# PONDICHERRY UNIVERSITY (A CENTRAL UNIVERSITY)



Five Year Integrated M.Sc. Programme (Mathematics, Computer Science & Statistics)

(Choice Based Credit System)

Curriculum & Syllabus

2020-21 onwards

## PONDICHERRY UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE FIVE YEAR INTEGRATED MASTER OF SCIENCE PROGRAMME (Mathematics, Computer Science & Statistics) COURSE STRUCTURE

Course Nomenclature	Total Credits
Hard core (Theory & Practical) offered	60
by Computer Science Department	
Hard core Subjects offered by	24
Mathematics Department	
Hard core Subjects offered by Statistics	12
Department	
English-1, English-2	6
Environmental Science	3
Public Administration	3
Soft core	12
Total	120

#### PONDICHERRY UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE FIVE YEAR INTEGRATED MASTER OF SCIENCE PROGRAMME (Mathematics,Computer Science & Statistics) CURRICULUM (Effective from the academic year 2020-2021)

The revised semesterwise courses offered by the Department of Computer Science for the 5 Year Integrated M.Sc. Programme is given below. H stands for Hard core course; S stands for soft core course.

Semester	Course Code	Title of the paper	Nos. of Credits	Core of Paper	
				Computer Science	Mathematics /Statistics
Ι	CSIG 111	Programming in C	4	Н	Н
Ι	CSIG 112	Practical I - C Lab *	2	Н	Н
II	CSIG 121	Problem solving with Data Structures and Algorithms	4	Н	S
II	CSIG 122	Practical II – DS Lab*	2	Н	S
III	CSIG 231	Fundamentals of Digital logic and Microprocessors	4	Н	S
III	CSIG 232	Introduction to OOP and Programming in C++	4	Н	Н
III	CSIG 233	Practical III - C++ Lab*	2	Н	Н
IV	CSIG 241	Operating System and System Software	4	Н	Н
IV	CSIG 242	Introduction to Database Concepts	4	Н	Н
IV	CSIG 243	Practical IV - DBMS Lab*	2	Н	Н
V	CSIG 351	Event driven programming	4	Н	S
V	CSIG 352	System Analysis and Design	4	Н	S
V	CSIG 353	Computer Networks	4	Н	S
V	CSIG 354	Practical V VB Lab *	2	Н	S
VI	CSIG361	Java Programming	4	Н	S
VI	CSIG 362	Web Technology	4	Н	S
VI	CSIG 363	Practical VI – Web Technology Lab*	2	Н	S
VI	CSIG 364	Mini project using Java*	4	Н	S

\*Students can register for the Practical courses only if they register for the corresponding Theory courses.

4th and 5th year Syllabi same as that of M.Sc. Computer Science I & II Year

## CSIG 111PROGRAMMING IN C

**Prerequisite:** - Basic knowledge of Mathematics and computers **Objectives:** 

- To learn the concepts of "C" Programming
- To develop software program using "C" language

#### **Outcomes:**

- In-depth understanding of various concepts of C language.
- Skill to write program code in C to solve real world problems and to debug a program

#### UNIT I

Basics of C: Structure of C program – Identifier – Keywords- Variables – DataTypes – Comments – Datatypes – User Defined Datatype (TypeDef) - Constants – Storage classes – Automatic variables – External variables – Static variables – Register variables – Scope Rules. Expressions- Type conversion – Operators – Control statements – Formatted data input and output functions – Header Files.

## UNIT II

Arrays: Defining array- Initializing array- One Dimensional Array – Two Dimensional Array- Multidimensional array- Dynamic array. Character Arrays and String – Operations on characters and String functions. Functions – Defining a function- Accessing a function-function prototype- Function call- Library functions – User defined functions – Passing arguments to functions- Static functions – I/O functions – Recursion- Function and array.

