, 1993).

Baxter, Charles; Malik, Yogendra, Kennedy, Charles, and Oberst, Robert, *Government and Politics in South Asia* (Boulder, Westview (fifth edition), 2002).

Baxter, Craig, *Government and Politics in South Asia* (London, Westview Press, 1998).

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Brass, Paul, *The Politics of India since Independence* (Cambridge, (second edition), 1994).

Brass, Paul R., and Franda, Marcus F. (eds.), *Radical Politics in South Asia* (Cambridge, MIT Press, 1974).

Breckenridge, Carol; Appadurai and Veer, Peter van der, eds., *Orientalism and the Postcolonial Predicament: Perspectives on South Asia* (Philadelphia, University of Pennsylvania Press, 1993).

Chadda, Maya, *Building Democracy in South Asia* (New Delhi, Vistaar Publications, 2000).

Cohen, Stephen, *The Idea of Pakistan* (Washington, Brookings, 2004).

Gellner, David N., *Resistance and the State Nepalese Experiences* (New Delhi, Social Science Press).

Hye, Hasnat Abdul, *Governance South Asian perspectives* (New Delhi, Manohar, 2001).

Iftikharuzzaman, *Ethnicity and Constitutional Reforms in South Asia* (New Delhi, Manohar, 1998).

Jalal, Ayesha, *Democracy and Authoritarianism in South Asia* (New Delhi, 1995).

Jetley, Nancy (ed.), *Regional Security in South Asia* (New Delhi, 1999).

Johari, J.C., *Governments and Politics of South Asia* (New Delhi, Sterling, 1991).

Kabir, Muhammad Ghulam, *Changing Face of Nationalism: The Case of Bangladesh* (Dhaka, University Press Limited, 1994).

Kaushik, P.D., *New Dimensions of Government and Politics of Nepal* (New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 1996).

Kejariwal, O.P., *The Afghanistan Crisis Problems and Perspectives* (New Delhi, Nehru Memorial museum and Library, 2002).

Mathur, P.C.(ed.), *Government and Politics in South Asia* (Jaipur, Printwell, 1985).

Mitra, S.K.and Rothermund, Dietmer, eds., *Legitimacy and Conflict in South Asia* (Delhi, Manohar, 1998).

Muni, S.D, *Understanding South Asia* (New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 1994).

Sinha, R.P. and Dandekar, Surya, *South Asian Politics: Ideological and Institutions* (New Delhi, Kanishka, 1998).

Sobhan, Rehman, *Bangladesh Problems of Governance* (New Delhi, Konark Publishers, 1993).

Stern, Robert W., *Democracy and Dictatorship in South Asia Dominant Classes and Political Outcomes in India, Pakistan, and Bangladesh* (London, Praeger, 2004).

## CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN SOUTH ASIA

### Compulsory Paper-2 Semester-III

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Credits Allotted	4
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper and book review
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	4 per week

#### **Course Rationale**

This paper is designed to enable the students to understand the problems and challenges confronting the international community in general and South Asia in particular. The students should be able to comprehend the issue and nature of these problems. An attempt will also be made to illustrate and evaluate the actions of the international community to address these burning issues.

#### **Course Contents**

##### **Social Issues in South Asia**

1. Social Composition of South Asian Societies: Pluralism and Multiculturalism; Politics of Religion; Problems of Religious Minorities; Social Inequality: Caste, Class and Gender Issues; Dilemmas of Affirmative Action, Globalization and Social Exclusion.

2. Refugee Studies; Evolution of Refugee International Law since World War II, the UN and Refugee Law; History of Refugees in South Asia; Refugees in South Asia in 21<sup>st</sup> Century – Tibetan, Chakma, Sri Lankan, Afghan Refugees in India; Refugees and Economic Burdens; the Issues of Identity, Representation and Consciousness; Refugees and Socio- Cultural Disjunctions.

##### **Terrorism in South Asia**

3. The Origin of the Problem, Causes, Means Adopted by Terrorists in South Asia and governmental Responses.

4. Case Studies: Terrorism in Kashmir & Punjab, Maoist in Nepal; Terrorist Organisations in Sri Lanka, Pakistan and Afghanistan.

5. International Efforts to Curb Terrorism: Anti Terrorist Legislation at the International level; UN and European Conventions against Terrorist Funding, SAARC Convention on Terrorism.

##### **Economic Issues in South Asia**

6. Poverty and Poverty Alleviation; Economic Disparity; Landless Labourers in Organized and Unorganized Sectors.

7: Rectifying the Regional Imbalances: Role of Education, Credit and Health in the Empowerment of Rural Areas; Challenges and Opportunities thrown by Globalization; Impact of Multinationals, WTO and International Financial Institutions in Promoting Development and Reducing Poverty

### **Democratic Deficit in South Asia**

8. Challenges of Democracy: Military Rule; Feudalism; Political Instability; Violence, Communalism, Corporate Politics, Extra Constitutional Power Centres; Role of Extra Territorial Powers, Money Power; Corruption; Lack of Intra Party Democracy.

9. Opportunity for Efficacy: Representative Democracy; Participatory Democracy; Local Government; Role of NGOs and Other People Participation Programmes.

10. Minority Politics; Caste Politics; Role of Judiciary; Mass Media; Election Commission and Political Awareness.

### **Readings**

Agarwal, Bina, *A Field of One's Own: Gender and Land Rights in South Asia* (Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1994).

Bingham, G. Powell, *Contemporary Democracies* (Cambridge, Harvard University Press, 1982).

Chimni, B.S., *International Refugee Law: A Reader* (New Delhi, Sage, 2000).

Clark, Cal and Roy, K. C., *Comparing Development Patterns in Asia* (London, Lynne Rienner Publishers, 1997).

Haq, Mahbub, *Human Development in South Asia 1997* (Karachi, Oxford University Press, 1997).

Krishnamurthy, B., *Terrorism in the Indian Subcontinent: Pakistan's Surrogate Warfare with India* (Vinay Kumar Malhotra, ed., USA & India, Leeds, Wisdom House, 2003) pp.105-119.

Patil, V.T. and Trivedi, P.R., *Refugees and Human Rights* (New Delhi, Authors Press, 2000).

Pennock, Roland J., *Democratic Political Theory* (Princeton University Press, 1979).

Perera, Amrith Rohan, *International Terrorism* (New Delhi, Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd., 1997) pp 95-96.

Ponna, Wignaraja & Hussain, Akmal eds., *The Challenge in South Asia: Development, Democracy and Regional Cooperation* (Karachi, Oxford University Press, 1989).