#### UNIT III

Structures – Defining structure- Processing a structure- Passing structure to functions- Selfreferential structure- Nested Structure- Array of structure. Union. Pointers – Declaration-Operations on pointers- pointer expressions- character pointer- pointer to pointer – pointer to function- pointer and function argument- pointer and array – address arithmetic- Structure and Pointers

#### UNIT IV

File- Opening closing a file – Input and output operations with files – special functions for working with files- Processing a data file- Unformatted data file- Concepts of binary files-Random access to files

#### UNIT V

Error handling during I/O operations. Command Line arguments. Dynamic Memory Allocation. Preprocessor- Directives

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Byron S Gottfried, "Programming with C", 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Schaum's Outlines, McGraw Hill, 2017.
- 2. E Balagurusamy, "Computing Fundamentals & C programming", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2017.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. E. Balagurusamy, "Programming in ANSI C", 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2017.
- 2. Stephen G Kochan, "Programming in C: A complete introduction to the C programming Language", 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2015.
- 3. Brain W.Kernighan, Dennis M Ritchie, "The C Programming Language, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall, 2015.

## PRACTICAL I CSIG 112C Lab

- 1. Simple programs to learn the various data type and control statements
- 2. String Manipulations
  - a. Counting number of vowels, consonants, words, white spaces in a string
  - b. Reversing a string and check for palindrome
  - c. Finding the number of occurrences of a sub string in a given string
  - d. Sub string replacing and removal
- 3. Recursion
  - a. Factorial
  - b. Reversing a string
  - c. Fibonacci Sequence
  - d. Tower of Hanoi
- 4. Matrix Manipulations using functions and Case structure
  - a. Addition & Subtraction
  - b. Multiplication
  - c. Transpose
  - d. Check if the given matrix is a Magic square
- 5. Searching
- 6. Sorting
- 7. Structures
- 8. Pointers
- 9. Files

## CSIG121 PROBLEM SOLVING WITH DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS

Pre-requisite: Knowledge of any programming language

#### **Objectives:**

- To acquaint students with data structures used for programming and manipulation of data.
- To make students to understand the basics of algorithms.

## **Outcomes:**

- Skill to analyze data and to determine appropriate data structure.
- Knowledge of various data structures and their implementations.
- Ability to implement algorithms to perform various operations on data structures.

## UNIT I

Introduction, Basic terminologies, Linear and Nonlinear data structures. **Algorithm:** Definition, Pseudo code, Analysis, Design techniques. **Arrays:** One Dimensional Array, Two - Dimensional Array, Application: Sparse Matrices.

## UNIT II

**Stacks:** operations on stack, implementation of stack as an array, Application- Maze Problem, Evaluation of Expression & Conversion.

Queues: Operations on Queues, Implementing the Queue, Application, Circular Queue.

**Linked List:** List representations, Anatomy of a node, Implementing the list operations, inserting into an ordered list, Doubly Linked List, Keeping a stack in a linked list, keeping a Queue in a linked list, Polynomial – Linked list representation.

## UNIT III

**Trees:** Basic Terminologies, Binary Tree, Representation, Traversal, Binary Search Tree, Threaded Binary Tree, Application: Game Tree.

## UNIT IV

**Graph:** Definition and Terminologies, Representation, Traversals, Shortest path, Minimum Spanning Tree – Kruskal's Algorithm and Prim's Algorithm. **Hashing:** Hash functions-Separate chaining- Open addressing- Rehashing-Extendible hashing.

## UNIT V

Searching algorithms: Linear Search, Binary Search – Sorting algorithms: Selection, Exchange, Shell sort, Quick sort.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, "Fundamentals of Data Structures", Galgotia Book Source, 2004.

2.Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Sanguthevar Rajasekaran, "Fundamentals of ComputerAlgorithms", 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Galgotia Publications, 2008.

3. Jean Paul Tremblay and Paul G. Sorenson, "An Introduction to data structures with applications", 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2017.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. V. Aho, J. E. Hopcroft, and J. D. Ullman,"Data Structures and Algorithms",1<sup>st</sup> edition, Pearson Education, 2002.
- 2. Gilles Brassard and Paul Bratley, "Fundamentals of Algorithmics", 1<sup>st</sup> edition, Prentice-Hall of India, 1996.

#### **PRACTICAL II**

#### CSIG122 DS LAB

- 1. Linear Search & Binary Search
- 2. Sort by selection, exchange, quick sort
- 3. Stacks, Queues using Arrays & Linked List
- 4. Singly Linked List : Insertion & Deletion
- 5. Doubly Linked List: Insertion & Deletion
- 6. Binary Tree Traversal (Inorder, Preorder, Postorder)
- 7. Graph : BF Search, DF Search, Shortest Path & Minimum Cost Spanning Tree

## CSIG 231 FUNDAMENTALS OF DIGITAL LOGIC AND MICROPROCESSORS

**Prerequisite:** Basic knowledge about computers **Objectives:** 

- To learn the fundamentals of digital logic and computer design.
- To learn combinational and sequential logic.
- To learn the fundamentals of microprocessor and instruction set.

#### **Outcomes:**

- Skill to use the methods of systematic reduction of Boolean expression using K-Map. Ability to interpret logic gates and its operations.
- Familiarization with combinational and sequential logic circuits in electronics.
- Knowledge about microprocessor architecture and addressing modes.

## UNIT I

Review of Number Systems – Arithmetic Operations – Binary Codes – Boolean Algebra and Theorems – Boolean Functions – Simplification of Boolean Functions using Karnaugh Map and Tabulation Methods – Logic Gates – NAND and NOR Implementations.

## UNIT II

Combinational Circuits – Analysis and Design Procedures – Circuits for Arithmetic Operations, Code Conversion – Decoders and Encoders – Multiplexers and Demultiplexers – Introduction to Sequential Circuit –flip flop – Shift Registers - Counters

## UNIT III

Components of a computer system – Technology – Performance – Uniprocessors to multiprocessors; Instructions – Operations and Operands – Representation - Logical operations – Control operations – Addressing and Addressing modes. Arithmetic **Operations:** ALU - Addition and subtraction – Multiplication – Division – Floating Point operations

## UNIT IV

Memory hierarchy - Memory technologies – Cache basics – Measuring and improving cache performance - Virtual memory, Associative memory - Input/output system, Programmed I/O, DMA - Interrupts and Interrupt Service Routines, I/O processors.

## UNIT V

Introduction to 8086 – Microprocessor architecture – 8086 system bus structure-Addressing modes - Instruction set and assembler directives – Assembly language programming – Modular Programming - Procedures – Macros – Byte and String Manipulation. - Coprocessor

#### **TEXT BOOK**

- 1. Morris Mano M. and Michael D. Ciletti, "Digital Design", 4<sup>th</sup>Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.
- 2. Yu-Cheng Liu, Glenn A.Gibson, "Microcomputer Systems: The 8086 / 8088 Family Architecture, Programming and Design", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2007.
- 3. David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessey, "Computer organization and design', 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Morgan Kauffman / Elsevier,2014.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. John F. Wakerly, "Digital Design Principles and Practices", 4<sup>th</sup>Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 2. Charles H. Roth Jr, "Fundamentals of Logic Design", 5<sup>th</sup>Edition, Jaico Publishing House, Mumbai, 2003.
- V.Carl Hamacher, Zvonko G. Varanesic and Safat G. Zaky, "Computer Organisation", 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Mc Graw-Hill Inc, 2012.
- 4. William Stallings "Computer Organization and Architecture", 7<sup>th</sup>Edition, PearsonEducation, 2006.
- 5. Mohamed Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, Rolin McKinlay, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems: Using Assembly and C", 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition, Pearson Education, 2011.

## CSIG 232 INTRODUCTION TO OOP AND PROGRAMMING IN C++

**Prerequisite:** Basic knowledge of programming **Objectives:** 

- To learn the basic concepts of OOP.
- To develop C++ Program using inheritance and polymorphism.

#### **Outcomes:**

- Skill to write C++ application programs using OOP principles and proper program structuring.
- Ability to create programs implementing the concepts of Object Oriented programming.