Raju, A. Subramanyam, ed., *Terrorism in South Asia: Views from India* (New Delhi, India Research Press, 2004).



Shah, Ghanshyam, *Social Movements in India; A Review of Literature* (New Delhi, Sage Publications, 2004).

Singh, Nagendra, *The Role and Record of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees* (New Delhi, Macmillan, 1984).

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SOUTH ASIA IN WORLD AFFAIRS  
Compulsory Paper-3  
Semester-III

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Credits Allotted	4
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper and book review
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	4 per week

### **Course Rationale**

This course is designed to make students aware about the role of South Asia in international politics. The main thrust is to transcend distinction between the study of international relations and the study of domestic politics in the specific case of South Asia by focusing upon the global political system of which the states system and the national political systems are both part. As such this course focuses on the connections between the national, regional and international arenas as mediated through the institutions of state and government, particular cultural and ideological values, and particular desire and aspirations of peoples in this region. The course also throws light on the role of great powers in the region and India's bilateral ties with its neighbours in the light of global and domestic milieu. Finally, course examines the links between South Asia and international economy in the era of globalisation and liberalisation as also on evolution, achievements and limitations of South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC).

### **Course Contents**

- 1 Introduction: South Asia as a Region; a Brief Profile of South Asian States; and Problems of Irredentism.
- 2 Roots of Conflict in South Asia: Geography, History, Ideology, Social Structure, Politics and External Intervention.
- 3 Bilateral Relations in South Asia: India and Pakistan; India and Bangladesh, India and Himalayan Kingdoms of Nepal and Bhutan, and India and Sri Lanka.
- 4 The International Setting: The United States and South Asia; the former Soviet Union/Russia and South Asia, the Non-aligned Movement and South Asia, the Commonwealth and South Asia, China and South Asia, and South Asia and the International Politics of the Muslim World
- 5 Domestic Environment in South Asia: Re-conceptualising National Security; Economic Change and Political Stability; State-Society Relations in India, Pakistan, Nepal, Bhutan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, and Maldives.
- 6 South Asia in International Economy: Transition and Imperatives of Reforms
- 7 SAARC: Evolution, Achievements and Limitations.
- 8 Looking Ahead: Prospects for Peace, Security, and Cooperation in South Asia.

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## Readings

- Axam, Kousar J., *Discourse in Trust: US South Asian Relations* (New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 1999).
- Babu, B Ramesh, '*Glocalization*' and the Indian Nation State: *Jurisdiction and Loyalties in Flux* (New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 2004).
- Babu, B Ramesh, ed., *Globalization and South Asian States* (New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 1998).
- Banerji, Dipankar and G W. Kuck, eds., *South Asia and the War on Terrorism* (New Delhi, India Research Press, 2003).
- Banerji, Dipankar, ed., *Security Studies in South Asia: Change and Challenges* (New Delhi, Manohar, 2000).
- Brands, Willima J., *India, Pakistan and Great Powers* (New York, 1972).
- Buzan, Barry, South Asian Moving towards Transformation: Emergence of India as a Great Power, *International Studies* (vol.39, no.1, New Delhi, January-March 2002) pp1-24.
- Chapman, Graham, *The Geopolitics of South Asia: From Early Empires to the Nuclear Age* (Ashgate Publishing, 2003).
- Chari, P., Perception, *Politics and Security in South Asia* (London, Routledge, 2003).
- Dixit, J N, *Indian Foreign Policy and its Neighbours* (New Delhi, Gyan Publishers, 2001).
- Farmer, B.H., *An Introduction to South Asia* (London, Methuen Publishers, 1983).
- Ganguly, Rajat and Macduff, Ian, *Ethnic Conflict and Secessionism in South and South East Asia* (New Delhi, Sage, 2003).
- Ghosh, P. S., *Conflict and Co-Operation in South Asia* (New Delhi, Manohar Publications, 1990).
- Hagerty, Devin T. (ed.), *South Asia in World Politics* (New York, Rowman & Littlefield, 2005).
- Harrison, Selig S.; Keeisberg, Paul H. and Kux, Dennis, eds., *India and Pakistan: The First Fifty Years* (Washington DC, Woodrow Wilson Press, 1990).
- Hewitt, Vernon Marston, *The International Politics of South Asia* (Manchester, Manchester University Press, 1992).

Hewitt, Vernon Marston, *The International Politics of South Asia* (Manchester & N.Y., Manchester University Press, 1992).

Iftikharuzzaman, ed., *Regional Economic Trends and South Asian Security* (New Delhi, Manohar, 1997).

Iftikharuzaman (ed.), *South Asia's Security: Primacy of Internal Dimension* (New Delhi, Vikas Publishing House, 1995).

Jetly, Nancy, ed., *Regional Security in South Asia: The Ethno Sectarian Dimensions* (New Delhi, Lancers Books, 1999).

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Domestic Environment in South Asia: Implications for India's Security and Foreign Policy* (Pondicherry, Department of Political Science, Pondicherry University, 2004).

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Domestic Imperatives in India's Foreign Policy* (New Delhi, South Asian, 2002).

Jha, Nalini Kant, *India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World* (New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 2000).

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Internal Crisis and Indira Gandhi's Foreign Policy* (New Delhi/Patna, Janki Prakashan, 1985).

Jha, Nalini Kant and V T Patil, eds., *India in a Turbulent World: Perspectives on Foreign and Security Policies* (New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 2003).

Jha, Nalini Kant eds., *Peace and Cooperative Security in South Asia* (New Delhi/Pondicherry, Poonrani Publishers, 1999).

Jha, Nalini Kant, ed., *South Asia in 21st Century: India, Her Neighbours and Great Powers* (New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 2003).

Meyer, Milton W., *South Asia: A Short History of the Subcontinent* (Ottawa, Littlefield, 1976).

Monique, Mekenkamp; Tongeren, Paul van and Veen, Hans van de, eds., *Searching for Peace in Central and South Asia* (Colorado, Lynne Rienner Publishers, 2003).

Prasad, Bimal, ed., *Political Dimensions of South Asian Co-operation* (New Delhi, Macmillan, 1990).

Raghavan, V R, ed., *Comprehensive Security in South Asia* (New Delhi, Delhi Policy Group, 2001).

Raghavan, V. R., *Comprehensive Security in South Asia: Perspectives from the Region* (New Delhi, Delhi Policy Group, 2002).

Rizvi, Gowher, *South Asia in a Changing International Order* (New Delhi, Sage Publications, 1993).

Talbot, Philip, *South Asia and the World Today* (Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1950).