## UNIT I

Introduction to Object Oriented Programming: Software Evolution – OOP paradigm – Concepts, Benefits - Comparison to other programming paradigms -Object Oriented Languages – Applications of Object Oriented Programming.

#### UNIT –II

Introduction to of C++ language – Origin of C++ - Advancement over C - Tokens, keywords, Identifiers, Data Types, Variables - Expressions and control structures. Functions: Library functions - numeric functions – string functions - User defined functions: function prototyping – function definition - call by value - call by reference - function overloading - friend and inline functions.

## UNIT III

Classes and Objects – General structure of a class: member variables, member functions, access specifiers- Constructors and Destructors – Abstract class – Nested classes -Operator Overloading – Type Conversions.

## UNIT IV

Inheritance – Definition – Types - Single Inheritance – Multilevel Inheritance - Multiple Inheritance – Hierarchical, Hybrid Inheritance – Pointers – Virtual Functions - Console I/O Operations.

#### UNIT V

Files – Classes for File Stream Operations – File pointers - Opening and Closing files – Read and write operations – End of file detection – Updating a file – Error handling during file operations – Templates – Exception handling.

## **TEXT BOOK**

- 1. E.Balaguruswamy, "Object Oriented Programming with C++", 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.
- 2. Deitel and Deitel, "C++ How to program", 9<sup>th</sup> edition, Prentice Hall, 2014.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1) Yeswant Kanetkar, "Let us C++", 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, BPB Publications, 2003.

2) Robert Lafore, "Object Oriented Programming in C++", 4th edition, Pearson, 2008.

3) Herbert Schilt, "C++ - The Complete Reference", 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Tata McGrawhill, Pub-ltd., 2017.

4) John R.Hubbard , "Programming with C++", 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Schaum's Outline Series, McGraw Hill, 2017.

## PRACTICAL III

#### CSIG 233 C++ LAB

- 1. Programs using decision and looping statements
- 2. Program using single, multidimensional arrays
- 3. Usage of library functions
- 4. Programs using user defined functions
- 5. Programs for function overloading
- 6. Usage of classes and objects
- 7. Constructors and Destructors
- 8. Programs for all inheritance types
- 9. Programs using pointers
- 10. Programs for operator overloading
- 11. Implementation of Virtual Functions, friend functions, this pointer and static functions
- 12. File manipulation operations with clear formatting
- 13. Programs using command line arguments
- 14. Implementing CPU scheduling algorithms in C++

## CSIG 241 OPERATING SYSTEM AND SYSTEM SOFTWARE

**Pre-requisite:** Knowledge of computers & computer organization **Objectives:** 

- To learn OS management functions.
- To learn Memory management, Processor management, Device Management and I/O Management
- To learn various basic system software.

#### **Outcomes:**

- Understand how memory is utilized.
- Understand CPU scheduling algorithms to manage tasks.
- Knowledge of methods in prevention and recovery from a system deadlock, andmanagement of I/O devices.
- Knowledge of functions of system software.

## UNIT I

Introduction - Early Operating Systems – Buffering & Spooling – Multiprogramming – Time Sharing – Protection – Operating System Structures.

**Process Management:** Process Concept – Hierarchy of Process – Critical Section Problem – Semaphores – Process Coordination Problems – Inter Process Communication

## UNIT II

**CPU Scheduling:** Scheduling Concepts – Scheduling Algorithms – Algorithm Evaluation – Multiple Processor Scheduling

**Deadlock:** Deadlock Problem: Characterization – Prevention – Avoidance – Detection – Recovery – Combined Approach to Deadlock Handling.

## UNIT III

**Memory Management:** Introduction – Multiple Partition – Paging – Segmentation – Segmentation with Paging – Virtual Memory Concept – Overlays – Demand Paging and Performance – Page Replacement Algorithms – Allocation Algorithms – Trashing.