Verma, S. P. and Misra, K. P. (eds.), *Foreign Policies of South Asia* (New Delhi, 1969).

Werner, Ravi, *The Challenges of World Politics in South and South East Asia* (Englewood Cliffs, N.J., 1968).

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## UNDERSTANDING NEPAL BHUTAN AND BANGLADESH

Optional Paper-1  
Semester-III

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Credits Allotted	3
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper and book review
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	3 per week

### Course Rationale

This paper focuses on understanding Nepal, Bhutan and Bangladesh. It focuses on transition from colonialism to independence in all the above countries. This paper focuses on society, culture, religion and political developments and foreign policies of the countries.

### Course Contents

1. Emergence of Bangladesh as a Nation-State
2. Society and Economy of Bangladesh
3. Political Development and Foreign Relations of Bangladesh
4. State and Society in Nepal
5. Nepal's Politics: From Monarchy to Democracy
6. External Relationship of Nepal
7. Society and Culture in Bhutan
8. Political Development and External Relations of Bhutan

### Readings

Chauhan, R.S., *Society and State building in Nepal: From Ancient Times to Mid-Twentieth Century* (New Delhi, Sterling, 1989).

Ahmad, Kholiquzzaman qazi and M. Anwarul Azim, *Energy Security in Bangladesh* (Dhaka: Academic Press and Publishers Library, 2005).

Ahmed, A F Salahuddin, *Bengali Nationalism and the Emergence of Bangladesh: An Introductory Outline* (Dhaka: International centre for Bengal studies, 1994).

Ahmed, Dalia, *The Dispensation of Fatwa and Women's Progress in Bangladesh* (Dhaka: FOWSIA, 2005).

Ahmed, Emajuddin, *Bangladesh South Asia and the World* (Dhaka: Academic Publishers Limited, 1992).

Ahmed, Emajuddin, *Foreign policy of Bangladesh: A Small States Imperative* (Dhaka: UPL, 1984).

Alauddin, Mohammad and Samiul Hasan, *Development Governance and the Environment in South Asia: A Focus on Bangladesh* (London: Macmillan, 1999).

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Ali, A M M Shawkat, *Facts of Terrorism in Bangladesh* (Dhaka: UPL, 2006).

Ali, Asharf, *Development Issues of Bangladesh* (Dhaka: UPL, 1996).

Bhattacharya, Debapriya & Others, *Bangladesh in the Global Trade Regime: Labour, Environment, Agriculture, Export and Trade Negotiations* (Dhaka: Pathak Samabesh , 2005).

Centre For Policy Dialogue, *Revisiting Foreign Aid: A Review of Bangladesh's Development 2003*, (Dhaka: UPL, 2004).

Chari, P. R, *Security and Governance in South Asia*, (Colombo: Manphar, 2001).

Chakravarty, S. R., *Foreign policy of Bangladesh* (New Delhi: Har-Anan Pub., 1994).

Chakravarty, S. R. Society, *Polity and Economy of Bangladesh* (New Delhi: Har-anand Publications, 1994).

Chawdhury, Quamrul Islam, *Bangladesh: State of Environment Report 1998* (Dhaka: FEJB, 1999).

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Chowdhury, Quamrul Islam, *Bangladesh: State of Bio-diversity* (Dhaka: FEJB, 2001).

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Rahman, Aatur, *Essays on Democracy and Leadership: Bangladesh Perspectives* (Dhaka: BPSA, 2007).

Rahman, Islam Rushidan, *Performance of the Bangladesh Economy: Selected Issues* (Dhaka: BIDS, 2003).

Rahim, Aminur, *Politics and National Formation in Bangladesh* (Dhaka: UPL, 1997).

Rashid, Harun ur, *Bangladesh Foreign Policy* (Dhaka: Academic Press and Publishers, 2005).

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- Shafie, Ahsan Ali Hasan, *Entitlement and Deprivation: Selected Cases of Discrimination in Bangladesh* (Dhaka: UNESCO, 2005).
- Shelly, Mizanur Rahman, *Emergence of a New Nation in a Multi-Polar World: Bangladesh* (Dhaka: UPL, 2007).
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- Sobhan, Rehman, *From Aid Dependence to Self-reliance: Development Options for Bangladesh* (Dhaka: BIDS and UPL, 1990).
- Sobhan, Rehman and Nasreen khundaker, *Globalization and Gender: Changing Patterns of Women's Employment in Bangladesh* (Bangladesh: CPD & UPL, 2001).
- Tanveer, M Feroze Ahmed Saleh A, *Bangladesh Environment 2002* (Dhaka: BPA, 2002).
- Zinatunnessa, and R.M.M. Khuda, *Environmental Degradation: Challenges of the 21st Century* (Dhaka: ESRU, 200).
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## MARITIME SECURITY AND SOUTH ASIA

Optional Paper-2

Semester-III

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Credits Allotted	3
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper and book review
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	3 per week

### Course Rationale

The objective of this course is to impart knowledge and create awareness on the importance and significance of Maritime Security issues in the context of South Asian Security. It also throws light on the historical maritime linkages and geo-strategic importance of the South Asian coastal states. It further discusses the various issues: border issues, EEZ, maritime threats and cooperation among the coastal states to enhance their trade and shipping.

### Course Contents

1. Introduction: Concept of Maritime Security; Strategic Thinkers: Alfred Mahan & K.M.Panicker
2. Maritime History of South Asia
3. Maritime border disputes: India and Pakistan; India and Bangladesh; and India and Sri Lanka
4. Threats to South Asian Maritime Security: Traditional security threats: Safeguarding EEZ, territorial waters and islands; Non-traditional security threats: fishermen problems; piracy; maritime terrorism, drug trafficking, gun running; illegal migration; maritime pollution.
5. Indian Ocean: Zone of Peace & Regional Groupings: Indian Ocean Rim-Association for Regional Cooperation (IORARC); Bangladesh, India, Myanmar, Sri Lanka, Thailand Economic Cooperation (BIMST-EC); Naval Cooperation.
6. Maritime Strategy: India's maritime interests; Pakistan's maritime interests; Bangladeshi maritime interests; Sri Lanka's maritime interests
7. Maritime Gateways: Connecting the important ports in South Asia & enhancing trade and shipping
8. Maritime Security in South Asia through Cooperation: CBMs

### Readings:

Anand, R.P., "The Kutch Award," *India Quarterly* (vol.24, no.3, July-September 1968).

Gupta, Alok Kumar, "Other Territorial Disputes with Pakistan: Rann of Kutch and Sir Creek," *Conflict and Peacemaking in South Asia* (Sahadevan P, ed., New Delhi, Lancers Books, 2001) pp.272-295.

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Holmes, R. James; Winner, C. Andrew and Yoshihara, Toshi, *Indian Naval Strategy in the 21st Century* (Routledge, 2009).

Jayasinghe, W.T., *Kachchativu and the Maritime Boundary of Sri Lanka* (Colombo: A Stamford Lake Publications, 2003).

Khurana, S Gurpreet, *Maritime Forces in Pursuit of National Security: Policy Imperatives for India* (New Delhi, Shipra Publications, 2008).

Nordquist, H. Myron, *United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, 1982: A Commentary* (University of Virginia: Center for Oceans Law and Policy, 1985).

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Pendharkar, Rajesh, *The Lahore Declaration and beyond: Maritime Confidence-Building Measures in South Asia* (Occasional paper no.51, Washington D.C, The Henry L Stimson Centre, February 2003).

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Raju, A.Subramanyam, "The (In) Security of Fishermen in South Asia," *Fisheries Exploitation in the Indian Ocean: Threats and Opportunities* (Dennis Rumely & Sanjay Chaturvedi, eds., Singapore, ISEAS, 2009) pp.163-176.

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Roy-Chaudhury, Rahul, *India's Maritime Security* (New Delhi, Knowledge World in assoc. with Institute for Defence Studies and Analyses, 2000).

Singh, Jasjit, *Maritime security* (New Delhi, Institute for Defence Studies).

Singh, K.R., *Maritime Security for India: New Challenges and Response* (New Delhi: New Century Publications, 2008).

Vevekanandan,V., "Crossing Maritime Borders: The Problem and Solution in the Indo-Sri Lankan Context," *Forging Unity: Coastal Communities and the Indian Ocean's Future*, (K.G.Kumar, ed., Chennai, International Collective in Support of Fish workers, 2003).

Webb, Graham Gerard Ong, *Piracy, Maritime Terrorism and Securing the Malacca Straits* (Singapore, ISEAS, 2006).

**CIVIL SOCIETY AND HUMAN RIGHTS IN SOUTH ASIA**  
Optional Paper-VIII  
Semester-III

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Credits Allotted	3
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term paper and book review
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	3 per week

**Course Rationale**

Human Rights have acquired a new significance since the end of Second World War in shaping the relations between countries. The United Nations Declaration of Human Rights has given these rights a new meaning and significance. Since then, there has been concerted effort to protect and guarantee these rights at international and regional levels. The paper is about the problems of world community in giving effect to these rights in light of different social, economic and cultural backgrounds of the individual countries, with special reference to South Asia. It highlights the recent South Asian perspective to the understanding of Human Rights.

**Course Contents**

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1. Origin, nature and dynamics of civil society
2. Structure of civil society in South Asia
3. Role and challenges of civil society
4. Human Rights: Western, Non-western and Marxian perspectives
5. Universal declaration of Human Rights, SAARC, other conventions and protocols
6. Facets of human rights violation in South Asia
7. Measures of Human Rights protection: Role of the state
8. Measures of Human Rights protection: Role of international institutions, regional organizations and NGO's

**Readings**

Ackerman, Bruce, *Social Justice in the Liberal State* (New Haven, Yale University Press, 1980).

Alvi, Hamza and Harris, John, eds., *South Asia*, (New York, Monthly Review, 1989).

Bary, Wm. Theodore de, *Asian Values and Human Rights: A Confucian Communitarian Perspective* (Cambridge, Harvard Press, 1998).

Brownlie, Ian, ed., *Basic Documents on Human Rights* (3d ed., Antony, Oxford, 1992).

Cranston, Maurice William, *What Are Human Rights?* (New York, Basic Books, 1962) .

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Galligan B, C. Sampford, eds., *Rethinking Human Rights* (Sydney, The Federation Press, 1997).

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Griffiths, M and O Callaghan, *Key Concepts in International Relations* (London, Routledge, 2004).

Haider, Iqbal, *Human Rights in South Asia* (Dhaka, SAFMA, 2004).

Meldon, A.I, *Rights and Persons* (Berkeley, University of California Press, 1977).

Mishra, P, *Human Rights in South Asia* (New Delhi, Kalpaz Publications, 2000).

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Ravindran, J, *Human Rights Praxis: A Resource Book for Study: Action and Reflection* (Earthworm Books, 1998).

Saksena, K.P,ed, *Human Rights and the Indian Constitution: Vision and Reality* (New Delhi, Gyan Publishing, 2003).

Symonides, J, ed., *Human Rights: New Dimensions and Challenges* (Aldershot Ashgate, 1998).

Wellman, Carl, *Welfare Rights* (Ottawa, Rowan Littlefield, 1982).

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Weston.Burns H, Stephen P.Marks, eds, *The Future of International Human Rights* (New York, Transnational Publishers Inc, 1999).

Wolgast, Elizabeth H., *Equality and the Rights of Women* (Ithaca, Cornell University Press, 1980).

Wringe, C.A., *Children's Rights: A Philosophical Study* (Boston, Routledge and K. Paul, 1981).

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## REGIONAL COOPERATION IN SOUTH ASIA

Compulsory Paper-1

Semester-IV

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Credits Allotted	4
Instruction Method	Lectures and Seminars
Evaluation Method	Written Tests, term Paper and Book review.
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	4 per week

### Course Rationale

This paper is intended to make the students aware about the theoretical approaches to regional cooperation with special reference to South Asia. In the light of these theoretical and historical perspectives, students will be introduced to the evolution, objectives, features, limitations and prospects of SAARC. The role of various members of SAARC towards this grouping will also be discussed.