## UNIT IV

**Secondary Storage Management:** Physical Characteristics – Disk Scheduling – Disk Scheduling Algorithms – Sector Queuing **File Systems:** File Operations – Access methods – Allocation Methods – Directory Systems – File Protection -Implementation **Case Study:** Windows XP Operating Systems.

## UNIT V

**System Software:** Assemblers- Design-functions- Interpreters- Virtual machine concept-Byte codes- Loaders-features-relocation- Linkers – dynamic linking-Macro processor Compilers-Phases

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin & Greg Gagne, "Operating System Concepts", 7<sup>th</sup> edition, John Wiley & Sons (ASIA) Pvt. Ltd, 2005.
  2. John J Donovan, "Systems Programming", Tata McGraw Hill, 2004.

## REFERENCES

1. William Stallings, "Operating Systems Internals and Design Principles", 4th edition, PHI India, 2005.

2. H.M. Deitel, "Operating Systems", 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Addison-Wesley.

## **CSIG242 INTRODUCTION TO DATABASE CONCEPTS**

**Prerequisite:** Knowledge of data structures and file-handling **Objectives:** 

- To learn the fundamental concepts of Database management systems.
- To learn SQL commands to manage data and PL/SQL.

#### **Outcomes:**

- Understand data modeling and database development process.
- Construct and normalize conceptual data models.
- Implement a relational database into a database management system.
- Become proficient in using database query language.

#### UNIT I

Introduction - DBMS Basic Concepts - Purpose of Database Systems – Database System Vs File system - Overall System architecture – DBA– Database Languages – Classifications – Data Models.

#### UNIT II

Entity relationship model: Basic concepts- Mapping constraints – Primary Keys – Foreign Keys –Structural Constraints. – ER notations - ER model examples – Enhanced Entity Relationship Model: EER Concepts like Generalization, Specialization, Union, Category, Disjoint, Overlapping etc. EER model examples

#### UNIT III

Relational DataBase Design – ER to Relational Mapping - Relational Model: Structure – Formal Query Languages – Relational Algebra – Informal Design Guidelines - Referential Integrity–Functional Dependencies – Normalization (I, II & III Third Normal Form)

#### UNIT IV

Relational algebra: Introduction, Fundamental Operations - Set operations- Natural Join, Division- Operators for grouping and ungrouping, relational comparison.

SQL – Basics of SQL –DDL – DML – DCL – TCL Commands in detail with examples -PL/SQL: Stored Procedure Concepts – Procedure – Functions – Cursors – Triggers- Creating & Manipulating views

#### UNIT V

Storage and File Structure- - File Organization - Overview of Physical Storage - Organization of Records in Files - Media - Data-Dictionary Storage - Magnetic Disks - RAID - Indexing and Hashing- Ordered Indices - Static Hashing - Dynamic Hashing. Transaction Concepts - ACID Properties - Concurrent Executions - Basic Concepts of locking and Log Based Recovery.

#### **TEXT BOOK**

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, "Database system concepts", 6<sup>th</sup>edition, McGraw Hill Publication, 2011.

## **REFERENCE BOOK**

1. Ramez Elmasri and B. Navathe , "Fundamentals of Database Systems", (Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4.1, 7, 8, 9, 14),7<sup>th</sup> edition, Addison-Wesley, 2012.

#### PRACTICAL IV

#### CSIG 243: DBMS LAB

- 1. Study of Oracle DDL commands
  - a. To create a table
  - b. To alter a table
  - c. To drop a table
  - d. To create a view
  - e. To drop a view
- 2. Study of Oracle DML commands
  - a. To insert, delete and update rows into a table
  - b. To write a simple queries using SELECT
  - c. To write queries using SELECT and WHERE clause
  - d. To write queries using Logical operators
  - e. To write queries using NULL
  - f. To write queries using NVL function
  - g. To write queries for pattern matching
  - h. To write queries using order by clause
  - i. To write queries using Distinct clause
  - j. To write queries using Arithmetic Expressions
  - k. To write queries using Arithmetic function
  - 1. To write queries using group function
  - m. To write queries using Group By clause
  - n. To write queries using Having clause
  - o. To write queries using Character function
  - p. To write queries using Date function
  - q. To write queries using Sub queries
  - r. To write queries using join
- 3. Program to learn Oracle DCL and TCL commands
- 4 Program to learn PL / SQL
  - a. To create a cursor and trigger and work on that
  - b. To create PL/ SQL code for expression
  - c. To create PL/SQL code using control statement
  - d. To create PL/SQL code using sub programs