### Course Contents

1. Theoretical Approaches to Regional Organisations.
2. South Asian Regional Identity: Compositions, Aspirations and Constraints.
3. Stimulators of South Asian
4. SAARC: Origin, Evolution, Objectives and Institutional Features
5. SAARC and Its Members – I  
India, Pakistan, Nepal, Bhutan
6. SAARC and Its members – II  
Bangladesh, Afghanistan, Sri Lanka, Maldives
7. SAARC and Allied Interests:  
The Bay of Bengal Community  
BIMSTEC  
ASEAN
8. Assessing SAARC – I  
Economic Cooperation  
Confidence Building Measures
9. Assessing SAARC – II  
Cooperation in the Field of Science, Technology and other Non-Political Spheres
10. Prospects and Opportunities Ahead; Possible Lessons from the European Union

## Readings

- Ahmed, K., "South Asia's Unresolved Disputes," *South Asian Journal* (New Delhi), January 2004, pp. 1-15
- Bose, Sugata, ed. *South Asia and World Capitalism* (Delhi: OUP, 1990).
- Dash, K.C., "Domestic Support, Weak Governments, and Regional Cooperation: A Case Study of South Asia," *Contemporary South Asia* (London) vol. 6, 1997, pp. 57-77.
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- Dubey, M., "The Twelfth SAARC Summit: Deeper Integration in South Asia", *South Asian Survey* (New Delhi), vol. 12, 2005, p. 12-21.
- Gupta, Sisir, *India and Regional Integration in Asia* (Bombay: Asia Publishing House, 1964).
- Hassan, M.K., "Is SAARC a Viable Economic Block? Evidence from Gravity Model," *Journal of Asian Economies*, vol.12, 2005, pp. 35-46.
- Mahmood, M., *Regional Integration in South Asia: Perspectives and Prospects* (New Delhi: S. Chand Publications, 1987).
- Mohan, B., *The Politics of Regionalism in South Asia* (Atlantic, 1992).
- Mohsin, M., "The Twelfth SAARC Summit: Quest for Durable South Asian Cooperation," *South Asian Survey* (12: 35-46, 2005).
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- Pevehouse, Jon C., *Democracy from Above: Regional Organizations and Democratization* (New York, Cambridge University Press, 2005).
- Raja Mohan, C., "Cooperative Security in South Asia," *South Asian Journal* (New Delhi), vol.6, 2004, pp. 1-12.

Raja Mohan, C., "India and the Balance of Power," *Foreign Affairs* (New York), vol. 85, 2006, pp. 17-25.

Sobhan, R., "The Economic Background," in Bimal Prasad ed., *Regional Cooperation in South Asia: Problems and Prospects*, (New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House, 1989).

Sobhan, R., "Political Dimensions of South Asian Cooperation: The Perspective for Bangladesh," in V. Kanesalingam ed., *Political Dimensions of South Asian Cooperation* (Colombo: Marga Institute, 1991).

Sobhan, R., "The Twelfth SAARC Summit: Charting a Road Map for South Asian Cooperation," *South Asian Survey* (New Delhi), vol.12, no. 19, 2005, pp. 3-19.

Upreti, B., C. ed., *SAARC: Dynamics of Regional Cooperation in South Asia* (New Delhi: Kalinga, 2000).

Verma, S.P. and Misra, K.P., eds., *Foreign Policy in South Asia* (New Delhi, Orient Longmans, 1969).

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## **FOREIGN POLICIES OF SOUTH ASIAN COUNTRIES**

Compulsory Paper-2

Semester-IV

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Credits Allotted	4
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term papers and book review.
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	4 per week

### **Course Rationale**

This paper provides an outline of the foreign policies of all the SAARC countries. The objective is to introduce factors and forces that guide and mould the foreign policies of the South Asian countries. In the light of these determinants students will also be enlightened about the continuity and major changes in foreign policies of these countries.

### **Course Contents**

1. Foreign Policy: Determinants and Goals
2. India's Foreign Policy – I: Determinants and objectives
3. India's Foreign Policy – II: Continuity and Changes
4. Foreign Policy of Afghanistan
5. Foreign Policy of Pakistan
6. Foreign Policy of Bangladesh
7. Foreign Policy of Nepal
8. Foreign Policy of Bhutan
9. Foreign Policy of Sri Lanka
10. Foreign Policy Maldives

### **Readings:**

Ahamed, Emajuddin ed., *Foreign Policy of Bangladesh: A Small State's Imperative* (Dhaka: Kamol Kuri Prokashon, 2004).

Bahadur, Kalim ed., *South Asia in Transition: Conflicts and Tensions* (New Delhi: Patriots, 1986).

Banerjee, A.K. ed., *Security Issues in South Asia: Domestic and External Sources of Threats to Security* (Calcutta, Minerva, 1998).

Burke, S.M., *Pakistan's Foreign Policy* (Fairlawn N.J, Oxford University Press, 1973).

Dubey, Muchkund et al., eds., *South Asian Growth Quadrangle: Framework for Multifaceted Cooperation* (Delhi, Macmillan, 1999).

- Jha, Nalini Kant, *Domestic Imperatives in India's Foreign Policy* (New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, 2002)
- Jha, Nalini Kant, *Internal Crisis and Indira Gandhi's Foreign Policy* (New Delhi/Patna, 1985).
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- Jha, Nalini Kant, *India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World* (New Delhi: South Asian Pub. 2000)
- Jha, Nalini Kant and Patil, V T, *India in a Turbulent World: Perspectives on Foreign and Security Policies* (New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, 2003).
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- Jha, Nalini Kant, "Domestic Foundations of Nehru's Foreign Policy," in Taufiq A. Nizami, ed., *Nehru's World View* (Aligarh, 2003).
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- Jha, Nalini Kant, "Coalition Governments and India's Foreign Policy," in M. P. Singh and Anil Mishra, eds., *Coalition Politics in India: Problems and Prospects* (New Delhi: Manohar, 2004, pp.295-325.
- Jha, Nalini Kant, "Human Security: An Indian Perspective," in T Nirmala Devi, et al eds., *Envisioning New South Asia* (New Delhi: Shipra, 2009).
- Rizvi, Gowher, *South Asia in a Changing International Order* (New Delhi: Sage, 1993).
- Satyamurthy, K., ed., *South Asian Regional Cooperation* (Hyderabad: Institute of Asian Studies, 1982).
- Sen Gupta, Bhabani, *South Asian perspectives: Seven Nations in Conflict and Cooperation* (Delhi: B.R. Publishing Corporation, 1988).

## **DISSERTATION**

### **Compulsory Paper-3 Semester-IV**

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Credits Allotted	4
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	4 per week

Topics to be selected by the candidates in consultation with the proposed supervisor and the institute director.

## UNDERSTANDING SRI LANKA AND MALDIVES

Optional Paper-1

Semester-IV

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Credits Allotted	3
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term papers and book review
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	3 per week

### Course Rationale

This paper deals with understanding Sri Lanka and the Maldives. It focuses on transition from colonialism to independence in both the islands. This paper also focuses on society, culture, religion and political developments and foreign policies of both the countries.

### Course Contents

1. Sri Lanka: Colonialism to Nation-State
2. Society, Culture and Religion of Sri Lanka
3. Constitutional and Political Development Sri Lanka
4. Economic Developments in Sri Lanka
5. Ethnic-conflict in Sri Lanka
6. Foreign Policy of Sri Lanka
7. Society and Economy of Maldives
8. Political Development and Foreign Policy of Maldives

### Readings

Bansal, Alok; Mayilvaganan and Podder, Sukanya, *Sri Lanka: Search for Peace* (New Delhi: Manas Publications, 2007).