## **CSIG 351 EVENT DRIVEN PROGRAMMING**

**Pre-requisite:** Knowledge of any programming language **Objectives:** 

- To introduce the concepts of Event Driven Programming.
- To help the students to find solution to real life problems using Visual Basic.
- Students will learn about connecting and accessing databases.

#### **Outcomes:**

- Understand Forms, module, components, menu editor and its concepts. Usage of controls such as text box, buttons, checkbox etc. and control them through codes.
- Ability to develop simple project with database using data source.

#### UNIT I

Various programming methods: Introduction – Comparison. Event driven programming Concepts: Events – User defined – System defined – Keyboard Events – Mouse Events. Introduction to Visual Basic Language – Variables – Constants – Data Types – Scope – Conditional Statements – Looping - Declaring Arrays – Dynamic Arrays.

#### UNIT II

Introduction to Various GUI controls: Labels - Text Boxes – Command Buttons – List – Combo Boxes – Image and Picture Boxes. Scroll Bars – Option Buttons – Check Boxes – Frames – Form Properties – Timer Controls – Dialog boxes- Inbuilt functions: string, date and time and numeric.

#### UNIT III

Functions and procedures- Managing Forms – SDI and MDI - Control Arrays – Adding Multiple Forms – Startup Forms. Menu Management : Adding Menus – Access Keys – Separators – Disabling Menus .

#### UNIT IV

Rich Text Boxes : Alignment – Clipboard Operations – Font Manipulations – Search and Replace – Printing from a Rich Text.– Drive List – Directory List - File List Boxes – File Handling Techniques - Windows Common Dialog Controls.

#### UNIT V

Database Handling Techniques – DAO – RDO and ADO introduction – Data Controls – Database Operations: Adding – Deleting – Modifying – Retrieving Records - Case Study of database application development using ODBC.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Steven Holzner, "Visual Basic 6 Programming : Black Book", Dreamtech Press, 2007.
- 2. Gary Cornell,"Visual Basic 6 from the Ground Up", McGraw Hill Professional, 2017.

## **ONLINE RESOURCES**

- 1. <u>http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/vstudio/hh388573.aspx</u>
- 2. <u>http://visualbasic.freetutes.com/</u>
- 3. <u>http://www.learnerstv.com/Free-Computer-Science-Video-lectures-ltv556-Page1.htm</u>

## CSIG 352 SYSTEM ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

**Pre-requisite:** Basic knowledge of programming **Objectives:** 

- To gain knowledge about software development life cycle models, software design, implementation, and testing of software.
- To gain overall knowledge of how software is developed.

#### **Outcomes:**

- Understanding of various methods or models for developing a software product.
- Ability to analyze existing system to gather requirements for proposed system.
- Skill to design and code a software.

## UNIT 1

People : Organisational Analysis- concepts of systems and subsystems- Management structures - including matrix techniques- Socio-technological analysis-MIS concepts-Workflow considerations Technology and Processes: Business process analysis- Information, data, and communications- Legacy systems- Network analysis- Software quality analysis-System Life Cycles: Life cycle models - descriptions of stages- Impact of changes on different life-cycle models- deliverables at each stage

## UNIT II

Feasibility studies: Requirements analysis- Data Analysis - reality/data/metadata- Project proposals- Requirements grading- User interface requirements

## UNIT III

Hard methodologies: structured (SSADM)- object oriented (Unified Process)- Soft systems methodologies (Soft Systems Methodology)- Hybrid approaches (Multiview)- Rapid Application Development (DSDM).

## UNIT IV

Structured techniques: data (entity-relationship diagram or logical data structure)- process (data flow diagram) and time (entity life history) models- Object oriented techniques: UML analysis models such as use cases, analysis class diagram.

## UNIT V

Walkthrough approaches: Steering groups- User groups- Project boards- Quality assurance techniques- Standards Structured English description methods: Organisation charts-Discussion records- Feasibility Study report- Requirements Specification.

## TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Avison, D.E. & Fitzgerald, G. "Information Systems Development: Methodologies, Techniques and Tools", 4<sup>th</sup>edition, McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Bennett, S., McRobb, S. & Farmer, R., "Object-Oriented Systems Analysis and Design Using UML", 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, McGraw-Hill, 2006.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Roger. S. Pressman, "Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach" 7<sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw-Hill, 2014.

## **CSIG 353 COMPUTER NETWORKS**

#### Pre-requisite: Basic Knowledge of Computers

#### **Objectives:**

• To educate the functions of various OSI layers in detail.

#### **Outcomes:**

- Knowledge of OSI Layers in Computer Network.
- Ability to identify transmission media, types and topologies of network.
- Familiarization with the techniques of error detection and congestion control

## UNIT I

Introduction to Computer Networks- Communication basics – Topology – Uses: Business -Home - Mobile - Social – Network Types: Personal Area Networks – Local Area Networks – Metropolitan Area Networks – Wide Area Networks – Internetworks – The OSI Reference Model-TCP/IP reference model.

## UNIT II

The Physical Layer: Transmission Media – Wireless Communication – The Mobile Telephone System – Wireless LANS – Bluetooth - RFID.

## UNIT III

Data Link Layer: Services – Framing – Error Detection and Correction - Medium Access Control – CSMA/CD.

## UNIT IV

Network Layer: Routing Algorithms – Congestion Control Algorithms – Quality of Service. Internetworking - IPv4 - IPv6.

## UNIT V

Transport layer: Services- TCP and UDP. Application layer: Domain Name Systems – Electronic Mail- World Wide Web – HTTP.

## **TEXT BOOKS**

1. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Computer Networks", 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Prentice Hall, 2011. **REFERENCES** 

- 1. Behuouz A. Forouzan, "Data Communication & Networking ", 4<sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw-Hill.
- 2. William Stallings, "Data and Computer communications", 7th edition, PHI.

#### PRACTICAL V

#### CSIG 354 VB LAB

- 1. Working with standard controls
- 2. Design an application with image box, picture box, list box and combo box
- 3. Design an application with menu options, procedures and functions
- 4. Design an application with Common Dialog box
- 5. Design an application using FileListBox
- 6. Design a simple arithmetic calculator
- 7. Design a database application using data controls
- 8. Write a menu driven program to create a ADO database and perform the operations of insertion, modification, deletion and viewing
- 9. Design an employee payroll system

#### **CSIG 361JAVA PROGRAMMING**

**Prerequisite:** Basic knowledge of programming **Objectives:** 

- To learn the basic concepts of Java
- To develop Java programs, Swing and Applets

#### **Outcomes:**

- Skill to write Java application programs using OOP principles and proper program structuring.
- Ability to create packages and interfaces.
- Ability to implement error handling techniques using exception handling.

## UNIT I

Java Evolution: History – Java features – Java Environment – JDK. Introduction to Java program – Creating and Executing a Java program – Java Tokens – Java Statements - Virtual Machine (JVM) – Command Line Arguments – Comments in Java program. Constants, Variables and Data Types – Operators and Expression – Decision Making, Branching and Looping – Arrays, Strings and Vector.

## UNIT II

Class and objects and Methods – Constructors – Method overloading – Static members – Nesting of Methods– this keyword – command line input Inheritance: Defining a subclass – deriving a sub class – Single Inheritance – Multilevel Inheritance – Hierarchical Inheritance – Overriding methods – Final variables and methods – Final classes – Finalizer methods -Abstract methods and classes – Visibility Control. Interfaces: Multiple Inheritance. Packages: System Packages – User Defined packages.