Chattopadhyay, H.P. and Sarkar, S.K., *Ethnic Composition and Crisis in South Asia* (New Delhi: Global Vision Publications, 2003).

Cheran, R, *Pathways of Dissent: Tamil Nationalism in Sri Lanka* (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2009).

De Silva, Chandra R., Portuguese Encounters with Sri Lanka and the Maldives, *Portuguese Encounters with the World in the Age of the Discoveries* (Ashgate Publications, 2009).

Grover, Verinder, *Maldives: Government and Politics* (New Delhi: Deep & Deep Publications, 2007).

Hasbullah, S.H. and Morrison, Barrie M, *Sri Lankan Society in an Era of Globalization: Struggling to Create a New Social Order* (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2004).

Keerawella, Gamini, *Evolving Security Discourse in Sri Lanka: From National Security to Human Security* (South Asia Human Security Series, The University Press Limited, 2008).

Kelegama, Saman, *Development under Stress: Sri Lankan Economy in Transition* (Sage Publications, 2006).

Kelegama, Saman, *Economic Policy in Sri Lanka: Issues and Debates* (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2004).

Kodikara, Shelton U., *Foreign Policy of Sri Lanka: A Third World Perspective* (Delhi, Chanakya Publishers, 1982).

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Nissanka, H.S.S., *Sri Lanka's Foreign Policy: A Study in Non alignment* (New Delhi, Vikas, 1984).

Raghavan, V.R. and Bauer, Volker, *Federalism and Conflict Resolution in Sri Lanka* (New Delhi: Lancer Publications, 2006).

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Raman, B.; Moorthy, N. Sathiya and Chittaranjan, Kalpana, *Sri Lanka: Peace without Process* (New Delhi: Samskriti Publications, 2006).

Sahadevan, P. and Devotta, Neil, *Politics of Conflict and Peace in Sri Lanka* (New Delhi: Manak Publications, 2006).

Sharma, Rashmi , *Maldives and SAARC* (New Delhi: Regal Publications, 2007).

Singh, Depinder, *Indian Peacekeeping Force in Sri Lanka 1987-1989* (Dehra Dun: Natraj, 2001).

Upadhyay, S S, *India and Sri Lanka: Economic and Political Relations* (Champlain: ABD Publications, 2007).

*Maldives Diplomatic Handbook*, (International Business Publications, USA, 2007).



## MAJOR DOMESTIC CHALLENGES IN SOUTH ASIA

Optional Paper-2

Semester-IV

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Credits Allotted	3
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term papers and book review
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	3 per week

### Course Rationale

The paper is designed to discuss major internal problems especially ethnic conflicts and political challenges confronting South Asian countries. In this context the course discusses problems of state and nation building. Further, the course discusses the Implications of these challenges for inter-state relations in South Asia.

### Course Contents

1. Roots of Domestic Discord
2. India: Politics of Caste, Language, Regionalism, Religion and Gender
3. Pakistan: Challenges of Nation Building, Democracy and Terrorism
4. Afghanistan: Pashtuns Vs Tajiks, Shias Vs Sunni, Taliban and Al-Qaeda
5. Nepal: Ethnic and Regional Tensions and Challenges of Democratic Transition;  
Bhutan: Transition from Monarchy to Democracy and the Issue of Indigenous vs Outsiders
6. Bangladesh: Problem of National Identity, Islamic Fundamentalism, Terrorism and Political Instability
7. Sri Lanka: Ethnicity, National Building and Challenges of Post LTTE Reconstruction;  
Maldives: Problems of Democratic Transition, Religious Revivalism and Climate Change
8. Implications of Domestic Turbulence for South Asian Peace and Security

### Readings

Jha, Nalini Kant ed., *Democracy, Nation building and Peace in South Asia: Challenges and Prospects* (New Delhi: Har Anand, 2009)

Jha, Nalini Kant ed., *Pangs of Transition: South Asia between Hope and Turmoil* (New Delhi: Shipra, forthcoming)

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Domestic Environment in South Asia: Implications for India's Foreign Policy and Security* (Depart. of Political Science, Pondicherry University, Pondicherry, 2004)

Jha, Nalini Kant, ed., *South Asia in the 21st Century: India, Her Neighbours, and Great Powers* (New Delhi: South Asian Pub. 2003).

Jha, Nalini Kant, and Patil, VT, eds. *India in a Turbulent World: Perspectives on Foreign and Security Policies* (New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, 2003).

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Domestic Imperatives in India's Foreign Policy* (New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, 2002)

Jha, Nalini Kant, ed., *India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World* (New Delhi: South Asian Pub. 2000)

Jha, Nalini Kant, and Patil, VT, eds., *Peace and Cooperative Security in South Asia* (New Delhi: P R Pub, 1999)

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Internal Crisis and Indira Gandhi's Foreign Policy* (New Delhi/Patna, 1985).

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Cultural and Philosophical Roots of India's Foreign Policy," *International Studies* (New Delhi), vol. 26, no. 1, January-March 1989, pp. 45-67.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Foreign Policy Making in Federal States: Indian and Canadian Experiences," *India Quarterly* (New Delhi), vol. 55, nos. 3-4, July-December 1999, pp. 1-16.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Countering Anti-India Terror: Beyond War and Surrender," *Journal of Peace Studies*, vol.9, no.4, July-August 2002, pp.20-38.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Domestic Conflict in Nepal: Origin, Challenges and Prospects," *Asia Annual*, 2003 (New Delhi: Shipra, 2003), pp.197-209.

Jha, Nalini Kant, Dynamics of India's Security and Foreign Policy: Responding to Challenges of South Asian Domestic Milieu," *India Quarterly*, vol.61, no. 4, October-December 2005, pp.1-32.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Implications of an Unstable Nepal for India," *Nepali Journal of Contemporary Studies* (Kathmandu), vol.6, no.1, March 2006, pp 29-49.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Security Environment in South Asia in the 1990s," in Arun Kumar Banerji, ed., *Security Issues in South Asia: Domestic and External Sources of Threat to Security* (Calcutta: Minerva Associates, 1998), pp.182-201.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Foreign Policy and Nation Building: The Case of India's Policy of Non-alignment," in Dilip H. Mohite and Amit Dholakia, eds., *India and the Emerging Powers*.

Jha, Nalini Kant, *World Order: Foreign Policy and Security Perspectives*" (New Delhi: Kalinga, 2001), pp.132-43.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Comprehensive Security: A View from South India," in V. R. Raghavan, ed., *Comprehensive Security: Perspectives from India's Regions* (New Delhi: Delhi Policy Group, 2002), pp.96-113.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Countering Cross Border Terrorism and Seizing Opportunities in Kashmir," in G Gopa Kumar, ed., *International Terrorism and Global Order in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century* (New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers, 2003), pp.261-79.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Domestic Foundations of Nehru's Foreign Policy," in Taufiq A. Nizami, ed., *Nehru's World View* (Aligarh, 2003).

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Nehru and Modern India: Impact of His Personality on Foreign Policy," in T A Nizami, ed., *Jawaharlal Nehru and Modern India* (Aligarh: Three Way Printers, 2003), pp.17-22.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Coalition Governments and India's Foreign Policy," in M. P. Singh and Anil Mishra, eds., *Coalition Politics in India: Problems and Prospects* (New Delhi: Manohar, 2004), pp.295-325.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Domestic Turbulence in Nepal: Origin, Dimensions, and India's Policy Options," in Veena Kukreja and Mahendra Prasad Singh, ed., *Democracy, Development and Discontent in South Asia* (New Delhi: Sage, 2008), pp.264-281.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Maoist Insurgency in Nepal: Implications for Nepal and India," in M.D Dharamdasani, ed. *Nepal's Foreign Policy* (New Delhi: Anmol Publications, 2005), pp.183-97.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Armed Rebellion in Nepal: A Challenge to Security and Integrity of India," in Annpurna Nautiyal, ed., *Challenges of India's Foreign Policy in the New Era* (New Delhi: Gyan Publishing House, 2006), pp. 293-315.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "India and China after 9/11: In Search of Pragmatic Ties," in Sudhir Kumar Singh, ed., *Post 9/11 Indian Foreign Policy: Challenges and Opportunities* (New Delhi: Pentagon Press, 2009), pp.164-74.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Internal Dynamics in South Asia: Challenges and Opportunities for India's Foreign Policy," Shibasis Chatterjee, at al eds., *India's Foreign Policy in 21<sup>st</sup> Century* (New Delhi: Pearson Books, 2009), pp.246-65;

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Human Security: An Indian Perspective," in T Nirmala Devi, at al eds., *Envisioning New South Asia* (New Delhi: Shipra, 2009);

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Resurgence of Taliban in Afghanistan: Implications for India and Pakistan," in Mandira Dutta, ed., *Emerging Afghanistan in the New Millennium* (New Delhi: Pentagon, 2009), pp.337-48;

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Pakistan at Crossroads: What does it mean for India?" *South Asia Politics* (New Delhi), vol.6, no.8, December 2007, pp-39-41.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Opposition to Indo-Sri Lanka Accord: Failure to Understand a Complex Reality," *Third Concept* (New Delhi), vol. 2, no. 1, March 1988, 19-21, 37.

Jha, Nalini Kant, "Democracy and Ethnicity in India: The Problem of Backwardness of Indian Elite," *Indian Journal of Politics* (Aligarh), vol. 24, Nos. 1-2, March-June 1995, pp. 1-12.

Nischal N Panday and Dev Raj Dahal, *Comprehensive Security in South Asia* (New Delhi: Manohar, 2006)

Nischal N Panday and Dev Raj Dahal, *Nepal's Maoist Movement and Implications for South Asia* (New Delhi: Manohar, 2008)

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SOUTH ASIA AND INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONS  
Optional Paper-3  
Semester-IV

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Credits Allotted	3
Instruction Method	Lectures and seminars
Evaluation Method	Written tests, term papers and book review
Course Duration	One semester
Contact Hours	3 per week

### **Course Rationale**

This paper studies the evolution and development of International Organisations from its inception till present times. It focuses on the problems that confront international organizations and constraints within, which they function. It makes an in-depth study of the structure and functioning of the United Nations and examines as to whether it has lived up to the expectations, hope and aspirations of its architects. In addition, the papers focuses on the shift from political and security considerations to social, economic and humanitarian concerns following the end of the Cold War and UN's role in facilitating these needs.

### **Course Contents**

1. The Nature, Evolution and Functions of International Organisations
2. International Organizations: A Hybrid of Nation State System and the International System.
3. The League of Nations
4. The United Nations: Structure, Powers and Functions, Reformation and Revision of the UN and its Charter and Peace keeping
5. Pacific Settlement of Disputes and Enforcement Action: The Use of force
6. Economic and Social Development: Activities of the International Organizations
7. Limitation of the International Organizations: Role of International Organizations in South Asia.
8. International Institutions: GATT, WTO, World Bank, IMF and ADB.

### **Readings**

Anand, R.P., *South Asia In Search of A Regional Identity* (New Delhi: Banyan Pub, ).  
Angell, R.C., *The Quest for World Order* (Ann Arbor, University of Michigan Press, 1979).  
Archer, Clive, *International Organisations* (London, Routledge, 1992).

Armstrong, David, *The Rise of the International Organisation: A Short History* (London, Macmillan, 1982).

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Bennett, A.L., *International Organisations: Principles and Issues* (Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1977).

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Kumar, S., *The United Nations At 50: An Indian View* (New Delhi, UBSPD, 1995).

Luard, E., *A History of the United Nations* (London, Macmillan, 1989).

Lyons, G.M., and Mastanduno, M., eds., *Beyond Westphalia? State Sovereignty and International Intervention* (Baltimore and London, John Hopkins University Press, 1995).

Mangone, Gerard J., *A Short History of International Organization* (McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1954).

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Roberts, Adam, and Kingsbury, Benedict, eds., *United Nations, Divided World: The UN's Roles in International Relations* (London, Clarendon Press, 1993).

Saxena, K.P., *Reforming the United Nations: The Challenge and Relevance* (New Delhi, Sage, 1993).

Syed, M.H., *Encyclopaedia of SAARC Nations* (In 3 Volumes, Delhi, Kalpas Publications, 2002).

Taylor, Paul, and Groom, A.J.R. eds., *International Institutions at Work* (London, Pinter Press, 1988).

Walters, F.P., *A History of the League of Nations* (2 vols, New York, Oxford University Press, 1952).

Watson, A, *The Evolution of International Society* (London, Routledge, 1992).

Wignaraja, Ponna, Hussain, Akmal, ed., "The Challenge in South Asia Development," *Democracy and Regional Cooperation* (New Delhi, SAGE Publications, 1989).

Zimmen, Sir A.E., *The League of Nations and the Rule of Law* (New York, Macmillian, 1939).