## UNIT III

Multithreading: Creating Threads – Life of a Thread – Defining & Running Thread – Thread Methods – Thread Priority – Synchronization – Implementing runnable interface – Thread Scheduling. Exception Handling: Advantages of Exception Handling - Types of Errors – Basics of Exception Handling – try blocks – throwing an exception – catching an exception – finally statement. Managing I/O Files

## UNIT IV

**Applets Programming -** Graphics Programming: Drawing and filling lines – Rectangles – Polygon – Circles – Arcs – Line Graphs – Drawing Bar charts. **AWT Components and Event Handlers:** Abstract window tool kit – Event Handlers –Event Listeners – AWT Controls and Event Handling: Labels – Text Component –Action Event – Buttons – Checkboxes – Item Event - Choice – Scrollbars – Layout Managers- Input Events – Menus

## UNIT V

**JDBC:** JDBC – ODBC Drivers – JDBC ODBC Bridges – Seven Steps to JDBC –Importing java SQL Packages – Loading & Registering the drivers – Establishing connection. Creating & executing the statement.

#### **TEXT BOOK**

1. E.Balagurusamy, "Programming with Java", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill publishing company Ltd.

## REFERENCES

- 1. Herbert Schildt,"JAVA 2 (The Complete Reference)", 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, TMH, Fifth Reprint, BPB Publications, 2002.
- 2. Cay S. Horstmann, "Core Java: Volume II-Advanced features", 11<sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw Hill, 2019.
- 3. Ken Arnold, James Gosling, "Java Programming Language", Addison Wesley.

## CSIG 362 WEB TECHNOLOGY

**Pre-requisite:** Knowledge of Operating system, computer network, DBMS, and Java. **Objectives:** 

- To gain knowledge in HTML and DHTML.
- To design interactive web pages using Style sheets, Java-script and ASP.

#### **Outcomes:**

- Understand the various steps in designing Creative and dynamic website.
- Ability to write HTML, JavaScript and ASP.

## UNIT I

Introduction to Internet – The World Wide Web – Web Browsers, Web Servers, Uniform Resource locators, Multipurpose Internet mail extensions. HTTP Request Message - HTTP Response Message.

## UNIT II

Introduction to HTML – Elementary tags in HTML – List in HTML – Displaying Text in Lists – Using Ordered List – Using Unordered Lists- HTML Description Lists - Nested HTML Lists, Control List – Combining List Types – Graphics and Image Formats – Graphics and HTML document- image and hyperlink anchors – Image maps – Tables – Frames – Forms.

## UNIT III

Introduction to DHTML – Introduction to style sheets – Setting the default style sheet language – Inline style information – External Style sheets – Cascading Style sheets.

## UNIT IV

Introduction to Java script - script tag, interactive data, DOM, A simple document, Add a form, Add a text input element, Add a button element, properties, methods and event handlers. Scripts and HTML.

#### UNIT V

Introduction to ASP – Database Management with ASP: Database access with ADO, working with ADO's Connection object, Using Command objects, Working with ADO's Recordset Object.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Robert W. Sebesta, "Programming the World Wide Web", (Chapter 1 only), Addison Wesley, 2011.
- 2. Elisabeth Freeman and Eric Freeman, "Head First HTML with CSS & XHTML (Head First",O'Reilly, 2005.
- 3. A.Russell Jones, "Active Server Pages 3", BPB Publications, 2000
- 4. Danny Goodman, "JavaScript Bible", 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Wiley Publishing Inc, (Chapters 6,7 only), 2010.

#### PRACTICAL VI CSIG 363 WEB TECHNOLOGY LAB

- 1. Usage of Simple HTML commands, Graphics and image formats and hyperlinks
- 2. Usage of Tables, Frames, Forms, Background Graphics and Color
- 3. Simple application using HTML
- 4. Simple application using DHTML and Cascading style sheet
- 5. Simple application using Java script
- 6. Simple application using ASP (Any Application Of Student's Choice)