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## General Regulation for Admission

The selection of candidates for admission to the P.G./M.Phil./Ph.D. programmes will be based on the marks obtained in the entrance examination only. The entrance examination will be of 2 hours duration.

- The NET/JRF qualified candidate with fellowships will be given direct admission to Ph.D. programmes. For further details refer the Pondicherry Information Boucher “Admission requirements for Ph.D. Programmes.”
- The minimum cut off mark for general candidates in respect of Ph.D. and M.Phil. admission shall be half of the average of the entrance examination marks scored by all the candidate in the respective subject. The minimum cut of mark for OBC/SC/ST/Physically challenged candidates will be 10% below the cut off marks of the general category candidates.
- For the purpose of working out the average, only ‘O’ and above will be taken into account, i.e. the negative marks, if any will not be counted for working out the average of the entrance examination.
- Mere appearance in the entrance examination does not entitle a candidate for admission to any course in this University and he/ she will be granted admission only if he/ she fulfils the eligibility criteria fixed for the courses. Even if a candidate is placed in the admission list based on his/ her performance in the entrance test but does not meet the eligibility criteria, he/ she will not be granted admission. Candidates are advised to take up the examination only if they satisfy the eligibility criteria. If the number of applications received is less than the prescribed intake, there will be no entrance test; admission will be granted based on the marks obtained in the qualifying examination.
- Admission granted will be cancelled at any time, if it is found that the information furnished by the candidate is false or incorrect or if, at a later stage, it is found that the candidate does not fulfill the eligibility criteria prescribed for the course.
- The University is not responsible for any postal delay or non-receipt of hall ticket/ select card/ admission intimation, etc.
- Only selected candidates will be informed of their selection. The list will also be hosted on the University website.
- The University reserves the right to increase / decrease the intake of any of the programmes.



## Break up of Internal / External Marks

Internal- 40

Assignment -10 marks

Term test I - 15 marks

Term test II - 15 marks

External - 60 marks

Total 100 marks

## Fees Structure

Details of fees payable by the candidates selected for admission and remittance under various heads in the Indian Bank University Branch are as follows:

Post-graduate Programmes			
In Rupees			
Sl.No.	Item	M.A.	Account No
1	Tuition Fee: For Indian national (per credit & p.s.) For Foreign national (p.s.) SAARC/Developing Countries Non-SAARC countries	30  US\$250 US \$300	413264148
2	Registration Fee	100	
3	Matriculation Fee	50	
4	Recognition Fee: For degree from Indian universities For degree from Foreign universities	200 500	
5	Identity Card Fee	25	
6	Students Welfare Fund (p.a.)	100	
7	Physical Activities Fee (p.s.)	-	
8	Sports Fee (p.a.)	100	413264171
9	Medical Examination Fee (p.a.)	50	
10	Library Fund (p.s.)	200	
11	Laboratory Fee (p.s.) (if laboratory is used)	200	
12	Internet Fund (p.s.)	100	
13	Alumini Association Fund (to be paid during the final semester along with tuition fee)	100	

14	Caution Deposit (Refundable): Laboratory (Science Courses) Library	500 500	
15	Group Medical Insurance (One time fee)	274/617*	845872540
16	University Development Fund	500	413264251

\* For integrated students only.

#### Ph.D. Programmes

Sl.No.	Item	Ph.D. (All figures in Indian Rupees)		Account No
		Full-Time & Part-Time Internal	Part-Time External	
1	Research Fee: (P.S)  For Foreign national (p.s.): SAARC/Developing Countries South-East Asian Countries & Others	1000 (Humanities) 1200 (Sciences) US \$250 US \$500 US \$750	2000 2400 US \$250 US \$500 US \$750	
2	Registration Fee	100	100	413264148
3	Matriculation Fee	50	50	
4	Recognition Fee: For degrees from Indian universities For degrees from Foreign universities	200 500	200 500	
5	Identity Card Fee	25	25	
6	Sports Fee (p.a.)	100	100	
7	Medical Examination Fee (p.a.)	50	50	413264171
8	Library Fund (p.s.)	600	600	
9	Laboratory Fee: Science Courses having laboratories(p.s.)	500	500	
10	Internet Fund (p.s.)	250	250	
11	Students Welfare Fund (p.a.)	100	100	
12	Alumini Association Fund (to be paid before submission of thesis)	100	100	
13	Caution Deposit (Refundable): Laboratory (Science Courses) Library	500 500	500 500	
14	Group Medical Insurance (for full-time candidates only)	555	-	

15	University Development Fund	500	500	413264251
16	Software Subscription Fund (For Ph.D. programmes offered under the School of Management only)	3000	3000	413264171

**Academic Calendar:**

Semester	Descriptions	Period of Session
<b>ODD SEMESTER (27.06.2011 to 25.11.2011)</b>	COUNSELLING AND REGISTRATION*	27.06.2011 to 01.07.2011
	Commencement of Regular Classes	4.07.2011 (Monday)
	Last date for payment of fees	15.07.2011 (Friday)
	Last date for dropping courses	22.07.2011 (Friday)
	Submission of Registration Cards to the Academic Section	29.07.2011 (Friday)
	End of Classes	11.11.2011 (Friday)
	Commencement of Examinations	14.11.2011 (Monday)
	Completion of Examinations	25.11.2011 (Friday)
	Last date for declaration of provisional results	28.11.2011 (Monday)
<b>COUNSELLING AND REGISTRATION**</b>		<b>29.11.2011 to 30.11.2011</b>

<b>Semester</b>	<b>Descriptions</b>	<b>Period of Session</b>
<b>EVEN SEMESTER (28.11.2011 to 03.05.2012)</b>	Commencement of Regular Classes	28.11.2011 (Monday)
	Last date for payment of fees	07.12.2011 (Wednesday)
	Last date for dropping courses	14.12.2011 (Wednesday)
	Submission of Registration Cards to the Academic Section	16.12.2012 (Friday)
	<b>Winter Vacation 26.12.2011 to 17.01.2012</b>	
	End of Classes	18.04.2012 (Wednesday)
	Commencement of Examinations	20.04.2012 (Friday)
	Completion of Examinations	03.05.2012 (Thursday)
	Last date for declaration of provisional results	04.05.2012 (Friday)
<b>SUMMER VACATION – 05.05.2012 (Saturday) to 24.06.2012(Sunday)</b>		

**Tentative Exam Schedule:**

1<sup>st</sup> year & 2<sup>nd</sup> year – November 14<sup>th</sup> to November 25<sup>th</sup> 2011